INSURANCE
'Nothing can take the place of one's own country. ONE'S OWN INSURANCE COMPANIES are the BEST.

Regd. No. B. 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHIROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

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ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE

VOL. XXIV NO. 244 BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 14, 1936 PRICE: ONE ANNA

Ultimatum To Bengal Congressmen

'Govt. Charged With Desire To Break Power Of Working Class

Assembly 'Battle' Over Trade Disputes Bill

Labour Will Be Forced To Participate In Political Strike Warns Giri

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT).

SIMLA, October 13.

One important bill was passed and another circulated—this record to-day strengthens the hope that the Assembly may be able to conclude its session on Thursday. A rare spectacle of Government and Congress finding themselves in solid agreement on the principle of the bill was once again witnessed this morning when Sir H. Craik's Amending Bill to the Civil Procedure Code to protect honest debtors from imprisonment came up. In fact the complaint of Prof. Ranga and Mr. Gadgil was that the bill did not go far enough. The only dissentient voice was of Mr. Lalchand Navalrai who came forward with special pleading for the lot of creditors and vainly sought to restrict the scope of the bill to industrial workers only.

"Pathetic Pleadings"

Mr. Gadgil's "pathetic pleadings" as Sir H. Craik called them, to secure the provision on the lines of the Deccan Act that no agriculturists shall be arrested for execution of a money decree, had no effect on the Home Member but Prof. Ranga succeeded in extracting a promise that he would ascertain the views of the local governments and see if such provision could be introduced later—undoubtedly a valuable gain from the point of view of the Peasant Group in the Assembly.

TRADE DISPUTES BILL

The afternoon's debate on Trade Disputes Bill developed into a battle royal between the Government, represented by Sir Frank Noyce and Labour spokesmen, Messrs. Joshi and Giri. Sir Frank tried hard to soften the heart of Labour leaders and the opposition, urging that the measure was a substantial advance and should be welcomed by both sides.

But Mr. Joshi immediately opened his broadsides. Condemning the bill as hostile to the interests of the working classes, he analysed Government's record and said it did not show anxiety for industrial peace. Charging Local Governments with the desire to break the power of the working classes by all means at their disposal Mr. Joshi concluded: "It is in the interests of working classes that there should be no legislation for settlement of trade disputes."

THEIR RIGHT TO STRIKE

Mr. Giri carried the fight further by declaring the weapon of strike was the inherent right, which Labour would not barter away and continuing said: "We are citizens first and workers afterwards. If there is a political upheaval in the country Labour may be forced to take part in a political strike."

PROCEEDINGS IN DETAIL

SIMLA, October 13.

The Legislative Assembly met to-day.

Sir Henry Craik, answering Mr. Nauman's question, said that applications for permission to appear for examination were so numerous that it had become necessary to reduce the number of examinations by the public service commission and select those who were 'prima facie' most suitable, but in doing so took care that members of the different communities were allowed to compete in such numbers as would give them a fair chance of securing their due share of the vacancies.

C. P. C. AMENDMENT

Sir Henry Craik moved consideration of the bill amending the Civil Procedure Code as reported by the Select Committee. The Home Member said that at one time he feared that the bill would be jettisoned owing to pressure of other business. He was glad that opportunity came to consider it, and hoped that the House would pass it in this session. The House had already accepted the principle of the bill, that an honest debtor should be saved from imprisonment.

The Select Committee had made certain changes in favour of a debtor, and it had also provided that a person who was guilty of breach of trust should not escape imprisonment. After explaining the provisions of the amended bill, Sir Henry Craik said that the bill was a reasonable compromise between the views that it did not go far enough or that it went too far. It would protect the honest debtor who genuinely wish to pay but could not pay from the misery of imprisonment.

DID NOT GO FAR.

Prof. Ranga supported the bill but felt that the bill did not go half as far as it should have. He contended that if Government had real concern for the masses, the bill should have been passed at the last Delhi session.

Mr. Lalchand Navalrai opined the scope of the bill was too wide, inasmuch as it attempted to protect the debtors to the ruin of creditors.

Mr. Aney, Mr. Azharali and Mr. Kabiruddin Ahmed strongly supported the bill.

Mr. Ananthasayanam Ayyangar narrated instances how creditors always tried to take the life blood out of the debtors.

The motion for consideration was adopted, Several amendments were moved, but all were lost.

Mr. N. V. Gadgil supported by

(Continued on Page 14)

HITLER'S NEXT MOVE

Conference With Nazi Keymen Gives Rise To Speculations

BERLIN, October 13.

Due to closest secrecy the keenest interest has been aroused by the Conference held by Herr Hitler at Berchtesgaden with the keymen of Nazi regime.

The only hint of the subjects discussed was the suggestion of rebuilding plan for Berlin but as the last meeting of the keymen preceded the institution of two years' military service, there is now considerable speculation about the possibility of a new move in the campaign.—Reuter's special.

GERMANY PROTESTS

PARIS, October 13.

It is learned that Germany has protested to France last night in connection with the Communist references to Herr Hitler in the Alsace-Lorraine demonstration speeches on Sunday.—Reuter.

No Defiance Of Election Manifesto

LEADERS' LETTER TO "ANTI-AWARD AGITATORS"

BOMBAY, Oct. 13.

The "United Press" reliably understands that several prominent members of the All-India Congress Parliamentary Board have not been reconciled to the stand, recently taken by Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose in vindication of the Bengal Provincial Congress Committee's resolution, urging the continuance of agitation in and outside the Legislatures for the rejection of "Communal Award" and as such very serious development are apprehended after the forthcoming session of the Central Congress Parliamentary Board, which will meet at Benares during the last week of this month.

QUESTION OF DISCIPLINE.

A prominent Congress leader, who may be credited with inside knowledge of latest discussions among Congress Parliamentary circles informed the "United Press" that both Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel and Babu Rajendra Prasad have informally written to the office of the Bengal Provincial Congress Parliamentary Board to the effect that, if the latter do not eventually fall into line with the view taken up by the Congress Working Committee in regard to the agitation against the Communal Award, the All-India Congress Parliamentary Board would be constrained to withhold their approval of the nominations forwarded by the Bengal Provincial Parliamentary Board. They are of opinion that the forthcoming elections in different provinces are to be fought by the Congress nominees on the basis of the "Congress Election Manifesto", recently approved by the A. I. C. C. at Bombay, and not on any modified manifesto, which is inconsistent with the basic principles incorporated in the Congress Election Manifesto.

In this view of the matter, it is apprehended that a deadlock might set in unless the differences between the Bengal Provincial Congress Committee and the Congress Working Committee on this issue are adjusted.—United Press.

Violent Fighting At Oviedo

Conflicting Rival Claims: 2,000 Government Forces Killed?

MADRID: October 13.

Violent street fighting continues at Oviedo. Miners armed with dynamite are furiously attacking the quarters where the insurgents are holding out. A column of miners is reported to have checked and inflicted heavy losses on the Moorish insurgent reinforcements.—Reuter.

RABAT: October 13.

The insurgent radio claims that 2,000 Government forces have been killed in Oviedo.—Reuter.

(TOLL OF CIVIL WAR—Page 7).

Vigorous Search For Peace

Construction Of Mandap Postponed

MUSLIMS PROPOSE ARBITRATION

"We are making strenuous efforts to arrive at an amicable settlement," said the prominent leaders of the Hindu and Muslim communities in the City, regarding the dispute over the construction of a Sabha-Mandap, for the Maruti Temple, adjoining which stands a Mosque, at Byculla.

The settlement talks, which commenced on Tuesday afternoon, in the office of Mr. Mathuradas Vissanji are, owing to the nature of the circumstances, proceeding at a pace not inconsistent with the exigencies of the situation.

Tuesday evening saw the negotiators on both sides as strenuously searching for a solution, as they began in the afternoon. Hope is still entertained, as the leaders of both the communities departed for the day, with a sincere desire for understanding and mutual adjustment.

A posse of Police is kept ready at the Byculla Police Station to meet any emergency.

CONSTRUCTION POSTPONED.

Enquiries made at the Corporation show that at the suggestion of the Police authorities, the construction work has been postponed till Thursday.

A Government Communique, which is likely to be issued to-day, is expected to ease up the situation considerably.

JOINT CONFERENCE.

At the instance of Sir Ali Mahomed Khan Dehlavi, who suggested at the Secretariat Conference that it would be better if negotiations were started between the leaders of the two communities, a joint conference was held on Tuesday afternoon, at the office of Mr. Mathuradas Vissanji for about two-hours-and-half.

The result of the conference is summed up by a Hindu spokesman, in the following words: "Both the leaders (Mr. Mathuradas and Mr. Husseinbhoy A. Lalljee) had a long talk on the burning topic of the day and Mr. Mathurdas Vissanji assured Mr. Husseinbhoy A. Lalljee that Hindus were prepared to accommodate the Muslims regarding the question of their usual prayers, as is being done in the other parts of the city, provided the Muslims were prepared to accept the fundamental rights of the Hindus, regarding the Sabha Mandap.

"Mr. Husseinbhoy A. Lalljee assured Mr. Mathuradas that he had no objection to the performance of the 'Arti' in the temple and the other rites to be performed in the temple. He wanted Mr. Mathurdas to draw up a time-table and programme for the performance of Bhajans, Kirtans, etc., thus barring the use of the Mandap beyond the above proposal. Mr. Mathuradas could not agree to this proposal."

There the negotiations ended for the day. And the representatives of both the communities are holding themselves ready for further consultations.

BETWEEN PUJARI AND MUTAWALLA.

The Hindus feel that the construction of the Sabha Mandap should be proceeded with, the question of adjustment of prayer and Bhajan hours being left to the Mutavalli of the Mosque and the Pujari of the temple

ARBITRATION PROPOSAL.

The Muslims suggested that two arbitrators should be named to whom all questions over which differences might arise might be referred, the decision of the arbitrators being accepted as final.

If a settlement on these two issues, which form the crux of the whole situation, can be arrived at, the leaders of both communities will find their purpose fulfilled.

GOVT. POSITION.

The Government position was made clear by Sir Robert Bell, the Home Member at the Secretariat Conference of leaders of both communities.

Government will not interfere with the legal contract between the Corporation and the Pujarini of the temple. In case there is any interference on the part of anybody in the carrying out of the legal work and a disturbance follows, Government will deal with the situation with a strong hand.

HOME MEMBER AND POLICE CHIEF.

Sir Robert Bell, it appears had a talk with the Police Commissioner before he left for Poona and it is understood that the Commissioner has received the necessary instructions as to what he should do in the event Government interference was called for.

Though in the early part of the day a big crowd had collected and most of the Muslims squatted on the ground, where the Sabha Mandap is to be built, not a single policeman was seen anywhere nearby. But a special squad was kept in readiness at the Byculla Police Station to meet any emergency.

At night a large number of Muslims collected in the mosque and around it, as in other parts of the city it being "Lailatul Qadr," the night of the Prophet's Ascension to the Heaven, one of the most important festivals of the Muslims.

Govt. And Faizpur Congress

MISS BATTEN DETERMINED

Says She Will Fly Over Tasman Sea

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

SYDNEY, Oct. 13.

Escorted by fifteen Aero Club Planes, Miss Jean Batten arrived here at 2/35 p.m. having completed the flight from Lympne in eight days and twenty minutes.

Miss Batten declared that she intended to fly to her home in Newzealand when her plane has been overhauled. To the authorities who are trying to dissuade her from making the over-hazardous crossing of the Tasman Sea she replies that she is determined to do so. She maintains that her Percival Gull Plane, with a range of 2,300 miles, is more than sufficient for the crossing.

Deo Invited To Poona Conference

POONA: October 13.

It is understood that Government will hold an informal conference at Poona, presided over by the Minister for Local Self-Government on October 19, to which Mr. Aminuddin, Collector of East Khandesh, Mr. Shankarrao Deo, Chairman of the Congress Reception Committee, the Director of Public Health and other officials connected with Faizpur will be invited.

It is further understood that the Conference will examine Congress plans with a view to see that proper necessary arrangements are made and for this purpose, Mr. Deo has been asked to supply the accurate lay-out plans of the various sections of the Congressnagar at Faizpur.—A. P.

FIVE POWER NAVAL PACT

Protocol On Submarine Warfare To Be Signed Shortly In London

LONDON, October 13.

The Protocol supplementing part four of the London Naval Treaty as regards submarine warfare will be signed shortly in London by British, American, Japanese, French, and Italian Governments. Reuter's Special.

Members Arrive At Secretariat For Mandap Settlement Conference

Sir Suleman Cassum Mitha and Mr. Husseinbhoy Lalljee.

Sir Rahimtoolah M. Chinoy and Mr. Mahomedally Allabux.

Mr. Rowland, the Police Commissioner, who was the Convener.

10 GERMANS SENT TO JAIL

For Rioting And Nazi Activities

KAUNAS, October 13.

The trial of 14 Germans on charge of Nazi activities and rioting has ended in six being sentenced to 18 months' hard labour and four to one year imprisonment.

Others have been acquitted.

The trial was a sequel to the disturbances in the small town of Jugnaten during elections to the Memel Chamber in September when Germans protesting that the voting system was unfair to the German candidates attacked and injured many Lithuanians.—Reuter.

MINOR CABINET RESHUFFLE?

LONDON, October 13.

The death of Sir Godfrey Collins creating a Cabinet vacancy may occasion a minor Cabinet reshuffle.

According to political circles, it is believed Mr. Ernest Brown, Minister of Labour, may be promoted to Secretary for Scotland but it is pointed out that Mr. Walter Elliot, who has previous experience of the Scottish Office, possesses strong claims for the post.

If a Cabinet Minister is appointed Secretary for Scotland, it is believed Mr. W. S. Morrison Financial Secretary to the Treasury, will be appointed to the Cabinet.—Reuter's Special.

TABULATED ADLETS
ONE Anna Per Word
Minimum Re. 1.

SMALL ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these columns on cash payment and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Abbreviations and numbers (up to 10 figures) are to be counted as complete words.

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BLOCK-LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Advertisements will ensure correct insertions; otherwise no responsibility for any mistake will be accepted by the Management. Unclaimed replies to the Advertisements are destroyed after about a month.

REPLIES TO THE ADVERTISEMENTS should be addressed carefully as under:—"Box No..... The Advertisement Department, The "Bombay Chronicle," Red Building, Parsi Bazaar Street, BOMBAY. To avoid mistakes the Box Number should be written distinctly.

8. MATRIMONIAL.

Wanted a well-educated and healthy match with a decent income for an accomplished and beautiful Vaishya Agarwal graduate girl, age 19 years. No subcaste or provincial restrictions. Write giving full particulars to Box No. 7115, "Bombay Chronicle".

9. SITUATIONS VACANT.

Wanted—Branch Secretary and Inspectors for the Bharat Insurance Co., Ltd., in Bombay. Only experienced men with previous record of good business should apply to—Vice-Chairman, Bharat Buildings, Lahore. (4127).

Wanted by Old Established European Firm a competent Parsee, Mohammedan or Hindu Clock Repairer. Must have first-class references. Apply Box No. 7116, "Bombay Chronicle".

Mains Foreman. Applicants must have held a similar position and have had a first-class practical and theoretical training with a progressive undertaking. They should be thoroughly conversant with E.H.T. (6600 V.) and L.T. underground and overhead distribution systems, and the general routine of a Mains Department. Pay of appointment Rs. 340-35-500; 600-50-800 with Overseas Allowance Rs. 510-50-750; 900-75-1,200|- but the initial starting salary will depend upon the age and qualification of the selected candidate. Please apply to Box No. 4125, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted an experienced and thoroughly practical Weaving Master of outstanding abilities. Should be a good sizer and able to work drop-box, dobbies and fancy sorts efficiently, and to train jobbers, for a mill in Ceylon. Apply to General Manager, Sir Shapurji Broacha Mills Ltd., Bombay No. 13, stating experience and minimum terms. (7094).

Wanted: Experienced persons as District Managers to organise agencies on monopoly basis. Salary Rs. 60 besides commission and travelling allowance against guaranteed business. Apply Kurukshetra Insurance Co., Ltd., Delhi. (7003)

Wanted (1) A capable retired Government Judicial Officer for the post of District and Sessions Judge, (2) One experienced M.B. B.S., and one L.C.P.S., for State Medical Service. Apply stating terms and qualifications before 1st November 1936 to Dewan, Idar State, Himatnagar. (4109).

Wanted—An Administrative Officer for the District School Board, Kaira. Only persons possessing degrees of B.A. or M.A., and having good teaching experience need apply before 31-10-1936. Grade's pay is Rs. 170-(probation for two years)-10-250 Efficiency Bar 15-400-E.B. 20-500. Gopaldas Ambaidas Desai, President Kaira D. L. B., Nadiad. Kaira D. L. B. Office, Nadiad, 8th October, 1936. (4103).

9. SITUATIONS VACANT.

Wanted Clerk Matric Passed, knowing Gujarati Accounts, Type and Correspondence. Apply soon with copies of testimonials Box No. 7117, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted one Shorthand Typist, Part-time, apply personally, B. Ramchand, 73, Azad Building, Musjid Bunder Road. 7108.

12. TO BE LET.

To let new premises at 510, Arthur Road, near Tardeo Tram Terminus, best ventilated airy single, double rooms, shops with latest conveniences for high class Hindus only. Apply on premises. (7104).

To Let:—In Indian Mercantile Insurance Building No. 2 at Forbes Street, Fort, Office Rooms. Rent approximately Rs. 25. Apply: Indian Mercantile Insurance Co., Ltd., Behramji Mansion, Sir Pherozesha Mehta Road, Tel. No. 21180. (7113).

56. EDUCATIONAL.

For Expert Individual Training in Shorthand, Typewriting, Bookkeeping, Accountancy, Join—Kalkadevi Shorthand Typewriting Institution. Established 1898 by Gopaldas Laldas, Princess Street Corner, Kalbadevi Road. (7078).

73. AGENTS WANTED.

Wanted Special and Ordinary Agents from all parts of the Presidency for the most progressive Life Office in India. Terms exceedingly attractive. Apply to J. C. Maitra, Special Representative, The Metropolitan Insurance Co., Ltd., Tamarind House, Tamarind Lane, Fort, Bombay.

154. MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE.

Sexus Paste for Contraception. Gelotube for venereal prevention. Both best and cheapest. Right Agency, Girgaum, Bombay. (6836).

156. MISCELLANEOUS.

In all sorts of Patents, Designs and Trade-Marks cases consult us. Booklet free. Law Morris and Co., 19, Strand Road, Calcutta. (6992)

Add to your income through participation in sound concern, good opportunity for businessmen, etc. Address enquiries to Box No. 7087, "Bombay Chronicle."

Tea with excellent flavour and of best quality available at cheapest price. Trial solicited. You are sure to be satisfied. Apply Jamsetji D. Warden, Glass Bungalow, Chikkalwadi.

Public Notices.

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4th and Subsequent Insertions	Rs. 3-8-0

Mofussil Advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that by mutual consent and agreement between the undersigned SHAH JIVANLAL, CHUNILAL SHAH HIRALAL CHUNILAL GANDHI DHARAMSEY RAGHAVJI and VORA KESURDAS VITHALDAS, who carried on business in partnership at Bombay in the firm and style of Shah Chunilal Kasturchand Ginwala, the said firm has been dissolved as from the 21st day of September, 1936, and the undersigned Shah Jivanlal Chunilal and Shah Hiralal Chunilal have become entitled to and will recover all the assets and outstandings of the said firm and we undersigned Gandhi Dharamsey Raghavji and Vora Kesurdas Vithaldas have no right interest claim or demand therein. The said Shah Jivanlal Chunilal and Shah Hiralal Chunilal have also, undertaken to discharge all existing obligations and liabilities of the said firm save and except for the remaining period of the Lease of the Sanand Ginning Factory, which has been taken over by the said Gandhi Dharamsey Raghavji. The said Gandhi Dharamsey Raghavji and Vora Kesurdas Vithaldas are not liable for the same. The said Gandhi Dharamsey Raghavji will be responsible for the working of the said Sanand Ginning Factory hereafter.

Dated this 10th day of October, 1936.

(Sd.) Shah Hiralal Chunilal,
(Sd.) Shah Jivanlal Chunilal,
(Sd.) i. e. Grandhy Dharamsey Raghavji,
(Sd). Vora Kesurdas Vithaldas.

4131

WE TEST SIGHT by the latest and best methods, known to Optical Science.

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LAWRENCE & MAYO, LTD.
(Incorporated in England)
274, Hornby Road, Bombay.
For Appointment 'Phone 21827.

Legal Notices

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

In the matter of INDIAN COMPANIES ACT VII of 1913:

And

In the matter of THE PRAHLAD MILLS, LTD., a Joint Stock Company, registered under the Indian Companies Act VII of 1913 and having its registered Office at Ferguson Road, outside the Fort.

Messrs. SHAMJI KARAMSEY & CO., a firm carrying on business in Bombay at Mandvi outside the Fort ..... Petitioners.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a Petition for the winding up of the abovenamed Company by the High Court of Judicature at Bombay was on the 4th day of September, 1936, presented to the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Wadia by the Petitioners abovenamed and that the said petition is directed to be heard before the said Hon'ble Mr. Justice Wadia on the 6th day of November, 1936 and any creditor or contributory of the said Company desires to oppose the making of an order for the winding up of the said Company under the above Act should appear at the time of hearing by himself or his Counsel for that purpose and a copy of the petition will be furnished to any Creditor or contributory of the said Company requiring the same by the undersigned on payment of the regulated charge for the same.

(Sd). DASTUR & CO.
Attorneys for the Petitioners.

4139.

Public Notices.

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that certificates for ten shares Nos. 454908|17 of Bundi Portland Cement Co., Ltd., standing in the name of Yeshwant Damodar Joshi have been lost or mislaid.

The public are hereby warned against purchasing or dealing with the above certificates in any way but are requested to give information about the same to the undersigned.

Y. D. JOSHI,
Raval Bhuwan, Kalyan.

7114

Legal Notices.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT FORT WILLIAM IN BENGAL.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

In the matter of the Indian Companies Act VII of 1913

(and)

In the matter of THE INDIA PROVIDENT CO., LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a petition was on the 24th day of August, 1936, presented to High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal by the abovenamed Company to confirm the alterations of the said Company's objects proposed to be effected by a Special Resolution of the Company duly passed and confirmed at the Extra-Ordinary General Meeting of the Company held on the 17th July, 1936, and passed on the 1st August, 1936. It was resolved as follows:—

Clause III (a) Add "and to transact anywhere and everywhere all kind of insurance business including life, fire, motor, marine, accident, burglary, fidelity guarantee, annuity etc., and against every contingency.

Clause III (e). For the whole clause substitute, to draw, negotiate, sell, purchase, accept, endorse, discount, execute, issue cheques, etc., warrants, debentures and other negotiable and transferable instruments.

(j) & (k). Re-number these subclauses as r & s respectively and add—

(j). To re-insure and counter-insure all or any of the risk of the Company as well as to undertake any authorised risks either direct or by way of re-insurance or counter-insurance or otherwise.

(k). To transact or carry on all kinds of agency business.

(l). To transact and carry on all kinds of banking business.

(m). To carry on any other business trade or industry which may be calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the Company's property or rights.

(n). To purchase, take on lease, etc. and deal in real and personal property of all kinds particularly lands, buildings, mortgages, etc., shares, stocks, debentures, securities, etc.

(o). To invest and deal with moneys of the Company not immediately required in such manner and against such securities or no securities as may be determined from time to time.

(p). To borrow or raise money for the purpose of the Company in such manner as the Company shall think fit and in particular by the issue of or upon Bonds Debentures etc. or by mortgage or charge of all or any part of the Company's assets both present and future including its uncalled capital.

(q). To advance or lend money to persons or others having dealings with the Company.

AND NOTICE IS FURTHER GIVEN that the said petition is directed to be heard before the Hon'ble Judge taking Company Matters one week after the 9th of November, 1936 and any person interested in the said Company whether as creditor or Policy Holder and desirous to oppose the making of an Order for the confirmation of the said alterations under the above Act should appear at the time of hearing by himself or his Attorney or Advocate for that purpose and a copy of the petition will be furnished to such persons requiring the same by the undersigned on payment of the prescribed charge for the same.

(Sd.) N. K. RAY,
Attorney for the petitioner,
7, Old Post Office Street,
Calcutta.
18th September, 1936.

4113

Public Notices.

NOTICE

Messrs POONAMCHAND DIPAJI and CO., Mortgagees in Possession of the Shops of V. D. Thakkar, situate at Ramchandra Building and Messrs Thakar and Co., at Khatao Building, situate at Girgaum, belonging to Valji Deoji Thakar do hereby give notice and call upon the customers of the said shops to take away their articles or cloth which are in their possession on production of proper receipt or receipts at their Pedhi at 110, Thakurdwar Road, within 8 days from the date hereof, otherwise the same will be disposed off or dealt with without reference to such claim and the same if any will be considered as waived.

Dated this 13th day of October, 1936.

POONAMCHAND DIPAJI & CO.,

7111

MORVI—RAILWAY

SEALED TENDERS ARE INVITED for the supply of about 400 (Four hundred) tons of 'Diesel Oil' 'A' Grade for the Calendar year 1937, for free delivery at Morvi Railway Station to be imported via Navlakhi.

(2) The Tender, which may be submitted on the tenderer's own form, should be addressed to the Stores Superintendent, Morvi Railway, Morvi, 'Superscribed Tender for Diesel Oil' and accompanied with the detailed specification of the oil offered and Rs. 200 as Earnest Money.

(3) Supply should be made in Tenderer's returnable casks. Return Railway freight on empties to be borne by them.

(4) Weight as per measurement made in the Power House Tank or as actually ascertained on a weighing scale shall have to be accepted by the Tenderer and paid for.

(5) Tenders will be received in this office up to 5 p.m. of 11th November 1936.

JAYASHANKER K. DAFTARY,
Stores Superintendent,
Morvi Railway, Morvi.

Stores Superintendent's Office,
Morvi, dated 11th October, 1936.

4120

Legal Notices

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. CHIMANLAL DAYABHAI, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant, the Receiver appointed by the Bombay High Court in Suit No. 1637 of 1930 (Shankerlal Aditlal vs. Abdullabhai Faizullabhai and ors) has pursuant to the Order of 17th October, 1933 and with the consent of Mr. Hiralal Parbhudas, the surviving Mortgagee, as well as of the heirs of the late Mr. Abdul Husein Tyebali Bengali, contracted to sell the properties hereinafter described to our client. All persons having any claims or demands against or to the properties either by way of mortgage, gift, sale, use, trust, possession, inheritance, lease or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at 24/26, Dalal Street, Fort, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the purchase will be completed without reference to any such claim or demand and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTIES.

ALL those three pieces of land, now amalgamated into one and admeasuring a total area of 1087.25 sq. yds. or thereabouts situate on the South side of Kamatipura 6th Lane and north side of Kamatipura 5th Lane, with the buildings thereon at present known as "Bengali House," bearing C. S. Nos. 121, 122, and 123 of Byculla Division and bearing Municipal Street Nos. 118, 120-122, 124, 163, 165, 167, 1, 2 and bounded, on the North by 6th Kamatipura Lane, on the South by 5th Kamatipura Lane, on the East partly by property of Esufally Tyebally and partly of Shaikhally Mulla Bin Shaikh Judarane Abdul Rehman Shaikh Budh and on the West by Government vacant ground.

Dated the 12th day of October, 1936.

LAM & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

4128.

Legal Notices.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that RAMJIBHAI AHMED, of Bombay Khoja Mahomedan Inhabitant has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client.

All persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at No. 15, Military Square Lane, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY.

ALL that piece or parcel of perpetual Fazandari land or ground together with the messuage, tenament or dwelling house standing thereon, situate, lying and being on the south side of Tandel Street, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay in the Island of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 241 8/9 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old Nos. 506-704, New Nos. 2488-3203, Old Survey No. 1461-1474, New Survey No 2990, Cadastral Survey No. 1454, Mandvi Division and in the Books of the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under B. Ward No. 2809 and Street Nos. 40-42 and bounded as follows, that is to say on or towards the East by Tandel Street, on or towards the West by Sweeper's passage, on or towards the North by Sweeper's passage and the property of Jenabai and on or towards the South by the property of Moosabhai Fazal and which said premises are now occupied by the Vendor's tenants.

Dated this 12th day of October 1936.

MAHOMED ALI & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

4119

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that KANJIBHAI ZAVERDAS has contracted to sell to our clients the undermentioned property:—Any person having any claim or interest in or to the said property or any portion thereof by way of sale, exchange, mortgage, lease, lien, charge, possession, trust, gift inheritance, maintenance, easement or otherwise, howsoever, are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office in Fort Chambers, Humum Street, Fort, Bombay, within fourteen days from the publication hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without any regard to any such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

FIRSTLY:—All that piece or parcel of land known as Plot No. 8 of the Improvement Trust Estate admeasuring 703 square yards or thereabouts with the messuage tenements dwelling houses and buildings standing thereon assessed by the Municipality under F Ward No. 640 (4) but now assessed under No 627 (10) and Street No. 480 but now under 351 all of which premises are situate at on the King Edward Memorial Road in the City and Registration District of Bombay and are bounded, on or towards the North by 80 feet King Edward Road, on the South-East by Plot No. 9 of the Improvement Trust, on the South-West by 10 feet service passage, and on the North-West by a Road 20 feet in width and bearing New Survey No. 2585 (part) and Cadastral Survey No. 187/74 of Parel Sewri Division.

SECONDLY:—ALL that piece or parcel of land known as Plot No. 9 of the Sopari Baug Estate of the Corporation in the City and Island of the Sub-District of Bombay, admeasuring 591 square yards or thereabouts together with the messuage tenements dwelling houses and buildings standing thereon and assessed by the Municipality under F. Ward No. 627 (12) and Street No. 35 K all which premises are situate at on the King Edward Memorial Road and are bounded, on the North-East by the King Edward Road 80 Feet in width, on the South-East by Plot No. 10 of the said estate agreed to be leased to Bai Alimabai wife of Abdul G. Ismail and others, on the South-East by a 10 feet service passage and on the North-West by Plot No. 8 of the said estate agreed to be leased to the Vendor and bearing New Survey No. 2589 (part) and Cadastral Survey No. 186/74 of Parel-Sewri Division.

Dated this 13th day of October, 1936.

NANU HORMASJI & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

4130.

Legal Notices.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 811 of 1936.

NENSEY JIVRAJ ..... Plaintiff
V/S
DEVJI ANANDJI and others
..... Defendants

NOTICE.

All persons claiming to be the creditors of the firm of Messrs. Devji Cooverji & Co., upto recently doing business at 'Dana Bunder, Bombay,' are hereby required to notify their claims to the undersigned within 14 days from the date of this Notice. After the expiry of the aforesaid period of 14 days the undersigned will proceed to distribute the assets of the said firm, without regard to the claims not notified to him as aforesaid.

Bombay dated this 6th day of October, 1936.

R. S. BILLIMORIA,
Official Assignee
and Receiver in Suit
No. 811 of 1936.

Official Assignee's Office,
High Court, Bombay.

4078.

Auction Sales

CRAWFORD & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF STEEL BARRELS ETC.

On FRIDAY, 16th October, 1936 at 11-0 a.m., (S. T.) at Embarkation Depot, Frere Road large quantity of steel barrels and petrol drums.

CRAWFORD & CO.;
Govt. Auctioneers.

BENNETT & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF ALL THE STOCK-IN-TRADE TOGETHER WITH THE GOODWILL OF THE BOMBAY BOOK DEPOT AND THE SARASWATI BOOK DEPOT AS GOING CONCERNS.

Under instructions from the Court Receiver, Bombay, as the Receiver, appointed in Suit No. 1000 of 1926, (Messrs. Krishnaji Joraji & Co., vs., D. R. Dewoolkar and others), Messrs. BENNETT & CO. will, on THURSDAY, the 22nd October, 1936 at 4 p.m. (S.T) sell by Public Auction at Chatriya Nivas, Charni Road, Girgaum:—

All the stock-in-trade, articles, furniture, etc., of the Bombay Book Depot and the Saraswati Book Depot, together with the goodwill as going concerns. Also the goods, articles, furniture, etc., lying in two godowns situate in Samant Building and Ramchand Building, Girgaum, and also together with the goodwills and outstandings in one lot or different lots.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to the Court Receiver or to the undersigned.

BENNETT & CO.

BANKER & CO.

AUCTION SALE TO-MORROW (THURSDAY) at 2-30 P. M. (S.T.) precious Jewellery of Brilliant diamond, Emeralds, Rubies and Pearl comprising full sets, Necklaces, Bracelet, Earrings, Rings, Kudas, Pearl Mala, Raviful Bangles sets, Toranhar, Collar, Booti, Pendants, etc, under instructions from Messrs. Captain and Vaidya Attorneys for the mortgagee. At the premises of old Cornaglia, 39, Medows Street, Fort.

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DEVIKA RANI
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Sandhurst Rd., Opp. Central Bank, Majestic Building, BOMBAY 4.

Indian News From Here And There

HINDI-URDU CONTROVERSY

Gandhiji Clears Misunderstanding

(From Our Correspondent.)
ALLAHABAD, (By Mail).

A furious Hindi-Urdu controversy is going on these provinces, in which great leaders like Pt. Jawaharlal and Dr. Syed Mahomud are participating. Recently Dr. Sunderlal a Congress leader and scholar of Allahabad wrote a letter on the above subject to Gandhiji.

Gandhiji has sent the following reply to him. Whatever I have done in this connection, I have done with absolutely pure intentions. My position is exactly, what it was in 1920. My efforts are directed towards acceptance of one word. That is why I got the word "Hindustani" passed by the Congress. I could not do so in the Hindi Sahitya Sammelan. Therefore, at Indore I got connotation of word "Hindi" clarified.

ONE STEP FURTHER.

In the All-India Sahitya Sammelan I went one step further. My object was the same, viz., to give one common name to two forms of language as used by Hindus and by Muslims as well as to make them one language. In reality you have yourself written that the adoption of the name "Urdu" had its special reasons. I never meant to attribute motives for this adoption. You have also accepted what I said with regard to grammar. That Hindi writers commit mistakes of another type does not misprove or falsify my statement. Prevalent misunderstandings are bound to be removed, because there is absolutely no ground for them.

DON'T WANT TO GIVE UP "URDU."

I do not at all want to give up Urdu I have sufficient regard for it. I attach sufficient value to it. I daily read from some Urdu work or other. I also write letters in Urdu to several Muslim sisters and brothers. I have patience enough. I think I have cleared all your points. If there are still some doubts remaining we shall see them later. Even for writing this, I could with difficulty snatch few moments.

FRESS STATEMENT SEQUEL.

The Hindi-Urdu controversy in these provinces, it may be noted, recently arose out of certain statements against Gandhiji and Pt. Malaviya made by a Mahomedan leader, and published in the "Pioneer." These statements have been emphatically contradicted.

MAULANA TAKES JINNAH'S PLACE

(From Our Correspondent)
NAGPUR, Oct. 11.

Mr. M. Y. Shareef, M.L.C. Nagpur, in a statement to the press states that owing to unsettled political conditions in some of the major provinces it does not seem possible for Mr. Jinnah to attend the Moslem respresentative Conference to be held at Nagpur on 24th and 25th October, 1936 and to guide them in their deliberations and help them in the task before them.

He has, however, asked Maulana Shaukat Ali to help them in the establishment of the Provincial Moslem League and the formation of the Parliamentary Election Board. Maulana Shaukat Ali has accepted Mr. Shareef's invitation and he and Begum Mohamad Ali would be arriving at Nagpur on Oct. 23.

"Artemis" To Replace "Athena"

(From Our Correspondent)
KARACHI, Oct. 12.

The airliner "Artemis" one of the Imperial Airways Atalanta class aircraft, is now on way from England to India to replace "Athena" which was recently destroyed by fire at Delhi. "Artemis" reached Alexandria yesterday.

Our Hyderabad Letter

HYDERABAD EDUCATIONAL CONFERENCE

(From Our Correspondent.)
HYDERABAD (Dn.), (By Mail).

The third session of the Hyderabad, State People's Educational Conference, will be held at Hyderabad, on 20th, 21st and 22nd November, with Mr. K. S. Vaidya, Advocate, in the chair. The first session was held under the presidency of Mr. Hridaynath Kunzru of the Servants of India Society, and the second session with Dr. Tripathi, as chairman. The third session is being held after an interval of six or seven years.

After the second session of the Conference was held in 1929, not only in the Hyderabad State but also all over India in the world of education, the movement for educational re-organisation has been spreading, due to which many educational problems have been pressing themselves upon the attention of the public. The people's point of view regarding these problems has to be elicited. In the Hyderabad State too, a Committee of Enquiry into the re-organisation of education was appointed with late Dr. A. H. Mackenzie, as Chairman, and its report is now under the consideration of the authorities.

It is expected that the ensuing session of the Conference will tackle all such problems that confront the State, in matters educational, and thus help the authorities to lay down a better policy.

In this connection, it is also learnt that the tenth annual conference of the Hyderabad Teachers' Association, will be held on the 16th and 17th instant, with Mr. Kuazi Mohamed Hussein, Acting Pro-Vice-Chancellor, Osmania University, in the chair. Nawab Mehdi Yar Jung Bahadur, Political and Educational Member will open the Conference.

Princess Durre Shewar will open the exhibition.

BURMA PAYS TRIBUTE TO MAHATMA

Education Minister Says He Is influenced By Indian Leader

(From Our Correspondent).
RANGOON, (By Mail).

The 68th birthday of Mahatma Gandhi was celebrated in Rangoon on Friday with great enthusiasm by the joint efforts of the different communities and various associations. Several meetings were held both in the morning and evening where speeches were made extolling the noble work done by the Mahatma politically and socially both in India and outside. Under the auspices of the Sathi Sivananda Sabha a public meeting was held in East Rangoon when, in spite of the heavy rains, Congressmen and the members of the public gathered in large numbers to pay their homage to the great leader. The Dr. Ba Maw, Education Minister presided on the occasion. After high tributes to Mahatma Dr. Ba, in course of his speech, remarked his admiration for Mahatma was not theoretical as his own policy was influenced by Mahatma Gandhi's principles. If he had to do anything with future government of Burma he had pledged himself to mass work, mass education and health of masses.

As Indian community had got the election fever now he, as admirer of Mahatma Gandhi and spiritual friend of Pandit Nehru, he would remind his Indian friends in Burma to fight the coming elections on principle and policy, reminding them of the Congress policy which he characterised as the best as it transcended all provincial and communal barriers in India and for that reason he believed that it would do the same in Burma. The Congress policy meant to weld all communities into one great community and he believed the same policy would have the same effect in Burma. Proceedings opened with the opening of the Congress Flag by Mr. Mathuralinga Thaver, Congress leader from Southern India. Mr. Thaver also addressed the gathering and immediately after sailed for Madras. There was a feeding of the poor on the occasion.

Another public meeting was held when Mr. H. S. L. Polak, who is now here on a professional visit, presided. He narrated his association with the Mahatma 32 years ago, his work with the Mahatma in South Africa and explained his creed of non-violence and truth, paying glowing tribute to the great leader. Speeches were also made on the occasion in Tamil, Telugu, English, Burmese and Urdu by other speakers including journalists.

The different communities also met at the Y. M. C. A. hall to celebrate the Mahatma's birthday when Sardar Ganga Singh presided. A resolution extended heartfelt felicitations to Mahatma Gandhi and wished him many happy returns. The resolution was supported by Mr. S. A. S. Tyabji with a speech while other speakers were U Ba Dun, Secretary Burma Legislative Council, Moulana Zafarali Khan, Editor of "Zamindar," Mr. Panchavarnam and Dr. P. A. Nair.

The Young Theosophists also celebrated the day at Olcott Lodge where the programme included short talks and a message was sent to Mahatma Gandhi wishing him many more years of useful service to India and humanity.

Rev. J. C. Whitchurch, Minister, Methodist Church, Rangoon, in a public letter to the press has expressed his gratitude to God for sparing the life of Mahatma Gandhi and enabling him to celebrate his 68th birthday. On behalf of the Indian Christians he said that they felt that Mahatma's life had made a valuable contribution to the social and political uplift of India. Wishing him many more years of useful service for the betterment of their country. His letter concluded that they also hope that many will follow his example of self-sacrifice and love of universal brotherhood.

Labour Legislation For Baroda State

(From Our Correspondent)
BARODA, Oct. 12.

The Baroda Government appointed a Committee to investigate into European Nations' labour legislation and suggests methods of legislation for the State, suitable with local conditions.

The Service Committee has recommended age-bar up to 26, years, double graduates up to 24 years: semi graduates and the remaining upto 23 years of age.

The problem of transfering Municipal servants in the State is under consideration.

BETTER COTTON OUTLOOK IN C. P. AND BERAR

NAGPUR: (By Mail).

Latest information available from official sources shows that the cotton crop is excellent in Berar, and the out-turn this season is estimated at 12 to 13 annas in a rupee. There were rains last week accompanied by light hail in parts of Buldana district, but very little damage was caused. In the Nimar circle heavy rains have caused some damage to the crop and the Government have called for detailed reports.

In the Nagpur District rains last week have done more harm than good. Cotton in waterlogged areas has sustained damage and in some places the plants are shedding their bolls. The condition of the agricultural labourer has improved to some extent in areas where rabi sowings have commenced. But in Narkhed Mowar tract the shortage of work is still acute. The Government are, therefore, opening a test road work to mitigate distress and provide employment.

In Wardha District the standing crops which had suffered in some parts owing to excessive rains are now improving owing to bright sunshine.

In Hoshangabad the position of cotton is satisfactory, and in Nimar circle the out-turn is estimated at 14 annas in a rupee.

According to a reliable unofficial estimate the cotton crop in this province is estimated at 55,000 bales as against the actuals of 34,000 bales last year.—A.P.

KARNATAK PARLIAMENTARY BOARD

(From Our Correspondent)
DHARWAR, Oct. 12.

The Karnataka Provincial Congress Parliamentary Board met on 10th and 11th. Mr. Narayanrao Joshi, Dewan Bahadur Lathe, Messrs. Hanamantarao Koujalgi, Sadashivarao Karnad, Subrao Haldipurker, Viranagouda Patil, Dr. Hardikar and Mr. Hukkerikar were present. The main items on the agenda was to recommend candidates. Candidates were recommended for all seats excepting six. Consideration of provincial manifesto was postponed till the presidency manifesto was out. Arrangements regarding the collection of funds in November, as desired by Presidents of the Indian National Congress and the Parliamentary Committee, were discussed.

Mrs. Sagunabai Deshmukh of Nagpur has sent a letter to the Secretary, South Marathi C. P. Women's Conference, which will hold its sitting at Saoner on October 31 and November 1, requesting her to get resolutions passed in support of Dr. Deshmukh's Bill on "Hindu Women's Rights to Property".

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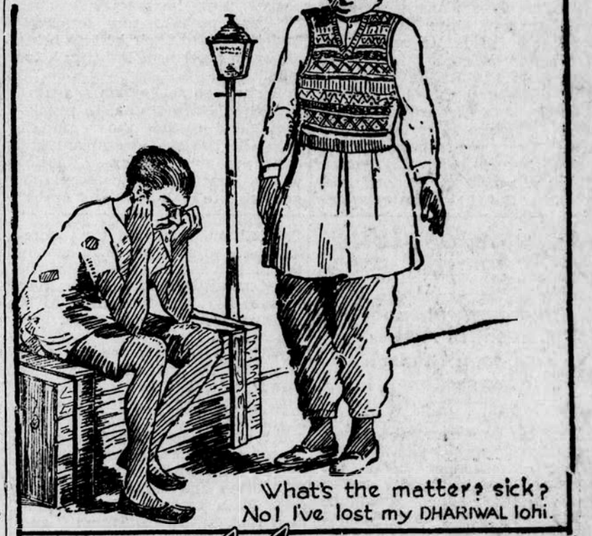

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Our Cairo Letter

Proposals To Make Alexandria A Naval Stronghold

New Quadrangular Pact Among Iraq, Iran, Afghanistan And Turkey

(From Our Correspondent).

CAIRO, (By Air Mail).

Is it possible to get protection from dangers of poison gas, if a well-equipped and up-to-date chemical laboratory is established in Cairo?

This question is engaging the serious attention of the Egyptian authorities at present.

UNDER-GROUND CHAMBERS

Vigorous preparations are also going on to construct gas-proof under-ground chambers below the offices of the Health Department of the Government of Cairo to provide accommodation for at least 4,000 people in case of emergencies, arising out of gas-attacks, etc., in times of war. The construction of these trenches, it is expected will be complete in the course of four months.

The Government have also issued instructions to the Health Department to provide under-ground gas-proof chambers underneath all Government buildings to be constructed in future.

GAS-MASKS TO POLICE AND ARMY

Servants and staff of the Police and the Army Department will be provided with free gas-masks. Advices have been given to all leading merchants in Egypt to import and sell gas-masks, the import duty of which the Government propose to abolish, so that gas-masks will be sold at competitive prices enabling everybody to purchase one for protection.

Of the many programmes the Government of Egypt are having under their consideration, according to the new Anglo-Egyptian Treaty, there is one about the port of Alexandria.

Proposals are now under the scrutiny of the Government to make the Port of Alexandria the best naval stronghold on the Egyptian coast.

Mr. Nizam-Uddin, the Turkish Ambassador in Addis Ababa, has just arrived in Constantinople. In the course of an interview, when asked to give his opinion about the situation at present in Addis Ababa and other places in Abyssinia, before and after the Italian aggression and entry into the capital city, he said: "We are seven Turkish officials there and the other 'seven' servants had to spend hard days in defending ourselves against the Abyssinian rebels just before the Italian advance.

"We were well-equipped with arms and ammunitions, and the British Ambassador also helped us to a great extent in times of danger. Now the situation in Addis Ababa after the conquest by the Italians, especially to-day, is very serious. Things are upset there, and we look anxiously forward to the day when the calm situation which it obtained before could be restored.

"I spent nearly 20 months in Addis Ababa. The Abyssinians are never sober about the present occupation of their country by the Italians. They are bent upon creating more complications and unrest for the Italians.

The people are more possessed of a war mentality. Most of the peasants refused to sell their grains and proceed to Addis Ababa. As the Italian Government introduced their policy of exchange with Lira replacing the dollar, which was formerly in vogue, the peasants began to feel new difficulties, and there exists almost a period of economic depression. So that the peasants are unable to find a market for their agricultural products."

The Government of Iraq have requested the Government of Egypt to send some women teachers from Egypt, for services in the schools in Iraq.

It is reported that Nahas Pasha, the Egyptian Prime Minister will arrive in Cairo on the 12th instant.

It is reported that the Mission from the Al-Azher University have obtained the visas necessary for sailing to India, for carrying on religious propaganda with the Untouchables.

The mission which consists of five members is expected to reach India by the second week of October.

IRAQ FOREIGN MINISTER VISITS TURKEY

Syed Noori Pasha, the Foreign Minister of Iraq, in the course of a press interview at Istanbul, regarding the purpose of his visit to Turkey said that he had come to meet Kemal Ataturk and discuss with him some more details, regarding the pact between the four Governments of Iran, Iraq, Afghanistan and Turkey, which will be settled finally with the representatives of the other Governments by the first week of October, in Constantinople.

This pact will be signed after reaching an agreement with regard to political, naval and military problems. The result of this new pact will be published soon as it is signed and the terms thereof ratified by the four Governments.

PACT BETWEEN FOUR GOVTS.

The Iraq Foreign Minister said that the Kemal was interested in bringing about a strong mutual agreement among the four Governments. The Ataturk also appreciated the recent reforms enforced in Iraq.

With regard to the additional problems that have been brought to bear on the trend of the discussions with regard to this new pact Noori Pasha said that everything has been settled and the Pact only awaited the signatures of the four Governments and put into operation. Any oriental power wishing to come into the operations of this new Pact would also be welcome.

As regards the relation between the United Arabian Pact (between Iraq, Yemen and Hedjaz) and this new Pact (between the four powers) Noori Pasha said that while the former operated only among the Arab Kingdoms, the new Pact could admit of any oriental Government or power, whether Arabian or not to come into its fold.

SITUATION GRAVE IN PALESTINE.

Asked to give his opinion about the trouble in Palestine, Syed Noori Pasha said that he was trying every possible effort to end this dispute. Many solutions for bringing a stop to this dispute had been suggested but nothing was successful. Unfortunately nothing was accepted and the present situation is very grave.

The Arabian Governments especially Iraq, have taken up this Palestine problem very seriously. And they tried their best to bring about an agreement but they too failed.

"I shall go to London again," said Syed Noori Pasha, in conclusion, "and discuss the problem with the British Government and offer yet another new solution which I earnestly hope would be agreeable to both Jews and Arabs."

TO-DAY ON RADIO

Empire Broadcasting

GSH 21.47 Mc|s (13.97m.), GSG 17.79 Mc|s (16.86m.) GSF 15.14 Mc|s (19.82m.)

p.m.

7-30 Big Ben. The BBC Welsh Orchestra.
8-30 Talk: "Policeman's Lot."
8-45 A Song Recital.
9-0 The John MacArthur Quintet.
9-30 "Round and About."
9-40 Feature Programme.
10 The News and Announcements.
10-20 A Recital of Elgar's Music.

Bombay Programmes

VUB 350.9 metres, 855 kc|s.

a.m.

11-30 A selection of Indian music (H.M.V.) Gramophone concert party; Babalal; Inayet Hussein; Gandhari Hangal; Laloo Bhai and Rajkumari; Sudhakar and Shahi; Mohd. Khalil Quawal; Miss Munni.

p.m.

1-0 Available market rates. Jules Craen and his Quintet relayed from Taj Mahal Hotel by kind permission of the management.
5-30 Relay from Krishna Cinema.
6-15 Talk (Marathi) "The Value of Literature in Life" by V. N. Naik.
6-30 A variety programme by the students of the School of Indian music, conducted by Pro. B. R. Deodhar.
7-15 Talk (Gujerati) "Stories from Ramayan" by Kavi Lalitji.
7-35 Light music by Shamla Mazgaokar with Sarangi, Harmonium and Tabla.
8-30 Commercial News and News in Hindi.
9-0 "Murlicha Moksha" a Marathi one act play, written and produced by P. G. Gupte.
9-30 Talk (English) "Man versus Microbe" No. 3 by Lt.-Col. S. S. Sokhey, I.M.S., J.P.
9-45 News in English.
10-0 "Zoo 'Oliday" a light entertainment by Elsie and Doris Waters and Ashley Sterne. (A BBC recorded programme).

Calcutta Programmes

VUC 370.4 metres, 810 kc|s. 49.10 metres, 6,109 kc|s.

p.m.

12-36 SB Excerpts from Gilbert and Sullivan.
1-0 SB Talk (English) "Wealth and Society" by Prof. John Kellas of the Scottish Church College, Calcutta.
1-20 SB Light Orchestral Selections from the Studio. Calcutta Weather Bulletin for Oceancraft and Rivercraft.
1-36 Talk (Bengali) "Kamini Roy and her Poems" by Kamal Bose.
2-6 Musical selections.
2-36 Talk (Bengali) "Sri Krishna at Mathura" by Amulya Krishna Bhattacharya.
5-6 Islam Sangit by Abbasuddin Ahmed.
5-21 Dialogue "A Quarrel over a Cocoanut Tree" by Two Villagers.
5-36 Modern Bengali Song by Shibabrata Bose.
5-51 Bengali Thungri by Sudhir Banerjee.
6-6 Classical Modern Song by Bibhuti Datta. Listeners' Delight (Bengali Songs).
6-26 By Krishna Chandra Dey.
6-46 By Kamalabala.
7-6 "Intruder" (an Hour of Humour) written and produced by Banikumar.
8-6 Talk (Bengali) "Believe it or not" by Chitra Gupta.
8-21 Kheyal Song by Bhishmadev Chatterjee.
8-41 SB Commercial News and Weather Report (in Bengali).
8-46 SB News in Bengali.
9-1 SB Commercial News and Weather Report (in English).
9-6 SB News in English.
9-21 SB The Aerial Players present: "The Nutcracker Suite" by Elliot Crawshay Williams. Characters: Rosalie; Max; Nicolas; Marie; Bathazar.
10-6 SB "The Aloha Boys" In Hawaiian Airs and Melodies (Vocal and instrumental).

Delhi Programmes

VUD 340.13 metres, 882 kc|s.

a.m.

8-0 Shrimad Bhagwad Geeta.
8-15 AIR Orchestra "Bhaj le Har ko."
8-25 Jugli Bai Thumri, Bhairvin.
8-35 Hamid Husain Thumri Jonpuri.
8-45 Talk (industani) "History of the World in Outline" VII by Professor Mohammad Mujeeb.
9-0 Dance Tunes: Malang, Qanun; Sardar, Violin; Mukerji, Violin; Sabiri, Sarangi; Tufail, Tabla.
9-15 Mahboob Thumri Lalit.
9-25 Jugli Bai "Aql se hasil hui kia kia pashemani mujhe; Ishq jab dene laga talim-i-nadani mujhe" (Hasrat).
9-35 Hamid Husain "Shokhiyan kaihti hain ham hain us ki chitwan ki taraf; Chitwanen kaihti hain ham hain chashm-i-purfan ki taraf" (Amir Minai).
9-45 Jugli Bai Ghazal.
9-55 P. C. Mukerji Sarod—Sarang.

p.m.

12-30 Indian recorded music.
5-30 AIR Orchestra Bichhora.
5-40 Jugli Bai Khayan—Thumri—Ghazal.
6-10 Afzal Husain Thumri Kalian.
6-20 1st News and Weather Report (Hindustani).
6-30 1st News and Weather Report (English).
6-40 Jugli Bai Ghazal.
6-50 A.A. Khan' Khayal Nat Chhaya. Khayan Shankra.
7-10 Malang Khan Sitar—Darbari Kandra.
7-20 Jugli Bai Ghazal.
7-30 "For Villagers Only." (Delhi market rates at 8 p.m.)
8-30 Talk (Hindustani) "Elements of Radio" No. 7 by Radio-Minded.
8-45 AIR Orchestra (Sweet Glances) "Mithi Najariya."
8-57 Jugli Bai Ghazal.
9-6 Afzal Husain Thumri Talang.
9-15 2nd News and Weather Report (Hindustani).
9-30 2nd News and Weather Report (English).
9-45 Talk (English) "The Village as I See It" No. 5 by "A Rustic." "A series of talks by people who from different points of view and for different reasons, have interested themselves in the Indian village."
10 "Beaten at the Post" (A BBC recorded programme). A musical burlesque by the Melluish Brothers, produced by Martyn C. Webster.

REMOVAL OF SLUMS IN CITY

Improvements Sub-Committee Agrees To Commissioner's Suggestion

The Improvements Committee on Tuesday considered the report of the Land Sub-Committee regarding the question of the removal of slums in the city and of rehousing those areas. It will be recalled that under their Resolution dated the 5th October 1933, the Corporation referred to the Improvements Committee for report the subject-matter of a proposition inviting attention to the deplorable housing condition and the horrible slums in the City and calling for definite proposals for the removal of the slums and the re-housing of those areas within the next 10 years. The Improvements Committee referred the question to their Lands Sub-Committee for report. The Sub-Committee after discussing the question with Dr. J. N. Choksy, who had moved the proposition in the Corporation, requested the Commissioner to offer his remarks in the matter and to place before the Sub-Committee a list of slum areas in the City which required to be improved, arranged in order of urgency.

With his report dated the 22nd May 1936 the Commissioner has forwarded a list of the slum areas. The Commissioner states that it is not possible to arrange them in order of urgency, as this depends on considerations such as the area of the slum to be improved, its population and density, the present death rate, the total estimated cost of the acquisition and works, the total anticipated recoupment and the net resultant loss, and that the collection of detailed statistics on the above-mentioned lines cannot be undertaken unless special staff is appointed for the purpose.

TWO WAYS OF ATTACK.

The Commissioner, however, points out that there are two ways of attacking a slum; one is by wholesale acquisition and demolition of all the properties, constructing roads and laying-out plots, and the other is by the acquisition of such houses or parts thereof as are obstructing the free flow of light and air of neighbouring tenements. The method of wholesale acquisition and demolition is very costly, takes a long time to improve a locality and creates a great deal of disturbance. The latter method of acquiring only obstructive buildings or their parts, is on the lines of Section 38 of the Housing of the Working Classes Act, 1890, and is cheaper, quicker and involves less disturbance of the population. The ex-Improvement Trust were obliged to follow the first method as they had on power to acquire only parts of houses. A draft Section 42 (a) of the City of Bombay Improvement Trust Transfer Act, 1925, giving this power to the Trust was forwarded by Government to the Corporation for opinion. This matter is at present under the consideration of the Law, Revenue and General Purposes Committee.

The Commissioner thinks that looking to the present financial position of the Municipality the Corporation would be well advised to adopt the latter method, and suggests that the Municipal Act may be amended so as to empower the Municipality to acquire only obstructive buildings or parts thereof, and also provide for the recovery of some part of the cost from the owners of adjoining properties benefited thereby. The Commissioner states that as soon as the Act is suitably amended some staff could be placed on special duty to investigate the question of the removal of slums in the City and prepare definite Schemes ,and requests that the Corporation may therefore come to an early decision on the proposal to amend Chapter XIIA of the Municipal Act on the lines indicated above.

COMMISSIONER'S VIEWS AGREED TO.

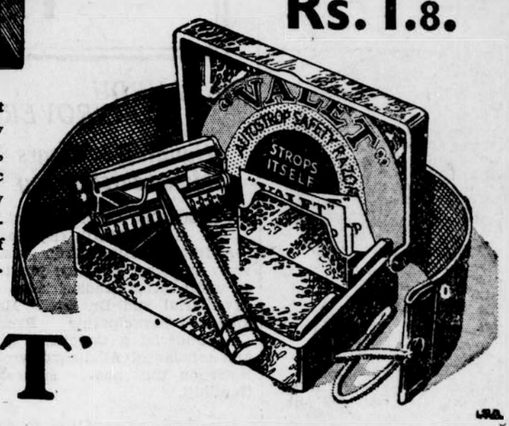
The Sub-Committee have considered the question very carefully and agree in the views expressed by the Commissioner. They therefore beg to recommend that the papers under reference be forwarded to the Corporation, with reference to their Resolution No. 5644, dated the 5th October 1933, with a recommendation that the suggestion made in the Commissioner's report for the amendment of the Municipal Act so as to empower the Municipality to acquire only obstructive buildings or parts thereof for the purpose of the improvement of slum areas and to recover some part of the cost of the improvement from the owners of the adjoining properties benefited thereby be approved, and he be requested to submit through the Law, Revenue and General Purposes Committee, the necessary draft amendments in that behalf for submission to Government at an early date.

As regards the various slum areas mentioned in the list submitted by the Commissioner and the question of their improvement in order of urgency the Sub-Committee will submit a further report after visiting the areas.

The Sub-Committee forwarded the report to the Municipal Corporation recommending its approval.

The New '99'
WITH MOULDED CASE
Rs. 1.8.

Here is your old friend the '99' Set brought up-to-date. It consists of a new and improved Valet self-stropping razor, strop and three blades in a hygienic moulded case. At only Rs. 1.8, the New '99', which provides the simplest, quickest and most economical method of shaving, is better value than ever before.



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20,000 EFFORTLESS WORDS AT A SINGLE FILLING!

WHAT an unexpected relief it is to write with a pen that never drags, never sputters, never slows up hand or brain! The miracle Vacumatic has a *scratch-proof* point of gold and platinum which makes all writing a joy instead of a chore.

This marvelous pen brings you many other improvements—such as a double ink capacity (you can write 20,000 words in a single filling)—*visible* ink supply—a point which writes two different ways without adjustment.

The Parker Vacumatic combines all these features in a pen which is guaranteed *mechanically perfect! Working parts of the patented filling device are never touched by ink*—hence cannot corrode and get out of order.

Rest assured that whichever color or style of Parker Vacumatic you choose, you will delight and thrill the one who receives it.

PRICES: Rs. 33; 25; 16-8.
At All Better Dealers.

Factory Sales Representatives:
DODGE & SEYMOUR, LTD.,
3, Wittet Road, BOMBAY.

Quink—the ink that cleans as it writes. Secret solvent dissolves sediment. No clogging. Perfect in all pens—but best in the Vacumatic.

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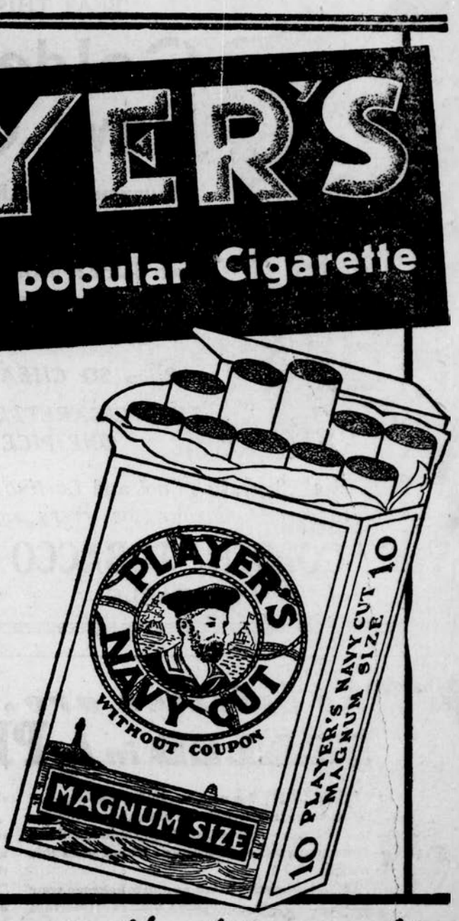
England's most popular Cigarette



The magnum size is now available without coupon at

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It's the Tobacco that counts

RL/130

City & Suburbs

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-day.

Hindu: Bhadarva Vad 14, 1992
Muslim: Rajjabul-Murajjab 27, 1355
Parsi: Ardibehest 9, 1305
Hightide: 11-14, 23-53
Lowtide: 5-11; 12-20
Sunrise: 6h. 33m.
Sunset: 6h. 17m.
Municipal Standing Committee, 4-10 p.m.
Municipal Schools Committee, 5-40 p.m.

Thursday, October 15.

Municipal Corporation 3-40 p.m.

Saturday, October 17.

S. S. 'Viceroy of India' with English mails sails at 1 p.m.

POSTAL NOTICE

Reg. and unregistered Mails for Colombo, the Straits Settlements, Hongkong, Shanghai and Japan per s.s. "Carthage" will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 5 and 6-30 p.m. respectively on Thursday the 15th inst.

CINEMA SHOW TO HELP FAMINE RELIEF FUND

Mr. Rustomji Ghadialli, Manager, Wellington Cinema, has promised to give his new picture 'Bhakta Chela' to be shown on Sunday (18th inst.) from 10 a.m. to 1 p.m. in aid of the Mayor's Famine Relief Fund. The prices will be as usual.

KHADI AND HUNDIES SALE AT GHATKOPAR

Ghatkopar Gramaya Udyog Mandal thanks the Ghatkopar public workers and helpers in celebrating 68th Jayanti of Mahatma Gandhi. Total sale of Khadi Hundies has come up to Rs. 323-9-0 Sale of Khadi Hundies out of Stall, Rs. 3239. Sales at the Stall. Total Rs. 2704-9-0. Rs. 115 were received as donation to sell Khadi to the poor people at the half price.

Eight thousand yards of yarn was spun on Monday the birthday of Mahatmaji by continuous spinning for 24 hours and the same will be presented to Mahatmaji after being woven.

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

CAPITOL—"Things to Come." Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
CENTRAL—"San Francisco" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EMPIRE—"Secret Interlude" Time as usual.
EXCELSIOR—"The Suicide Club." Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
GLOBE—"Raj Dulari". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Pride of India." Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Amar Jyoti" Daily at 5-15 8 and 10-45 p.m.
MINERVA—"Maya" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
OPERA HOUSE—"The Green Pastures". Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
PALACE—"The Country Doctor" Time as usual.
PATHE—"The Princess Comes Across" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
PLAZA—"Robinhood of Eldorado". Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
REGAL—"Remember To-night." Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Achhut Kanya." Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
WELLINGTON—"Diljani". Daily at 5, 7-45 and 10-45 p.m.
WEST END—"Lahari Lala." Daily at usual time.

B. P. ADULT EDUCATION

Prof. M. R. Parakh, will continue his French class during the October vacation on every Wednesday at 6-15 p.m. (S.T.) including to-day (Wednesday) at the South Wing, University Buildings.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The O S K Steamer "Hamburg Maru" left Singapore on October 11 and is due to arrive in Bombay on October 24 via Penang and Colombo.

Clan Line Steamer "Clan Ramald" arrived at Suez on 10th evening.

KHAR VILLAGE CONGRESS COMMITTEE

A meeting of all the members of the Khar Village Congress Committee will be held at 9 p.m. to-day (Wednesday) at the Luxmi Society's Hall 10th Road to elect office-bearers and representatives on the district committee and to transact other business.

V. M. CHARITABLE DISPENSARY

The Vurjeevandass Madowdass Charitable Dispensary at Sion: during the month of September the total number of patients treated in this Dispensary was 769 among them the number of new admissions was 232. The average daily attendance was 30.

"EVOLUTION OF STARS"

Dr. S. Chandrasekhar, will deliver a public lecture, under the auspices of the University of Bombay, on "Evolution of Stars" in Room No. 2 of the Royal Institute of Science, Bombay, to-morrow Thursday, at 6 p.m. Mr. V. N. Chandavarkar, Vice-Chancellor of the University, will preside.

"OLYMPIC GAME"

Messrs. Nagindas Parekh and Premjee Bhatia, who have recently returned from the Olympic game, will deliver a lecture on their impressions of Olympic game with lantern slides at Gandhi Chowka at 9-15 p.m. to-day (Wednesday).

FREE MATRIC CLASS

Mr. Y. M. Rane's free matriculation class (estd 1924) re-opens this year on Saturday the 17th instant at 2-30 p.m. in the Prabhu Seminary, Bhai Jivanji Lane (Thakurdwar), students are helped in mathematics physics and chemistry on Saturday afternoons from 2-30 to 4 p.m. and on Sunday morning from 7-30 to 9 a.m.

B. P. HISTORY TEACHING CONFERENCE

Dewan To Open Second Session At Kolhapur

The Second Session of Bombay Presidency History Teaching Conference will be held at Kolhapur on 16th, 17th, and 18th instant. The Conference will be opened by Rao Bahadur D. A. Surve, Prime Minister of Kolhapur. Rao Saheb G. S. Sardesai, will preside.

Dr. Balkrishna, Principal, Rajaram College, Kolhapur, is the Chairman of the Reception Committee.

About 200 delegates from different parts of the Presidency are attending the Conference. Dr. Khair of Poona, Dr. Krishnayya, Vice-Principal, S. M. T. T. College, Kolhapur, Prof. Sharma of Willingdon College, Sangli, Prof. Bokil of Bombay Training College and many other Professors and distinguished teachers from various institutions are participating in the proceedings.

An Historical Exhibition will be opened on the 17th inst. and an historical excursion to Panhala fort is arranged for the afternoon of the 18th inst.

A permanent History Association will also be inaugurated.

General Motors Trophy Volley Ball Tournament

Entries are invited for the General Motors Trophy Volley Ball Tournament to be played on the ground of the Nagpada Neighbourhood House during the months of November and December.

All entries must be sent to the Physical Director of the Neighbourhood House by Saturday, November 14th, and should be accompanied by an entrance fee of Rupees Two for each team entered. Any club may enter as many teams as it desires.

A meeting of the Managers will be held in the office of the Neighbourhood House at 6-30 p.m. on Saturday, November 14th, to arrange fixtures.

Play will commence on Monday, November 16th. Spaldings Volley Ball Rules will be followed. In accordance with the wishes of the donors the cup will remain in the custody of the Neighbourhood House until permanently awarded.

B. T. EXAM. RESULTS

The results of the B. T. examination Part II of the Bombay University held in September last was declared on Tuesday. Of the 27 candidates who appeared for the examination only nine have passed in the whole examination. One candidate has passed in Part II only.

PASSED WHOLE EXAMINATION.

The following passed the whole examination:

Dhirubhai M. Desai, Pandhrinath K. Chitnis, Kashinath Kaul, Gool J. Virjee, Chhaganlal R. Desai, Tolayya G. Hiremath, Harish Chandra, Gulab R. Mandre and Bapubhai N. Vashi. Passed in Part II only: Ahmedmia A. Kureshi.

Visual Instruction At Parle

(From A Correspondent.)

The sixth of the visual lectures arranged by the Adult Education Committee of the Vile Parle Night School was given in Tilak Mandir on the 10th instant on Blood Circulation and was explained with the help of a cinema film. Supplementary educational films on milk diet and shipbuilding industry were also given. During the interval many questions were put by the audience to the lecturer.

The lecture terminated with a comic and singing of Vande-Matram.

MASTER SHYAMSUNDER, the boy singer and dancer who figures in "Romantic India" of Rajputana Film Company, to be released at Super Talkies, on Friday.

WOMEN'S RIGHT TO VOTE

Nariman's Plea For Adult Franchise For Civic Elections

"Adult franchise is the right of every woman who belongs to a civilized nation. The entry to women into the Corporation and other public bodies with revitalise the whole system," said Mr. K. F. Nariman, addressing a meeting of women at the Marwari Vidyala Hall on Tuesday evening.

The meeting had been convened by the Gujarati Hindi Street Mandal and other women's organisations in the city to consider the question of the right of women to vote in the Municipal elections.

Mrs. Hansa Mehta presided. In her introductory remarks the president observed that according to the Montagu-Chelmsford Reforms anybody who paid a monthly rent of Rs. 10 had the right to vote, while the new constitution provided that anybody paying Rs. 5 could vote. She was sure that it was a gross injustice to deny women the fundamental rights to which Indian women had as much right as the women of any other nation. She referred to Mr. Nariman's efforts in the Corporation on the question though unfortunately he was opposed by several members. But yet she hoped that he would continue to fight on their behalf in spite of temporary setbacks.

Mr. Nariman also stressed the need for a determined effort on the part of Indian women. He alluded to the women of Turkey who, though once in Purdah, were enjoying rights, the least of which Indian women were denied. Indian women, he contended, were none the less deserving than those of any other nation.

Mrs. Maniben Mulji stated that women of the "lower" classes were more conscious of the necessity of such rights than those belonging to the higher classes. She also remarked that they were determined to put up a fight for their fundamental rights.

Several others spoke and with a vote of thanks to the president, the meeting terminated.

PAYMENT OF WAGES ACT, 1936

Under the Payment of Wages Act, 1936, deductions for house-accommodation, supply of light, water, medical attendance or other amenity or service are permissible with reservation that deductions for an amenity or service other than house-accommodation, light, water and medical attendance require previous authorization by the Governor-General in Council or the Local Government (Section 2(vi) (a), 7(2) (d) and (e) and 11).

Deductions for subscriptions to or repayment of advances from a provident fund to which the Provident Funds Act, 1925, applies, or any recognised provident fund as defined in section 58-A of the Indian Income-tax Act, 1922, or any provident fund approved in this behalf by the Local Government and deductions for payments to co-operative societies approved by the Local Government or to a scheme of insurance maintained by the Indian Post Office are similarly made permissible, but any provident fund or co-operative society, "which has not already received the approval of the Local Government must receive such approval before deductions on their account are permitted" (Sections 7(2) (i) and (j) and 13).

Any occupier of a factory or an employer of labour, therefore, who has offered or intends to offer for the benefit of his employee any amenity or service requiring the authorisation by the Governor-General-in-Council or the Local Government or has established or intends to establish a provident fund or co-operative society requiring the approval of the Local Government, should apply to the Commissioner of Labour, Factory Department, Secretariat, Fort, Bombay not later than 15th November 1936.

IN AND AROUND — BOMBAY —

From Our Staff Correspondents

Beautifying The City!

Now that the protest of a certain section of the people against the construction of a new structure near the Byculla Mosque is very acute, it is interesting to note that there is a protest of some other section of people against construction of some other sort of structure within a few hundred yards of the place. The Bombay Municipality have decided to construct a urinal on the foot path immediately after the entrance to the Palace talkies. A letter of protest is being sent to the Municipal Commissioner, by some people, especially those who are cinema fans. In the proposed letter to the Municipal Commissioner it is stated," to have a public urinal in front of and a few feet away from the entrance of a Cinema in a decent locality patronised by respectable people, is quite unusual and highly objectionable. It would hardly add to the beauty of the beautiful front of this cinema and would hardly be in scheme with the plan to beautify our city". That is so. Construction of such a urinal in front of a popular cinema would neither add to the beauty of the locality not would it be decent. But who said that the decisions of either the P.W.D. or the Municipal authorities are actuated by a sense of beauty? The construction of the long row of high buildings along the Queens' Road on the Back Bay should have convinsed people that the sense of beauty has been cast to the winds by the Government authorities and where does the Municipal Commissioner draw his inspiration from?

Re-organisation

The G. I. P. Railway Workers' Union will shortly be reorganised, in view of the difficult times ahead for the railway workers, who are faced with the menace of retrenchment. Already arrangements are in progress and efforts are being made to widen the scope of the Union's constitution, so that the workers actually in employment will find 5 seats on the Committee reserved for them. A Central Committee consisting of 15 members, 5 of whom will be elected from among the workers, is to direct the organisation all along the line and it is expected the new organisation will begin to function shortly after the conclusion of the workers' conference to be held at Manmad shortly.

Owner's Liability When Car Is Under Charge Of Another

HIGH COURT DISMISSES APPEAL AGAINST AWARD OF DAMAGES

The liability for damages of a motor car owner, when his car in charge of another person at the wheel, is involved in an accident, was discussed by Sir John Beaumont, Chief Justice, and Mr. Justice Kania, at the Bombay High Court on Tuesday.

Their lordships rejected an appeal against an award given by Mr. Justice Rangnekar, of Rs 8,000 for damages claimed by a 12-year old boy, who was injured in a motor accident on July 25, 1930.

The boy, who was the plaintiff in the lower Court, was severely injured on account of the accident. The car which, according to the plaintiff, knocked him down, belonged to one Liladhar Chaturbhuj and at the time of the accident was being driven by one Bhikalal, who, the plaintiff stated, was the servant of the defendant.

DEFENCE ARGUMENTS.

According to the defendant, the car was one among the several, owned by him, which he plied for hire. It was also not disputed that Bhikalal drove the car at the time of the accident in a rash and negligent manner. But the defendant denied that Bhikalal was his servant. On the cars plying for hire, the defendant employed drivers on a Commission basis and they were not servants.

Apart from this the car in question, argued the defendant, was sent out on hire for the use of one Kakoo Bhagawan, who left it outside a tea shop as he went into the shop for a cup of tea. Bhikalal removed it. This story was entirely disbelieved.

It was the contention of the plaintiff that as he proved that the car belonged to the defendant at the time of the accident, there was the presumption that the person who drove it at that time was his servant.

JUDGMENT.

The Chief Justice observed that the evidence led on behalf of the plaintiff lent support to such a presumption, though the defendant tried to disprove it.

Mr. Justice Rangnekar relying on Sec. 106 of the Indian Evidence Act, found that it was for the defendant to prove that Bhikalal was not his servant. But the section in the present instance did not carry the case further. The case must ultimately depend on whether the court accepted the proposition established by authorities, namely, that the plaintiff proved that the car belonged to the defendant. For, whatever burden was cast upon the defendant, the burden in the first instance was cast upon the plaintiff to prove the relationship of the master and the servant. He could only do so by proving the ownership of the car.

APPEAL DISMISSED.

Observing that the case was of considerable importance in view of the large number of motor accidents, the Chief Justice held that the plaintiff was entitled to the damages on the ground that he established the ownership of the car and proved the negligence of the driver. The appeal was dismissed with costs.

Mr. Justice Kania concurred.

Sir Jamshed N. Kanga and Mr. B. K. Desai, instructed by Messrs. Payne and Company, appeared for the appellant. Mr. M. C. Chagla and Mrs. M. Lam, instructed by Messrs. Lam and Company opposed the appeal.

Sir Bhupen Leaves For Calcutta

BOMBAY, Oct. 13.

Sir Bhupendra Nath Mitra, former High Commissioner for India, left to-night for Calcutta by the Calcutta Mail, accompanied by Miss Mitra.

He was given an enthusiastic send-off at the station. Among those present at the station were Mr. Jamnadas Mehta, Mayor of Bombay, Sir Rahimtoola Chinoy, President, Indian Merchants' Chamber, Sir Kikabhai Premchand, Mr. S. C. Majumdar, Mr. and Mrs. Das-Gupta, Mr. Choudhuri, Mr. and Mrs. Daftary, Mr. Mitra and others.—United Press.

TALK OF THE SUBURBS

(By A SUBURBAN MAN)

The Dassarah, the well-known Hindu festival, is approaching and the suburbs are busy preparing for this festival. Among Hindus of various castes the methods of observing this festival differs, yet the social importance will be just the same, for in whatever way it is considered, it is a victory of good over evil.

To some this festival denotes victory of the goddess Parbati over the demon Mahishasurao, to others victory of Rama over Ravana but a majority of them take it to be the festival of goddess Saraswati, the goddess of learning.

A WARNING TO ROAD SIDE SLEEPERS

Our city is full of people making their beds on footpaths and now that the stuffy climate of October has dawned many of the suburbanites make their beds along the road which might one day cost them their lives, and they would be fully blamed for that.

A case of this kind came for hearing at the First Class City Magistrate's Court, Bandra, in which it appears one Patrick D'Souza of Vile Parle was driving his car along Ghod Bunder Road. Near the Bandra slaughter house, he ran over an old woman aged 75 who was sleeping on the road. The woman was hit by the car, but the driver did not notice the impact until he was informed about it.

Rao Bahadur K. V. Naik, First Class City Magistrate, Bandra, acquitted Patrick D'Souza remarking: "It certainly cannot be said that one of the normal uses of the road is for the purpose of sleeping." So beware. It is advisable that the Police should see to this.

VILE PARLE NIGHT SCHOOL.

The sixth of the series of lectures organised by the Adult Education Committee of the Vile Parle Night School took place on Saturday at Tilak Mandir and drew a crowded audience which consisted of many women.

The system of blood circulation was explained with the help of a cinema film and other supplementary educational films on milk diet and on ship building industry were also shown and at the end of the lecture the audience put many questions and solved their difficulties.

It is really gratifying to note that Vile Parle is making a headway in adult education, and one would like to see the other municipalities following suit.

RAILWAY TIME TABLE

G. I. P. Railway.

TIMINGS AT VICTORIA TERMINUS

Timings at Victoria Terminus (on and from 1st April, 1936):—

Trains	Arr. H.M.	Dep. H.M.
Madras Mail	6 00	22 00
Peshawar and Lucknow Express	6 15	23 00
Calcutta Mail via Nagpur	7 30	17 45
Calcutta Mail via Chheoki	8 15	20 55
Madras Express	10 15	13 45
Deccan Queen	10 25	17 15
Punjab Mail	10 55	18 55
Poona Mail	11 43	15 30
Nagpur Express	14 55	21 10
Poona Fast Passenger	17 00	11 50
Poona Express	19 38	8 15
Allahabad Express	20 15	7 00

B. B. & C. I. Railway

TIMINGS AT BOMBAY CENTRAL

Mail, Express and Passenger train timings in force from 1st April, 1936:—

Trains	Arr. H.M.	Dep. H.M.
Ahmedabad Passenger	5 35	22 20
Delhi Express	6 00	22 05
Gujarat Mail	6 45	20 25
Kathiawar Mail	7 40	21 50
Frontier Mail	8 30	21 30
Frontier Mail on Saturdays	8 35	
Ahmedabad Passenger	14 20	13 40
Kathiawar Express	19 00	8 45
Baroda Passenger	21 10	8 55

ARRIVALS AT BALLARD PIER

Frontier Mail (on Saturdays only) for passengers for Europe at 8 55

THE EXCELSIOR
THREE SHOWS DAILY AT 4, 6-30 & 10 P.M.
ROBERT MONTGOMERY
ROSALIND RUSSELL
In Robert Louis Stevenson's brilliant combination of adventure, romance and comedy
"THE SUICIDE CLUB"
A Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer Super Picture

CAPITOL
Daily at 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.
H. G. WELLS'
AMAZING PROPHECY OF THE FUTURE—
THINGS TO COME
Also LATEST NEWS.

REGAL
Daily at 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.
United Artists'
REMEMBER TO-NIGHT
(FORGET ME NOT)
with the world famous tenor
GIGLI
(Greatest since CARUSO!)
Superb Singing! Haunting Melodies!
Also ALL-COLOUR "MICKEY"
NEXT SATURDAY:
WARNER BROS.' BIG HIT
"ANTHONY ADVERSE"
with
FREDRIC MARCH—OLIVIA DE HAVILLAND

MINIATURE TALKIES PRESENTED BY LISTERINE
LISTERINE TOOTH PASTE CERTAINLY IS PLEASANT TO USE — NO SOAPY TASTE
HOW WELL IT CLEANS THE TEETH TOO! LOOK AT MINE SPARKLING WHITE AFTER ONLY A FEW DAYS USE
WHAT A CLEAN, REFRESHED FEELING IT LEAVES IN THE MOUTH! AND HOW MUCH BETTER MY GUMS FEEL.
TRY IT!
FOR THE NEXT 30 DAYS
Buy a tube of Listerine Tooth Paste today. Use it night and morning for the next 30 days. Then look at your teeth. See how much whiter, brighter they will be. You will be delighted with the results. Made in 3 sizes: Large, Double size and Small
LISTERINE TOOTH PASTE

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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 14, 1936

A PLEA FOR SANITY

Has Bombay lost the sanity and spirit of inter-communal harmony which has justly earned for it the distinction of being an exemplar to other cities in India? The question is now uppermost in the mind of every right-thinking man and woman in the City, who is jealous about its good name and anxious to prevent it once again being tarnished by the mad barbarities of 1929 and 1932? The provocation for this question is the dispute about the Sabha-Mandap of Byculla temple that adjoins a mosque—a dispute that would be regarded as a comparatively trivial one were it not that the peace of this great City hangs on it. We must confess it to our shame that though we boast of a host of men and women in our City who have distinguished themselves in various fields of public activity, we have not yet mobilised all our resources of sanity and statesmanship to settle this dispute in an amicable and satisfactory manner and in this regard we cannot help saying that both the Hindu and Muslim members of our Municipal Corporation have lamentably failed the city by the manner in which they have dealt with the dispute and brought it to the present pass. But there is no use crying over spilt milk. The immediate duty is to retrieve a situation that threatens the peace of the city.

Give And Take

We congratulate the Government of Bombay on the effort they made—somewhat belated though it was—to bring about a settlement by summoning a Round Table Conference. Though the Conference proved abortive, it succeeded in bringing home to the representatives of both the communities the need for re-exploring avenues for the ending of the dispute. As the negotiations are still progressing we heartily wish a successful and happy end to them. We are particularly happy to note that the issue has been narrowed down. There is now no opposition to the erection of the Sabha Mandap itself and all that remains to be done is to regulate the performance of Bhajans, Kirtans and the playing of music. We congratulate the Muslims on the good sense they have shown in thus helping to clarify the issue and we trust they will continue the good work of settlement so well begun by demanding only such regulation of playing of music as does not violate the religious rights of their Hindu brethren and as will be consistent with the unique spirit of toleration and forbearance characteristic of their Prophet who offered to and made treaties with Christians and Jews recognizing their right to worship in their own way. The Hindus also, we trust, will go to the extreme length of respecting the religious sentiments of their Muslim brethren and, while asserting and protecting their right to worship in their own way, have due regard to the practice followed in the past in respect of this particular temple.

Postpone Contruction

In any case, we hope the negotiations will be carried on, on both sides, in a spirit of sanity and give and take and not of rigid adherence to mere abstract rights and, above all, without forgetting for a moment the calamity that is likely to befall the city if they fail. Meanwhile, we urge with all earnestness that it would be disastrous folly not to postpone the construction of the Sabha Mandap until the negotiations are carried —as we hope they will be carried —to a satisfactory and successful end.

Revolution In Plague Treatment

Through the kindness of Colonel Sokhey, the brilliant Director of the Haffkine Institute, the "Bombay Chronicle" was able to announce early in July last that he had made a discovery which was likely to usher in a revolution in the treatment of plague, the scourge from which thousands, even lakhs, of Indians suffer and die every year. That discovery is now officially reported in the interesting review of the work of the Haffkine Institute for the years 1932-35. Colonel Sokhey has worked out an exact mellod for measuring the virulence of plague cultures. He has evolved an exact biological method for the standardisation of plague vaccines. This, as the report says, is the first instance of a successful standardisation of a bacterial anti-gen and marks a great advance in plague work in recent years. It has, as an immediate and valuable practical result enabled the protective power of the Haffkine Plague Vaccine to be raised thirty-fold and more.

But most remarkable of all is the discovery relating to the heat-killed vaccines. As Colonel Sokhey told the "Chronicle" representative, "I have demonstrated that a heat killed vaccine like the Haffkine vaccine does confer a very high degree of protection against plague and in this respect is superior to vaccines made of a-virulent cultures. This was made possible by a double discovery,—a method of keeping intact the virulence of a culture and a method of making it a-virulent, thus having at one and the same time the same culture in two forms for the purpose of a comparison." The Institute has been issuing millions of doses of cholera, Typhoid, Meumgococcal vaccines in addition to the Plague vaccines. But even if the Institute had confined itself to the latter it would have justified itself. The Haffkine Plague Vaccine, thanks to Colonel Sokhey's brilliant discovery, is superior even to the A.M.P. of the Russian Scientist, Madame Pokrovoskaya. In six years of efforts, which lacked the encouragement that should have been his due, Colonel Sokhey's work has been crowned with success of the author of which any country in the world would be proud. But while a Pokrovoskaya is a national heroine in Russia a Sokhey is recognised by the "State" in India with —severe economy in the expenses of the Institute and serious retrenchment of the staff that he needs. What is literally a boon to the miserable millions of India whose very lives depend upon its development and country-wide availability must suffer the consequences of "financial depression" while the Civil Service, the Army and other such unparalleled extravagances continue to absorb crores of a poor people's money, Colonel Sokhey, whom we heartily congratulate on his achievements, has, however, the consolation that he has put his countrymen under a debt of gratitude.

A Characteristic Compromise

The Royal Commission on the Manufacture of Arms, which the National Government appointed a very long time ago, was suspect from the very beginning for the simple reason that its terms of reference were so carefully restricted as to exclude consideration of many material and fundamental issues. Nevertheless the evidence, even under the limitations, served to bring out the grave dangers involved to human life in the private trade in arms. Unfortunately, but, of course, not unexpectedly, the Commission has not tackled the problem squarely. The recommendations do certainly improve the present position in so far as they suggest full Government control of all munitions-making business on the outbreak of a war together with conscription of capital. But the mischief of profiteering is done before the outbreak of war, and Government control is contemplated only in case of Britain going to war. In other words, the Arms trade in Britain is free to play its evil game abroad. Nationalisation would have stopped this. It would have, for instance, stopped the sale of arms to Germany, which is still going on and which, to that extent, is responsible for bringing Europe—and Britain—on the verge of destruction.

The argument that nationalisation "would bring armaments directly into the political field with many consequent dangers" is typically capitalistic. In fact, what is wanted is, that they should be brought into "the political field" and "the consequent dangers" are dangers not to the professed objective, but to private profit-making enterprise and war. A stricter licensed control of arms export to "semi-civilised" countries is welcome, provided it is not intended to work against the poor "semi-civilised," called upon to defend themselves against the beastliness and brutality of "civilised aggression." Secondly, experience shows that the "civilised" are worse than the so-called "semi-civilised" and their militarism is a positive danger to the world. It is in relation to them that the arms racket has to be fully controlled. But, as we have pointed out, the Commission evades this fundamental and terribly urgent issue.

FASCISM AND CULTURE

Where Dark Ages Are Descending

(By "ROMANUSCIVIS.").

Can culture exist under the regime of Fascism—culture, that is to say, that has come to be accepted as the aggregate, fine achievement of epochs of activity in the domain of intellect, thought and action in terms of intellectual artistic creation, at once dynamic and tangible, definite with elaborate values?

Values in Chaos.

Before one proceeds to consider the question, one had better point out that the term 'fascism' is capable of a variety of definitions, and both its friends and opponents project on to it the ideas and conceptions that are more or less expressive of the individual approach to what is, in the last analysis, a blind, brutal force, a chaos. The traditional European liberal, sighing for the dead world of intellectual possibilities, the world of Platonism, of Spinoza, Goethe, calm and well-ordered (intellectually, certainly), confronts the 'activism' of the forces of fascism as a procedure that negatives all the accepted values of ordered social existence, with its laws and its system of ethics. The Marxist 'philosopher' probably detects the influence of fascism in everything that does not conform to the 'ideology' of his philosophy (unphilosophically so-called) so that Jawaharlal Nehru becomes as much of fascist as Leon Trotski or Goering.

'Fascist' to-day assumes all the moral depravity, disapproval and hatred that the 'Bourgeois' of other days symbolised our tract-made Marxist philosophers: it is more a term of abuse than anything much more harmful and has its melo-dramatic possibilities. of course.

Evolution.

But whatever might be the theoretic view of fascism, the fact remains that it constitutes itself as a factor to reckon with in the realities of every-day life and that, it impinges mostly on our self-complacent consciousness in events that are too cold-blooded in their paralysing brutality to stimulate mere philosophical doubt. The evolution of fascism itself has closely followed this, the change of illegality into legality, from political murder into 'duty to the State or people': and it has grown, in space of a few years, not merely into a philosophy but a religion. It commandeers a following, breeds its fanatics, converts its sheep, broadcasts its special paradise. It flaunts a culture spelt Kurtur for distinctive emphasis. But fascism remains as the concept of force, first and last, and it remains also a force that denies, despite all its fraudulent claims and pretensions that could deceive only imbecility, everp principle of civilised social existence that is inherent in the social institutions that create the particular state of civilisation.

Menace to Civilization.

We maintain that fascism is a menace to culture because it is mainly responsible for not merely the violence that wantonly destroys masses of humanity and subjects them to horrible suffering but for the situation created under which the entire civilisation is menaced with destruction. This divine work of destruction is proceeding at various speeds to the accompaniment of from sweet persuasion keyed up to dramatic gesture, morphine for the mob, bribes and veiled threats to downright beating up, concentration camp, imprisonment, beheading (a nordic substitute for hanging and the electric-chair). No culture could exist even in tradition where no intellectual freedom is allowed, and where everything must be subservient to the needs of the Corporate State. There is fascist culture (spelt by the Aryans as Kultur) of course.

There are thinkers, artists, scientists, a Fascist literati, in fact: and pro-

(Continued on Page 14)

OUR LONDON LETTER

Arms And More Arms

Britain Heading For Isolation

(From Our Own Correspondent)

LONDON, October 2.
(By Air Mail).

Nothing unexpected or exciting happened at Margate where the Conservative Party held its annual conference yesterday and today. Mr. Baldwin, the Prime Minister and the leader of the Party, kept away from the Dreamland Cinema where the Conference was held. So did Sir Thomas Inskip, whose job as Minister of Defence was filled up by Sir Samuel Hoare who had an audition in the important speech on National Defence.

We had expected Lord Lloyd to make a fuss over the distribution of seat in the House of Lords in order to secure a positive undertaking from the Conservative leaders that they will redeem, during this Parliament's lifetime, the promises which they have made so emphatically to create "a strong Second Chamber, enjoying popular respect and support as an essential bulwark against reckless legislation by a Socialist Government". At Margate the Conservative agents decided to present the Government a memorandum calling for a measure of electoral reform and a redistribution of seats. They are anxious that both shall be carried through before the next general election and from all accounts they seem likely to have their way.

Mandated Territories

It was equally not surprising that Mr. Sandys obtained a large majority at Margate for his resolution in connection with the return of mandated territories. His resolution asked the Government for an assurance that the possession of any British mandated territory was still, as Sir John Simon declared in 1935, "not a discussable question". However, a section of Conservative point out that as recently as July last Mr. Eden made a statement on behalf of the Government restricting it to the pious declaration of the hope that in no quarter would there be a desire at this time to complicate international relations still further by raising an issue so fertile in difficulties, moral, political, and legal. As the 'Morning Post' reflects on this statement of the Foreign Secretary it cannot avoid the conclusion that the only quarter which was likely to be interested in raising the issue was encouraged rather than dissuaded by this ambiguous form of words. "Enough experience has been gained", says the 'Post', of the mind and methods of Nazi Germany to know that she is not over-fastidious about proprieties in times and occasions. If Mr. Eden's statement meant anything, it meant that session might be discussable at some time; and Herr Hitler hastened to proclaim at Nuremberg that the desirable time was now. So far from responding to Mr. Eden's appeal for restraint Germany has ostentatiously intensified her Colonial campaign."

Appeal To Labour

The rank and file of the Conservative Party may be divided in their opinion as to whether Mr. Baldwin should continue to lead them or whether the House of Lords reform should be carried out immediately. At Margate they were, however, unanimous in supporting Sir Samuel Hoare's calm assumption that the Labour people should fall in with the Government's rearming against nobody in particular. It is remarkable that the man who only a few months ago lost the confidence of his Party men should come back so quickly only to be proclaimed as an heir-apparent to Mr. Neville Chamberlain at No. 10. In the course of a significant passage at Margate Sir Samuel Hoare made a direct appeal to 'responsible leaders of Labour' to support the National Government's re-armament programme. He said that the wise attitude adopted by the Trades Union Congress over the Spanish crisis shows that in the ranks of Labour there is a solid force of patriotic responsibility. Responsible leaders of the Labour Party can give invaluable help. They came forward with their assistance in the war. Let all who believe in liberty and ordered progress to join with the Government in bringing the (re-armament) programme to a swift and successful fulfilment." This appeal for collaboration from a leading Cabinet Minister is generally recognised as another step in the National Government's campaign on the eve of Edinburgh to split the workingcrss movement and establish a united front with a section of the Labour leadership in support of re-armament. The reference to the War Coalition Government of 1914 is especially notable, and indicates that the hopes of the Government even go so far as to aim at a resurrection of such a War Coalition.

The opinion of the Labour movement is overwhelmingly hostile to these approaches and Sir Samuel Hoare's calm assumption has soon been disillusioned. The Labour response has not been encouraging. Mr. Attlee, Mr. Greenwood, Mr. Bevin and Dr. Dalton have termed Sir Samuel's appeal as sheer impertinence. But we have still to wait for the opinion of the Trade Union leaders. There is no doubt that the Socialists have been in thought and deed pacifist to the backbone which the trade union leaders as a body have never claimed to be. And the former have already received an ultimatum that if they want to preserve democracy they had better be prepared to defend it. Thus at Edinburgh in the next three days there would be sharp cleavage of opinion in the Labour Party Conference.

Arming For Isolation

However, to go back to Sir Samuel Hoare's speech at Margate, the First Lord of the Admiralty made a new declaration which amounted to suggesting that British armament will be absolute and not relative. In other words, Britain will guarantee her own security by her own arms and calculate the force required for the purpose without reference to anything external to herself. This is the part of the speech which is supposed to be directed to Europe. It is no doubt intended to show, since it came in a context that promised a ruthless pursuit of re-armament, that Britain's re-armament threatens no one but is conceived only in terms of her own security. Sir Samuel evidently does not think that arming according to the

(Continued on Page 11.)

FRANKLY SPEAKING

HERR HITLER'S PRIVILEGE.

From the point of view of the underlying principle of such international courtesy, immunity against criticism and attacks cannot be claimed by Herr Hitler for the simple reason that he is not a nominal head of the German State but the real executive chief actively responsible for every single act of the Nazi Government. The question had been raised in Germany some time ago in protest against British comments, but it was not pursued, probably, because the Nazis realised the absurdity of it. Then why is it that such a storm of protest has been sought to be raised by the controlled Nazi Press against the speech of M. Thorez, in which he said exactly what the Right politicians of France had been declaring for years until a few months ago?

PRECIPITATING A CRISIS.

There are, we believe, two answers: First, Herr Hitler is anxious to keep the French Fascists and reactionaries under the delusion that he means well by France and aspires to nothing more than the position of Europe's Crusader against Communism and Russia. He, therefore, wants to please them by energetic protests against any suggestion of anti-French designs. Second, Herr Hitler has been encouraged in his anti-International adventures so often and so consistently that he probably thinks he can bully everybody with impunity. He, therefore, now dares to dictate to the Blum Government too. But whatever the reasons, if Herr Hitler is not pulled up immediately, he will precipitate a European crisis very soon indeed. And he can be pulled up if Britain changes her present policy.

A WELCOME PRECEDENT.

The Jews are, of course, entitled to jubilation over the calling off of the Strike in Palestine. Still we think the Arab High Committee was well advised to do so, and especially, as we pointed out, the other day, on the appeal of the Arab Rulers. The intervention of the latter has invested the question with a wider significance. This is welcome because it does bring the Palestine affairs within the sphere of influence of Arab Territories, which fact the Jewish Press is naturally at pains to deprecate. The Arabs have certainly gained a precedent. It, however, yet remains to be seen how Britain formally reacts to it. That the British authorities in Palestine as well as London fully favoured the Arab King's intervention is undoubted. But British Imperialism is, by its very nature, in the habit of repudiating officially what it accepts—along with all its implications—privately.

DISGUSTING

Another instance of how moral obligations are respected even by so-called custodians of international morality is furnished by a London cable on Monday last. Britain has hastened officially to deny a Japanese report that she has approached the signatories to the Washington Five Powers Treaty suggesting that the relevant clauses should be invoked as regards the present Far Eastern situation. The very denial implies a deplorable evasion of responsibility and betrayal of solemn undertakings. Japan has been openly and defiantly encroaching upon Chinese territory and Chinese sovereignty. She is demonstrably out to reduce China completely to the position of a colony of Japan, the latest demands being a further and unquestionable proof of it. But the signatories to the Five Powers Treaty have only been complacently watching the whole outrage and have even now no intention of doing anything. So far as they are concerned their position is: "Since our individual self-interests out-balance and outweigh international obligations arising out of our own deliberate commitments, to hell with the latter, to hell with China whose integrity we had solemnly guaranteed and to hell with morality and honesty."

MAYORAL PRECEDENCE

By associating itself with the action of the Mayor at the Sheriff's dinner to the South African Delegation and by passing a comprehensive resolution on the subject of the Mayor's civic position, the Bombay Municipal Corporation has done the obviously correct thing in the circumstances. The Mayor of Bombay, as the first citizen of the city, is the figurehead of the Corporation's dignity, and he naturally ought to enjoy a pre-eminent position in all public and semi-public functions held in this city. It goes without saying, therefore, that the Warrant of Precedence ought to be suitably amended, so as to ensure the Mayor's precedence. It will be remembered that Government recognised the justice of such a plea on a previous memorable occasion and thus there ought to be no difficulty in making the necessary changes. The earlier it is done, the better will it be.

A KNIGHT'S EFFUSIONS.

Sir A. P. Patro was very much at pains to prove the blessings of the coming Constitution in the speech he delivered at Madras last Friday. He seemed to be much perturbed by the outspoken views expressed by Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru in his recent tour, and he, therefore, evidently thought it up to him to expatiate upon "the very great advance" of the new Government of India Act upon the present position. The Government of the country, according to the leader of the Justice Party, had passed from the bureaucracy to the parliament of the people. But Sir A. P. Patro excelled himself when he compared the various checks and safeguards in the reformed Constitution to "life-belts in a cabin, and to life-boats on the deck of an ocean-going steamer!" This most amazing mis-statement will, we feel sure, bring blushes to the cheeks of even those who helped in forging those fetters on democracy. No further commentary is needed on those knighty effusions.

作作-a-作作

WITHOUT COMMENT—

Taking full advantage of the position of Coimbatore as an industrial centre and the presence of a large number of millhands, Pandit Nehru dwelt upon the necessity for the workers to organise themselves and said he wanted an entirely different political, social and economic system, in which there would be no exploitation of the masses.

—"Times of India's" Own Correspondent.

* * * *

Referring to Sir Henry Craik's election speech in the Assembly, the Congress President asks Government, "why this appearance of not doing anything and trying to hide from the left hand what the right hand does?"

To vindicate the well-known British brand of the genius for compromise.

* * * *

Government, observes the President, must be in a bad way indeed, to give such extraordinary and futile explanations of the activities of their officers.

Government must indignantly refute the truth of the suggestion by a more direct declaration of solidarity with their officers.

* * * *

Speaking in the Corporation apropos of the Sheriff's Banquet incident, the Mayor said, "I do not understand the relevance of the Warrant of Precedence at a semi-civic function."

That is because he derives his honour only from the suffrage of the people's representatives and not from nomination by Government.

* * * *

"Your Province is mostly official ridden. They (the officials) have no desire to co-operate with the intelligentsia of the Muslims. They exploit the people."

—Mr. Jinnah at a Lahore meeting.

U. P. officialdom is entitled to protest against this unfair award of the prize to the Punjab. And as for the N.W.F.P. officialdom we think it has a strong judicial case against Mr. Jinnah.

Mr. Jinnah has gone to Lahore because, he says, "I find the Muslims of the Punjab are politically, educationally, socially and economically, most backward."

May be. But in that case Mr. Jinnah's presence is more urgently needed in Bombay.

* * * *

NIZAM'S WAR ON COMMUNISM

All "Red" Literature Banned: Police Given Wide Powers

—Press Headlines.

But the comparative backwardness of Hyderabad is evident from the provision that search for such literature shall be conducted by a Police Officer only under a search warrant issued by a First Class Magistrate of the locality.

* * * *

As a result of the changed situation in Palestine, the Military, it is reported, are now "taking up defensive tactics responding only to cases of unprovoked aggression."

* * * *

So uptill now evidently they had been taking up offensive tactics "responding" to cases of provoked aggression.

* * * *

Moorish troops are to lead the insurgent columns which will attack Madrid.

These Morroccan idiots deserve what is coming to them.

But we admire the white insurgent's clever tactics—and supreme courage—in advancing under the cover of the Blacks.

* * * *

Herr Rudolf Hess, the Fuhrer's Deputy, declares that "Guns instead of butter" is still the slogan of Nazi Germany.

Herr Hitler's bread is obviously gunned on both sides.

* * * *

A factory for the production of artificial wool is being erected in Germany.

The demand is undoubted since all the available supply of wool has already been used up in pulling over the eyes of the German people.

* * * *

Lecturer: 'Now you all know what a molecule is...'

Chairman (interrupting): 'Most of us do, but perhaps you'd better explain for the benefit of those who have never been up in one.'

Staggering Toll Of Spanish Civil War

95,000 KILLED: EQUAL NUMBER INJURED

Still There Is No Prospect Of Rebellion Ending Soon

PARIS.—Approximately 95,000 persons have been killed as a direct or indirect result of the fighting in Spain, conservative quarters who have closely studied the Spanish civil war estimated recently.

95,000 INJURED

It was estimated that about 95,000 persons were injured and that approximately 20,000 were held as hostages.

Damage thus far was estimated at 10,000,000,000 pesetas.

NO SIGN OF EARLY END

Conservative observers believed the fighting would continue at least through Christmas and possibly well into next year.

SPEAR-HEAD ATTACK ON MADRID

Moorish Troops To Lead Rebel Columns

(SPECIAL CABLE)

LISBON, Oct. 13.

The Moorish troops of the Mehalas Tribe are to lead the insurgent columns which will make a simultaneous advance on all the roads leading to Madrid, states a Diaro de Lisboa correspondent.

The cavalry will advance up the valley of the river Tietar, a tributary of the Tagus, and is expected to make a spearhead attack. The General Staff expect to capture Naval Carnero about twenty miles from Madrid on the Maqueda Road, the most difficult of the whole campaign.

FIERCE FIGHTING IN HEAVY RAIN

LONDON, Oct. 12.

Fierce fighting, in heavy rain, raged 40 miles west of Madrid where Government are striving desperately to prevent insurgents from exploiting the recent capture of Cebreros and San Martin.

REBEL POSITION ATTACKED

Madrid Government claims that it has not yielded an inch of ground in this important sector, while insurgents state that the Government militia made a counter-attack on San Martin this morning, but were repulsed with a loss of 500 killed or wounded. Government troops are also reported to have attacked insurgent positions near Toledo, forcing the insurgents to retire.

To-day, the Spanish national holiday, known as "Feast of the Spanish races," is expected to be the start of General Franco's general offensive on the Capital, but the counter-attack by Government forces, combined with heavy rain, appears to have caused the "zero hour" to be postponed.

FURIOUS STREET FIGHTING.

It is officially claimed that, after furious street-fighting, Government troops, besieging Oviedo, occupied the San Lazao quarter of the town and also the cemetery in which are 600 new graves, inscribed with the names of insurgents fallen since the beginning of the seige.

On the other hand, insurgent headquarters claim that the seige of Oviedo has been virtually raised by a relief column, which routed the Asturian miners and captured the heights dominating the city.—Reuter.

PRODUCTION OF ARTIFICIAL WOOL

BERLIN, Oct. 12.

A factory for the production of artificial wool is being erected at Siegburg, West Germany, according to a report published in "Der Boersen-Zeitung."

It is believed that production will begin from next June.—Reuter.

Hitches In Anglo-Soviet Naval Treaty

Germany Claims Concession Made To Russia Are Excessive

LONDON, October 12.

The draft of the Anglo-Russian Naval Treaty is criticised in a note delivered to the British Foreign Office to-day by Prince Bismarch, German Charge D'Affaires.

It is believed that he objects to the divergences of the treaty from the principles of Three-Powers London Naval Treaty of 1936, on the ground that concessions to Russia made in it (providing, inter alia, that if Japan violates the qualitative limits of the London Treaty, Russia may follow suit) are excessive.

"In No Way Anxious"

It is understood that the German note, in no way, suggests that Germany is anxious for a modification of the Anglo-German Naval Treaty, but certain non-British naval circles are apprehensive lest German criticisms may be the prelude to a request for such a revision, if the concessions to Russia are not altered.

Without the German approval, no Anglo-Russian Treaty of naval limitation can be signed, for Russia has always laid down that any qualitative limitation accepted by her should also be accepted by Germany; or, if no Russo-German agreement on qualitative limitation could be reached, the efforts of Britain to extend the principles of the London Treaty to Baltic and Scandinavian naval Powers are doomed to failure, while even the London Naval Treaty would fall to the ground owing to the operation of the Escalator clause.

It is hoped, however, that a satisfactory settlement will be reached.—Reuter.

JAWAHARLAL AT MADURA

Covers 200 Miles By Motor & Addresses 12 Meetings In 24 Hours

MADURA, October 13.

He had come to Madura, the city of pilgrimage, as a pilgrim but he carried a different message from the ordinary pilgrim, observed Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru addressing a big gathering here. His message was freedom and independence for India and removal of social stigmas imposed by unjust and inhuman social customs.

India's problems, he continued, would not be solved by statesmen meeting in goodwill and exchanging smiles and goodwishes nor by Viceroys meeting Mahatma. The big questions of Europe remained unsolved, not for lack of statesmen, but for lack of proper approach. India's problems also, unless properly understood and tackled, would be unsolved.

The Pandit received the Municipal address this morning after which he toured the district. He addressed over a dozen meetings yesterday covering 200 miles by motor.—A.P.

Cesarewitch Surprise

(Special Cable)

LONDON, October 13.

Newtownford, the second favourite in to-morrow's Cesarewitch, developed sudden temperature and is a doubtful starter.

Queens Shilling has been scratched resulting in wagering 7|1 against Buckleigh, 9|1 Hoplite, 10|1 Woodstock, 12|1 Chrysler and Avondale, 16|1 Fet, Greynam, Solarbear, 20|1 Near Relation, Jacktar, 25|1 Rondo, Weathervane.

Alterations In Cesarewitch Probables

The following are the alterations in Cesarewitch probables:—

Weston rides Chirgwin; Fox Rondo: Packham, Negrier: Sibbritt Cho-sen: Krobertson, Handsoff; Aburns, Kepton: Power, Carpet Knight: Mitchell, St. Botolph and Richardson, Fet.

Omit Queen's Shilling, Newtownford and Stainforth.

GOLD IN EXCHANGE FOR DOLLARS

Britain Announces Arrangement For Technical Co-operation With U.S.

LONDON, Oct. 12.

The Treasury announces that arrangements for technical co-operation with the monetary authorities of the United States have now been completed and a new regulation is being published by the Secretary to the Treasury of the United States, which would enable gold to be obtained in the United States in exchange for Dollars by any country which gives the United States reciprocal facilities.

His Majesty's Government has arranged for such facilities to be afforded in London to the United States authorities.

This day-to-day working arrangement should greatly facilitate technical operations of the exchange control.

Similar arrangements have been made with the Bank of France so as to provide effective co-operation between the three centres.

Reuter understands that the arrangement is simply reciprocal, to facilitate technical operations, and involves no change of policy and, in no way, alters the fact that Sterling is a free currency.

Balances in New York, arising from the intervention of Exchange controls, will be exchanged for gold at fixed price.

Similarly, balances in London and Paris will be exchanged for gold on terms to be agreed to in the light of daily circumstances.—Reuter.

ENGLISH COACHES FOR CRICKET

Progress Of Prince Victor's Efforts

LONDON, Oct. 13.

Following a suggestion by Prince Victor of Cooch Bihar to Mr. De Mello when he was in England that English coaches should be secured to raise the standard of Indian cricket, Mr. De Mello has authorised Prince Victor to approach certain players and Hendren, Nichols, Townsend and Larwood were approached. The first three have been forced to decline and Larwood has postponed his decision for a fortnight until he has seen his Club and he has made up his mind. Whereas only two players are being sent this year, it is hoped that every provincial centre will have one next year from the middle of October till the middle of March.—Reuter

MILITARY RELAX MEASURES IN PALESTINE

JERUSALEM, Oct. 13.

The calling off of the strike is reflected in the changed military policy. Beginning to-day the military are taking up defensive tactics, responding only to cases of unprovoked aggression.

No searches by cross-country patrols will be carried out until Friday when the position may be reviewed. Meanwhile the divisional commanders will report what reduction in precautionary measures is possible while gradually drawing in troops to the camps, providing the situation warrants such an action.

The mosque area in the city was thronged last evening, thousands of worshippers celebrating the termination of the strike. The curfew for Moslems was specially was retarded in honour of the occasion.—Reuter.

PEACE AT LAST IN PALESTINE

LONDON, Oct. 13.

Significant indication of the change in Palestine as a result of the ending of the strike is provided by the communique issued by the Palestine Government stating "No incidents to report since noon yesterday."

This negative report is the first of its kind since the troubles began.—Reuter.

PALESTINE COMMISSION

LONDON, October 13.

Reuter is authoritatively informed that the Palestinian Commission will not leave until order has been completely restored.—Reuter.

CURFEW ORDER MODIFIED

JERUSALEM, October 13.

Owing to the improved situation curfew order from to-night will be at 9 instead of 6 with the possibility of complete dispensation by the week-end.—Reuter.

Jhabua Hunger Strike Ends

DEMANDS GRANTED

Undertrials Deny Charges: But Refuse To Take Part In Proceedings

The General Secretary, All India States' People's Conference, writes:—

The latest report from Jhabua says that the undertrial prisoners who had resorted to prolonged hunger-strike lasting for about a month have resumed taking food. It is understood that the authorities have granted them necessary facilities about writing and reading newspapers.

Proceedings under Sec. 108 were resumed on the 7th, 8th and 9th inst. Sjt. Sukhdeoprasad Tiwari standing as Counsel for defence. The accused denied the charges and proposed to submit their statements to that effect. The hearing was postponed to 17th instant.

The transfer application made by the accused under 124A was rejected and accordingly the trial was resumed yesterday morning.

Messrs. Vardhichand and Sobhagmalji were brought to the Court in handcuffs while Messrs. Kanyalal Vaidya and Udairamji were brought in a motor-car, being very weak in health. Seating accommodation was made for the accused and the Court-room was packed to its utmost. The accused were asked to put questions to the prosecution witnesses if they so desired, but the accused declared that they were not taking part in the proceedings of the Court.

This declaration of the accused caused surprise and sensation, and the trying Magistrate left the Court. It is understood that the Magistrate had left the Court to consult the members of the Council of Administration. The accused are submitting their statements and the case stands adjourned upto 16th. The undertrials are considerably reduced in weight.

CEASE FIGHT AND RELY ON BRITAIN

Text Of Arabian Rulers' Appeal

LONDON, Oct. 13.

The following is the translation of the appeal, as received from the Wahabi King, "through the President of the Higher Arab Committee to our sons, the Arabs in Palestine: We have been deeply pained by the present state of affairs in Palestine and for this reason we have agreed with our brother Kings and the Emir to call upon you to resolve for peace in order to save further shedding of blood.

"In doing this we rely on the good intentions of our friend, Britain, who has declared she will do justice. You must be confident that we will continue our efforts to assist you."

The other three messages were identical except that of King Ghazia, wherein the word "ally" was substituted for "friend" with reference to Britain.—Reuter.

BRADMAN'S TEAM WINS MATCH AT SYDNEY

SYDNEY, Oct. 13.

Bradman's XI won their four day match against Richardson's XI by six wickets with a score of 181 for four (Robinson 57).—Reuter.

LONDON, Oct. 13.

The following is the personnel of the Welsh football team against England to be played on October 17:

Royjohn (Manchester United), Turner (Charlton), Robert John (Arsenal), Warner (Swansea), Griffiths (Aston Villa), Richards (Brentford), Hopkins (Brentford), Eyran Jones (Wolverhampton), Glover (Grimsby), Leslie Jones (Coventry), Morris (Birmingham).—Reuter.

MINISTERS IN CONFERENCE

Special Committee Meeting Discusses Instrument Of Accession

NEW DELHI, Oct. 13.

A meeting of the Special Committee of Ministers to discuss the Instruments of Accession with special reference to the replies received from a large number of States to the questionnaire issued by the Chancellor of the Chamber of Princes was held here today.

It is understood that the replies have already been received from 60 States and more and pouring in.

The meeting adjourned till October 15 after about five hours' deliberations.

A small Sub-Committee sat during the lunch interval to crystallize the conclusions arrived at in the forenoon.

Two Sub-Committees will meet to-morrow to prepare a digest of the replies to the questionnaire and also tentative drafts of reservations that may be of general application.

It is understood that replies received so far reveal general unanimity of opinion on practically all questions which are likely to help the Government of India in arriving at their own decisions much more expeditiously and also simplify the work of the Viceroy's representatives in reaching conclusions on the Instrument of Accession.—A.P.

M. C. C. TEAM REACHES AUSTRALIA

FREEMANTLE, October 13.

The English cricketers have arrived looking very fit and were accorded a warm welcome.—Reuter.

ARRIVAL AT PERTH

PERTH, Oct. 13.

The M. C. C. team arrived here by motor. They were welcomed in a cordial atmosphere. Assurances of a very happy and peaceful tour were the keynote of the speeches.—Reuter.

Secretary Of State For Scotland Dead

ZURICH, Oct. 13.

Death has occurred of Secretary of State for Scotland, Sir Godfrey Collins.—Reuter.

(Continued From Col. 7).

November 11 as the anti-War day. Mr. Patil said all these years the 11th of November was being observed as "Armistice Day" and he for one thought that the proper body to decide as to whether that day should be observed as a Anti-War Day or not was the Congress Working Committee. In matters like this he was for the B.P.C.C. to take the initiative. But in the above question he was against either in joining in the observance or in taking initiative.

Mr. Masani thought that the distinction that Mr. Patil had made between the Kisan Day and the Anti-War day was very thin. He thought that since the Lucknow Congress had passed the anti-war resolution the B.P.C.C. would agree to join in the observance. As a matter of fact the members of the Party would take part in the observance as mere members, if the B.P.C.C. took up the initiative. Mr. Masani moved that B.P.C.C. do observe the 11th November as the "anti-war day."

COMPROMISE.

At the suggestion of Mr. Brelvi, he did not press for a division on the resolution and Mr. Patil said that he would write to Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru asking him as to whether he was in favour of the Armistice Day being observed as the anti-war day and if he was in favour he should issue instructions accordingly.

At the special meeting of the B.P.C.C., on the motion of Mr. P. R. Lele, the House agreed to a change in the Constitution that the five non-delegate members of the B.P.C.C. who are to be co-opted should be only those who could otherwise stand for election as delegates of the B.P.C.C.

More Trade Expansion For Britain In China

Pact To Give Credit Of Several Millions For Purchases In U. K.

LONDON: October 13.

A greater field for British exports to China is likely in the near future under an agreement which has been reached in principle whereby credits to the extent of several millions sterling will be given to China for purchases in Britain.

These credits would be guaranteed by the British Government on the lines of credits given to the Soviet in July last to the extent of ten million sterling.—Reuter.

WHY SUPPLEMENTARY ELECTION MANIFESTO?

B. P. C. C. Satisfied With Document Issued By Congress Cabinet

"ANTI-WAR DAY" RESOLUTION TO BE REFERRED TO PT. JAWAHARLAL

That the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee is not in favour of issuing any supplementary Election Manifesto, as it might spoil the good effect and the general satisfaction produced by the Congress Manifesto, issued by the Working Committee, was the decision of the B. P. C. C., which met at the Congress House on Tuesday evening with Mr. K. F. Nariman in the chair.

The Committee, however, agreed that individual suggestions of any member of the B. P. C. C. should be sent on to the Presidency Parliamentary Board, without any comment on the part of the Secretariat forwarding the same.

SECRETARY EXPLAINS ISSUES.

After the minutes of the last meeting were confirmed, Mr. S. K. Patil, the General Secretary of the B.P.C.C. said that there was a provision in the Congress Election Manifesto that the Provincial Committees would issue supplementary manifestoes according to the needs and demands of the Province. A resolution had been passed by the Bombay Presidency Parliamentary Board that suggestions for the supplementary Manifesto should be invited from the four different Provincial Congress Committees. The Gujerat Committee had written back to say that the Congress Manifesto was complete in itself and contained practically everything and did not think it necessary that a supplementary Manifesto should be issued, but the Karnatak Committee had sent in 19 points to be added to the Supplementary Manifesto. Mr. Patil thought that the general impression created all over the country by the Congress Manifesto was very good. According to that manifesto there was no possibility of any Congress co-operation at all with the working of the Constitution. He also thought that there was no scope even for the acceptance of ministry under that Manifesto and even if it was accepted, it would be of very short duration, because the Manifesto had been drafted in such a manner. Hence any additional manifesto would only tend towards spoiling the effect created by the original Manifesto. He, therefore, moved that the B.P.C.C. was not in favour of any supplementary manifesto.

SOCIALIST VIEWS.

Mr. M. R. Masani opposed Mr. Patil's resolution. He agreed that the general effect of the Manifesto had really been very good. But even the framers of that Manifesto had provided for the issue of supplementary manifestoes. The speaker was sure that supplementing would spoil the general effect. As regards the Manifesto being so framed as to make co-operation with the working of the constitution impossible, Mr. Masani thought that there were loopholes. He quoted a paragraph, which stated that while the Congress realised that nothing could be achieved through the legislature, it would try to achieve certain things (stated in the Manifesto) "whenever we have the power to do so." There were enough portions in the Manifesto which could be called reformist. As a matter of fact, excepting for the political side of it, the whole Manifesto could be called reformist. He thought that there were several subjects peculiar to the Presidency which could be added on a Supplementary Manifesto. He suggested that the City Parliamentary Committee should be authorised to receive suggestions and report to the B.P.C.C. at its next meeting.

Mr. S. A. Brelvi said that the suggestions of individuals should be forwarded to the Presidency Parliamentary Board for their consideration for a Supplementary Manifesto irrespective of the view of the B.P.C.C. about the issuing of the supplementary manifesto.

Sjt. Bhulabhai Desai congratulated Mr. Patil for his advanced view that issuing of a supplementary manifesto would tend towards reformist mentality as the impression created by the original Manifesto was really very effective. But if the suggestion came from a certain section that supplementary manifesto should be issued, that suggestion should be forwarded to the Parliamentary Committee.

Mr. Sunderdas Morarji said that there was no necessity of the suggestions going through the B.P.C.C. and that it should go direct to the Presidency Parliamentary Board. He could not understand why there should be the stamp of the B.P.C.C. on those suggestions.

Mr. Bhulabhai Desai said that he for one was not of a suspicious temperament. He could not see if there was anything behind the suggestions made. Hence he said the suggestions should be sent on through the B.P.C.C.

Mr. Sunderdas observed that in political life suspicion was inherent subconsciously.

PATIL'S MOTION PASSED.

The proposal of Mr. Bhulabhai Desai and Mr. Brelvi was accepted that the suggestions should be received for a week and should be forwarded to the Presidency Parliamentary Board. The House also passed Mr. Patil's original resolution, since Mr. Masani did not press for his amendment.

QUOTA OF DELEGATES.

Mr. Patil then read out the quota of delegates to the Congress from each Ward Congress Committee. He said that the number of delegates allotted to Bombay City was only 25, though they had enrolled about 29,000 Congress members. They were allowed to send a delegate for 1,100 members while in other Provinces for every 250 members a delegate was allowed to be elected. Proper arithmetical calculation had resulted in the following quota for each Ward:—'A' Ward 2 delegates; 'B' Ward 3; 'C' Ward 6; 'D' Ward 5; 'E' Ward 2; 'F' Ward 3 and 'G' Ward 4 delegates. The House accepted the quota.

Since the 15th of November was a public holiday and most of the Congress members would be engaged otherwise, Mr. Patil suggested that the date for the election of delegates should be fixed either on the 22nd or the 29th November, provided the election did not clash with the meeting of the A.I.C.C. The House agreed.

At the suggestion of Mr. Iswarbhai Patel, the House agreed that the attention of the Ward Congress Committees should be drawn that they should pay the B.P.C.C. quota of the membership fees before the election day.

At the suggestion of Mr. Lele, the House approved of some verbal change in the constitution of the D Ward Congress Constitution to the effect that any member of the Council who absented himself or herself for two consecutive meetings should be informed before fresh elections to the place are made.

Consideration of the G. Ward Congress constitution was postponed to a later date as there were certain clauses which were not in agreement with the constitution of the B. P. C. C.

The letter from the Secretary of the Bombay and Suburban Physical Culture Association asking for the presentation of a Shield or a cup for the tournament was recorded.

A.I.C.C. OFFICE LETTER.

There was some discussion when the letter of the A.I.C.C. office regarding the Election Fund Collection Fortnight was placed before the House by the General Secretary.

It was suggested that collections were being made by the Parliamentary Committee direct and some of the members wanted to know why the B.P.C.C. should do it.

Mr. Patil said that the Parliamentary Committee was not different from the B.P.C.C. As a matter of fact it was a creature of the B.P.C.C. He wanted that the B.P.C.C. should endorse the letter.

Mr. Soonderdas Morarji observed that separate collections will create many difficulties. He wanted that a single body should make the collections, whether it was the B.P.C.C. or the Parliamentary Board or the Central Parliatary Committee. He had no objection to the All-India Committee collecting it. Bombay was in a position to pay and it would certainly pay well.

The letter was endorsed.

"ANTI-WAR DAY."

The next letter that Mr. Patil placed before the House was that of the Secretary of the Congress Socialist Party requesting the B.P.C.C. to join in observance of

(Continued in Col. 5.)

HE WORKS 18 HOURS A DAY

Congress President's Tireless Efforts To Spread Message Of Freedom

MADRAS, (By Mail.)

Mr. S. Satyamurti, President of the Tamil Nad Congress Committee, has issued the following statement:—

I should like to express my very sincere and profound gratitude to the citizens of Madras for their magnificent response to the call of the Indian National Congress, as evidenced by the enthusiastic reception given to Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru on his arrival and by the unprecedented large and enthusiastic crowds which has followed wherever we went during the last three and a half days and at the meetings he addressed.

WORKED 18 HOURS A DAY.

I realise that Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru has a personality which arrests attention. But he realises none better that all the enthusiasm is very largely expression of the faith of the people of Madras in the mission of the Indian National Congress. Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru has yet to do about ten days' tour in Tamil Nad. Meantime I should like to express publicly my admiration and gratitude to him for the manner in which he has devoted practically all the waking hours of everyday, roughly amounting to 18 hours, to spread the message of the Congress. I hope that he will have the strength and the health to carry through such a programme throughout the Tamil Nad tour.

ONE SUPREME MESSAGE.

I should like to thank particularly the volunteers and all the friends, men and women, who have helped us to make his stay in Madras the distinct success it has been. This is not the time nor the opportunity for me to assess the various aspects of the message he has been giving in abundance to the citizens of Madras. The one supreme message which he has brought and delivered to us, is the message of freedom for which the Indian National Congress is working. He has asked all people to strengthen the Congress, for he believes, and has said so publicly, that Socialism in which he believes can become possible only in a free self-Governing India. That is the message I should like to emphasise if I may. And may I take this opportunity to appeal to the citizens of Madras to translate their magnificent enthusiasm into action and show it on the 28th October when they will go to the poll to vote for the Council of the Madras Corporation.

VOTE FOR CONGRESS.

I sincerely hope and trust that all the carping criticisms will cease. No man is perfect, not even the Congress candidate. It is treachery to the Congress not to vote or support the Congress candidate. If all this enthusiasm means anything, if it is sincere, it must show itself in those areas where Congressmen and women who are now opposing the Congress withdrawing and in the voters showing their faith in the Congress by voting for the Congress candidates.—A.P.

AN "AT HOME" TO MERCHANT.

An "At Home" was given to Mr. V. M. Merchant, cricketer, by Sydenham College students on Monday evening at the Sydenham College. Photo shows Mr. Merchant in the centre along with others.

Vijaya Merchant Entertained

The Principal and members of the staff of the Sydenham College of Commerce and Economics, Bombay, entertained Mr. Vijaya M. Merchant to an "At Home" on the College grounds on Monday evening. A large number of students, past and present were present.

Principal Tannan in welcoming Mr. Merchant referred to the early promise that he gave when a student of the College some eight years back of developing into a star batsman as he now is. His performances for the College secured for it the Ibrahim Rahimtullah Cup and the Inter-Collegiate Cricket Trophy, the Northcote Challenge Shield. The staff and students of the College had watched the progress since then of Mr. Merchant and had admired the sportsmanship, sense of discipline and the team-spirit which always characterised Mr. Merchant. His prowess with the willow in the recent tour in England had stamped him in the opinion of the English cricketing public as a classic batsman.

Dewan Bahadur Krishnalal Javeri, speaking on behalf of the Advisory Board of the College, associated himself warmly with what the Principal had said and wished Mr. Merchant health and further distinction in the cricketing world.

Mr. Merchant said that though the performances of the team had been much below the expectations of the Indian cricket-loving public the team had not failed in its object of bringing together the peoples of the two countries and thus cementing the bonds of friendship between these two great nations. In spite of defeats and disappointments, the team played the game always in the true sense of the word, and therefore, was very popular wherever it went.

No Privileges For M. L. A's. Outside Assembly

Home Member Explains Legal Position Of Ban On A. N. Chattopadhyaya

(From Our Correspondent).

SIMLA, October 12.

In the Assembly to-day the Finance Member informed Mr. Avanashilingam Chettiar that the defence estimates for Burma were under preparation and until they were completed, the exact effect of separation of Burma on defence expenditure could not be stated.

Regarding the selection of an officer for appointment as Director General of the I.M.S. Sir G. S. Bajpai told Mr. Muthurangam Mudaliar that the appointment was made by the Governor-General in Council after full consideration of the record of services of all officers eligible for consideration. Such discussions were confidential and I am not prepared to disclose whether they have taken place and, if they have taken place, what their nature has been.

Sir H Craik told Mr. Abdul Matin Choudhry that Nasimullah of Shahbad, Hardoi District, had been externed from Delhi Province for three months because he had been acting in a manner prejudicial to public safety and peace.

WHEELER REPORT.

Replying to Mr. Muthurangam Mudaliar, Sir H. Craik, said the Wheeler Committee's report was not likely to be published during the current session of the Assembly. The decision on its recommendations will be that of Government of India except where the sanction of the Secretary of State was required.

M.L.A.'S ACTIONS OUTSIDE HOUSE.

Regarding freedom of speech of the members, Mr. Satyamurti drew the attention to the ban on Mr. A. N. Chattopadhyaya from addressing public meeting in his constituency.

Sir H. Craik said: The legal position is perfectly clear and well-known. Outside the House speeches of a member are not privileged. In regard to Mr. Chattopadhyaya's speeches and action, whether in his constituency or elsewhere, the laws which apply to the public generally apply to him also. The Government of India see no necessity for issue of any instructions on the subject.

JAWAHAR'S LETTER TO SUBHAS

Mr. L. K. Maitra: Did the Hon. Member enquire whether the contents of this letter addressed by Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru to Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose contained political discussions or political matters?

Sir Henry Craik: Yes, I did enquire and it did contain.

Mr. Mohanlal Saksena: Did the Hon. Member see the letter himself?

Sir H. Craik: No, I have not seen the actual letter.

Mr. Saksena: Did the Hon. Member send for it and satisfy himself?

Sir H. Craik: No. But I am aware of the contents.

IS BAN ABSOLUTE?

Mr. Lalchand Navalrai: May I know from the Hon. Member, if people are forbidden to write to these political prisoners in any case?

Sir H. Craik: I do not know what the Hon. Member means exactly by "in any case." All letters of State prisoners are subject to censorship.

Mr. Navalrai: If they do not contain anything of politics, are they allowed or not?

President: This is a hypothetical question.

Sir H. Craik: That hardly arises out of this question, but if a letter does not contain political matters or anything objectionable, it would be passed.

Mr. Saksena: Was the letter wholly political?

Sir H. Craik: Yes.

DID MAHATMA WRITE?

Mr. Saksena: Is it a fact that Mahatma Gandhi had written to Government asking for permission to write to Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose?

Sir H. Craik: No. Not so far as I am aware.

Mr. Saksena: The member's attention has not been drawn to reports in the Press that Mahatma Gandhi wanted to correspond with Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose on pure non-political matters?

President: Hon'ble Member has already answered that. No permission was asked for by Mahatma Gandhi.

In The Council Of State

SMOOTH SAILING FOR COMPANIES BILL

Most Amendments Accepted Without Much Discussion

SIMLA, Oct. 13.

Speedy progress was made by the Council in detailed consideration of the Company Bill. Sir N. N. Sircar who has recovered from his illness was present.

Of the 65 amendments tabled, 45 were disposed of by lunch time when the House had adopted 47 clauses of the Bill including those relating to Managing Agents and their remuneration. A feature of the discussion has been that Government resisted extreme views pressed whether by the non-official Indian Opposition Group or by the two European non-official members, namely, Messrs Parker and Arthur. Even among the members of the Opposition Group, there did not appear to be complete unanimity in every respect. Government stood by the Bill as passed by the lower House except for the few amendments notified in the name of Mr. Sen.

Mr. Parker's suggestion, supported by Mr. Arthur, that shareholders themselves should be allowed to decide whether they desired regulation 107 regarding compulsory publication of profit and loss account of their company was resisted by Sir N. N. Sircar and was lost.

Mr. P. N. Sapru was successful with his suggestion that a Director who had been removed should not be reappointed director by the board of directors.

DURATION OF MG. AGENTS.

Mr. Parker moved an amendment to clause 44, relating to the duration of Managing Agents, that he (Managing Agent) may be removed from office only by a special resolution of the Company after expiration of 20 years from the commencement of the new Act. He and Mr. Arthur, held that the provision in the Bill as now worded interfered with the existing practice. If the legislature desired to interfere with the period of the Managing Agents, let it be in the case of companies to be formed after the new Act.

Sir N. N. Sircar thought that Managing Agents did not realise that they were not sufficiently grateful to Government for having got for them 20 years. Government while being firm that the 20 year period should not be reduced, were equally firm that it should not be extended. After 20 years, a Managing Agent would not go out if there was a resolution reappointing him. If they were really good Managing Agents they would be reappointed.

The amendment was rejected.

"ABSURD SUGGESTION."

Mr. Hosain Imam suggested that Managing Agents of Companies who not paid at least 15 per cent in all in seven years, ending 1935, should be dismissed within a year of the new Act came into force, and not be eligible for re-election. This suggestion was described by Sir N. N. Sircar as absurd and rejected without further discussion.

Referring to the clause relating to remuneration of Managing Agents, Mr. Parker proposed that depreciation should not be included among items in assessing net profits. This was supported by Sir Phiroze Sethna but opposed by Mr. Ramsaran Das. Government also opposed the suggestion and it was rejected.

Mr. Parker then expressed his apprehension that the power given to every shareholder to inspect contracts or other arrangements of a company was likely to be abused with "malafide' intentions. He therefore, proposed the deletion of this power.

Sir N. N. Sircar pointed out that on the other hand unless this provision was there, even a shareholder with a large stake in a concern, would not have the right to examine contracts if he wanted to do so. He however, assured that if in actual practice, it appeared that the power was being abused with a 'malafide' intention, then suitable steps would be considered.

Lala Ramsarandas was unsuccessful with his amendment suggesting that any person convicted for misfeasance or fraud should not become a director of a company.

SIX AMENDMENTS.

Half a dozen amendments moved on behalf of the Government were accepted without much discussion. They related to allotment of share capital and further issue of capital as well as provident funds.

Mr. Mehrotra's amendment that any person acting in contravention of the section in the Bill relating to conditions as to the issue of prospectus shall be liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 100 was accepted by Government and carried.

The proposal of Mr. Sen that all contributions to Provident Fund whether by employees or employer shall be invested in Government securities was carried, though it was opposed by Mr. Parker.

NO DIVISION.

No division took place on any amendment and the Third Reading speeches tended to pointing out certain defects in the Bill which should be remedied by an amending Bill.

Mr. Sen for his part expressed satisfaction that much lesser time had been taken than was anticipated for passage of the measure, in the Council.

Lala Ramsarandas regretted his amendment was not accepted a regret which was shared in by three other members of the Progressive Party.

Mr. Basu congratulated Sir N. N. Sircar on the dexterity with which the Bill had been piloted.

LOOPHOLES IN BILL.

Mr. Hossain Imam thought that the loopholes in the Bill would provide veritable paradise for lawyers.

Mr. Parker said the Bill would have improved if his amendments had met with better fate.

Mr. Sen assured the House that Government would consider the question of an amending Bill if experience of working of the Act dictated that.

The President joined in the congratulations to Sir N. N. Sircar and Mr. Sen.

The House adjourned till Thursday.—A. P.

Vagaries Of Officials Tell On Famine Victims

'NAGAR PEASANTS' REQUEST FOR CANAL WATER MEETS WITH QUEER RESPONSE

Mr. Indulal Yajnik writes:—

Here is a heart-rending tale of the plight of the famine-stricken peasants of Ahmednagar District as told to me at Poona by responsible leaders of the local Peasants' Union.

High hopes were entertained by the peasants of the stricken area in the first week of September, when Government announced their intention of supplying canal water to the peasants at nominal rates for growing fodder to enable them to maintain their live stock during the ensuing year.

On 5th September about 50 peasants of Muthe Vadgaon and Mal Vadgaon applied to the Collector for the supply of water from the canal that has turned their fields into salty marshes, and filled their wells with saltish water.

In his reply the Collector stated that it was impossible for the Government to supply water to the peasants as their lands were situated in the factory area.

The peasants still hopeful submitted an application to the Sub-Divisional Officer for the supply of water. But incredible as it might appear, some applications were rejected forthwith as they were not signed by the mortgagees of the lands. Even those, whose applications were accepted, were left in mid-air; for when they asked if they should repair the "chari" the sub-canal, which had been out of use for a long time to facilitate the flow of water to their fields, they were definitely asked not to do so.

The peasants, still hoping against hope, requested the Commissioner of the Central Division on September 11th for ordering the supply of water. To which the haughty official replied in the negative on 1st October.

The sting of the story lies in its tail.

On October 9 the Sub-Divisional Officer sprang a surprise on the tantalised peasants by allowing them to take water on the very next day—10th and that too for one day only. As the 'chari,' the sub-canal, had not been repaired, the peasants pleaded the utter impossibility of turning the water to their fields and appealed in piteous tones to grant them water for 2 or 3 days more.

This most reasonable and moving appeal fell on deaf ears.

Nay more. Government would not grant 'Tagavi' loans to these peasants as their saltish wells could not be used for raising fodder. And the Belapur Sugar Company which was said to have been authorised to grow fodder on 1,000 acres of its extensive lands for growing fodder, has not raised so far as blade of grass to feed the dying cattle.

On the other hand, this company charges Re. 1 for permitting each head of cattle to graze on its fallow lands.

All hopes are now turned to the District Famine Relief Committee and the Bombay Mayor's Relief Fund for the alleviation of the distress of men and cattle in this thrice-stricken area.

"ORGANISE AND UNITE"

A Call To Gujerat Peasants And Labourers

(From Our Correspondent).

SAYAJIGANJ (Baroda): Oct. 13.

Under the auspices of the Baroda City Praja Mandal, during the Gandhi Week celebrations in the absence through illness of Syt. Dinkar Mehta, a prominent Gujerat Youth Leader, Sjt. Bhogilal Gandhi delivering a lecture on Peasants and Labourers of Gujerat, urged them to organise systematically for getting redress of their grievances and the establishment of their rights. He exhorted the audience about planning economics on national basis for stopping the alien economic exploitation, and to study the principles of Socialism, for applying them strictly to Indian conditions, to achieve Independence through Nationalism.

Concluding his illuminating address, he stressed the need of unity in the rank and file of the Labourers and Peasants, for curing their various ills.

A. I. C. C. MEETING

Dates Not Yet Fixed

ALLAHABAD, October 13.

Acharya Kripalini, General Secretary of the Congress, has issued the following statement to the Press:

"The Press has announced the exact dates of the next meeting of the A.I.C.C. and the Working Committee. The announcement is reported to have been made by me at Bombay. I had no interview with any representative there. No definite dates have been yet fixed. All that has been decided upon is that, meetings will be held at Patna sometime in the third week of November. When the exact dates are fixed the same shall be announced through the Press."—United Press.

SEVEN YEARS' JAIL FOR MURDER

SANGLI, Oct. 13.

Mr. H. T. Lambrick, I.C.S. Additional Sessions Judge, convicted and sentenced the two accused Chavan and Joshi under Sec. 201 I. P. C. to seven years' rigorous imprisonment each in the sensational Sangli murder case.

The accused were charged with murder of one Patwardhan two years ago.—A.P.

DESHMUKH'S BILL FOR SELECT COMMITTEE?

Govt. Spokesman's Statement

(From Our Correspondent).

SIMLA: Oct. 13.

Sir Frank Noyce made the following statement in the Assembly to-day:—

"Sir, we have received representations to the effect that there is a general desire that time should be given to Dr. G. V. Deshmukh to move during the present session for reference to a Select Committee of his Hindu Women's Right to Property Bill and we are assured that the motion will be uncontroversial subject to the realisation of conditions on which I agreed yesterday to time being given for the Ajmer Durga Bill, namely that Government business is concluded on Thursday and that the House then manifests the desire to sit for that Bill on Friday, we will be prepared to allow Dr. Deshmukh to move his motion on Friday after the disposal of the Durga Bill. I also ask for your direction, Sir, on the question raised yesterday, namely, whether the House will sit to-morrow."

KASHMIR ASSEMBLY

Members Disapprove Budget And Walk Out

SHRINAGAR, Oct. 13.

In the Kashmir Legislative Assembly, the budget was introduced yesterday by the Finance Minister. The revised estimates for the current year show an improvement in revenue and saving in expenditure resulting in a surplus of nearly 4½ lakhs.

Estimates for the coming year provide for a total revenue of Rs. 24,705,000 and a total expenditure of Rs. 24,703,000. The budget was not well received by the majority of elected members who after expressing disapproval refused to take part in the discussion and left the Assembly Hall.—A. P.

BULLION MERCHANT DUPED?

Bogus Purchaser Plays Tricks Involving Rs. 10,000

JUBBULPORE, Oct. 13.

The local bullion market appears to be perturbed over the playing of trick on a leading bullion merchant by a trickster who is alleged to have robbed the merchant to the extent of Rs. 10,000.

Enquiries reveal that a stranger arriving at Jubbulpore visited Seth Chouthmal Chandmal's shop and wanted to purchase 300 tolas of gold which they supplied last evening. Advancing Rs. 100 as earnest money the stranger requested the merchant to pack the gold bars in a specially designed case brought by him, in his presence which, he said, he would take next morning, by paying the balance, and send to Darbhanga. The bars were packed accordingly and placed in a strong safe.

This morning when the stranger did not return, the merchant becoming nervous reported the matter to the police and opening the safe and the case in their presence was surprised to see that the gold bars were missing and case was containing lead bars instead.

The police are making vigorous investigation. The trickster still remains untraced.—United Press.

DEMAND FOR CONSTITUENT ASSEMBLY

Bengal Students' Urge Adult Suffrage And Joint Electorates

CALCUTTA, Oct. 13.

At to-day's sitting of the All Bengal Students' Conference, Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose presiding, resolutions were passed urging the formation of Bengal Provincial Students' Federation, immediate repatriation of political prisoners in Andamans and repeal of repressive laws and condemning acceptance of offices under the new Constitution and also the action proposed by the Calcutta University to restrict the number of students in Calcutta colleges and demanding Constituent Assembly elected by Indian people on the basis of adult suffrage and joint electorates.—A.P.

TUSSLE FOR CIVIC POWER

Party Moves In Lahore Municipality

LAHORE, Oct. 13.

An interesting development is expected in the tussle now proceeding in the Lahore Municipality for power, between the Reforms Party and the party led by the President Mr. Malik Mohddin.

In that connection the Reforms Party has given notice of a resolution expressing no-confidence in the President, requesting him to convene a meeting of the Municipality immediately.

The Reforms Party is at present composed of 32 out of 47 members, including 15 Hindus, 14 Muslims, 1 Indian Christian and 2 Sikhs.—United Press.

INQUIRY INTO ELEPHANTA CAVES

Govt. Committee To Investigate Causes Of Deterioration

(From Our Correspondent).

SIMLA: Oct. 13.

A Press Communique states:—

The Government of India have decided to appoint a committee to inquire into the causes of deterioration in sculptures in Elephanta Caves and to make suggestions for their preservation. The Committee will be constituted as follows:

Mr. J. F. Blakiston, Director-General of Archaeology in India, Chairman.

(1) Doctor S. S. Bhatnagar, Professor of Chemistry, Punjab University;

(2) Mr. A. Croad, Superintending Engineer, Central Public Works Department and

(3) Mr. S. N. Gupta, Principal Mayo School of Arts, Lahore, as members.

The Committee will meet in November, 1936 and the inquiry will be held partly at Bombay and partly at Elephanta.

NO CORPORAL PUNISHMENT

Students Protest Against Action Of Superintendent

AHMEDABAD, Oct. 13.

About 80 students of Patidar Hostel have gone on hunger-strike since yesterday as a protest against the alleged infliction of corporal punishment on some students, by the Superintendent.

A meeting of the strikers held to-day passed resolutions laying down the terms on which the students are willing to end the strike.—United Press.

Mainly About Motion Pictures

From "Manmohan" a forthcoming Sagar release.

"MAYA"

Second Week At Minerva

(CONTRIBUTED)

One of the most cleverly picturized, directed and acted is New Theatres' social melodrama 'Maya' now drawing crowded houses every day is running 2nd week at Minerva Talkies.

'Maya' tells of a story of modern conflicts of thoughts. Western ideology, Western outlook in daily life—which sweep over Indian ideology create a scuffle between the two and there comes forth a dilemma in which both the parties are entangled and vainly try to seek its solution.

'Maya'—is an effort to throw light over this strange complexity. Serene was the object of Pratap—who living in quite an ultra-modern society, comes across an ultra-modern girl. She was to marry Pratap. Can she give him that peace of soul?

Pratap (Pahari Sanyal) found place of soul in Maya—Maya who was but like a maid in the house of 'Shanta'—She was calm, cool and serene—A monument of magnificent Pratap thought that only tenderness. Maya can give him what he wanted. And he began to love her? But did Shanta tolerate this sort of affair with Maya?. . .

There is your favourite director Sjt. Pramathesh Barua—who gave you 'Devdas', how wonderfully he must have directed the remaining touching sequences! You can understand with what remarkable ease Sjt. Barua can handle his characters! And in this great picture 'Maya', Barua is really greater than any other Indian director. So far as social themes are concerned. Director Barua has no equal in our Indian Filmworld. In 'Maya' he gives us a remarkable climax.

About the characters you can rest assured that when there are stars like Jamuna, Pahari Sanyal, Azurie, K. C. Dey, Nawab, Jagdeesh, Harimati and Rajlaxmi.

Photography is brilliant, dialogues are touching and tense, music is charming and pleasant.

"DHARMATMA"

At Kohinoor

Thounsands that have seen Prabhat's grand production "Dharmatma" (Hindi) and hundreds that have not seen, will be delighted to learn that the picture is revived at Kohinoor Cinema, Dadar.

Of its many virtues the chief is the music, which in itself is worth any price of admission. Balgandharva, who makes his debut in this picture has a golden voice which the director has exploited to the fullest extent. Then there are songs from Shanta Apte, Nalinee Turkhad, little Vesantee which are all again worth going miles to hear.

The theme of the story is one of the burning problems of the day namely the problem of untouchability; which is so well exploited by the genius of the director, that nothing else can impress the people more of this hideous practice.

Unique in its appeal, full of beautiful songs and a gripping story, "Dharmatma" is a picture that no lovers of screen should miss it.

(It will be re-called that Kohinoor Cinema, Dadar, is recently completely renovated, since it changed hands and now it is a Talkie House, that is in comfort and cleanliness, equal to any other Theatre in Bombay.)

Jaddan Bai in the "Call of the Soul"

Question Of The Week

Is Film-acting less "respectable" than any other career for women?

"POUNDALIK"

At The Majestic

(CONTRIBUTED)

A splendid specimen of Parijit pictures' screen art at its best and most inspired picture "Poundalik" is now running in the 3rd week at the Majestic and seems likely to run for some weeks more.

The secret of the success of the picture lies in the intellengent tratment of a story of the highest moral level and full of human interest. It is a mythological picture depicting the life of saint Poundalik, who is handed down by treatment of a story of the highest devotees of Maharashtra. It teaches that love of God and faith triumphs over everything in life and money, riches, love etc., are only rocks in life that are like shifting sands. The drama is as appealing as it is instructive. The conversion of Poundalik is very skillfully drawn when in depicting the devotional part, with the contrast when he is seen a gay man full of love for his wife, very rich and arrogant.

The gorgeous scene of Pandharpur, Fair, which is believed to be originated from Poundalik, is one of the subtle sentiments, that mark the high light of the production, that is one of the best pictures of the season.

PRIDE OF INDIA"

Large Crowds At The Imperial

(CONTRIBUTED.)

The Imperial film "Pride of India", a story of love and passion offers Miss Sulochana, the star, a dual role, she is first seen as Saroj, wife of Col. Sinha who in her search for happiness, falls into the clutches of the unscrupulous Ratanlal. She is forced to commit a murder while defending her virtue and is sent to prison for long term. The years pass, and her daughter, Kamal (also played by Sulochana) is about to be married to Vasant. The wedding coincides with the day of Saroj's release and Vasant intrduces her to his fiance as his mother. She takes unkindly to her at first, but later she learns her true identity. Ratanlal tries to seduce Kamal, but Vasant intervenes in time. Ratanlal swears to kill Vasant. The scene shifts to a Frontier Army outpost. Ratanlal and Vasant are the only servicors and one of them has to blow up a powder magazine. As Vasant steps forward to certain death, an unknown arrives and snatches the torch from him. It is Saroj, expiating her early life.

Sulochana is supported by a strong cast which includes D. Billimoria (Vasant), Gulam Mohamed (Ratanlal), Asuji (Col Sinha), Jamna and Baby Majuri.

Miss Sulochana, the Pride of Indian Screen played the duel role of Saroj and Kamal and has done her best. Her dialogues have been spoken much better than in her previous pictures. A Kamal she looks quite and eenrgetic young girl, D. Billimoria has done very well as the hero. Story is powerful and nevel. Asuji as Colonel Sinha is alright, and has acquainted himself well Background music is appealing. Photography is very good. Recording is also good and setting are well designed. Costumes are alright and very attractive. Direction is very good. The theme is novel and has been quite well produced. The picture is good for the masses and the classes. Sulochana alone will make the picture a box office hit, added with the name of Imperial as the producers and Chowdhary as director the picture is sure to go well. Huge crowds are drawn every day at the Imperial Talkies, where it is being shown for the Second Week.

"Pride of India" at the Imperial.

"DILJANI OR MASTANA"

A Comedy At The Wellington

(CONTRIBUTED.)

You must have seen many an Indian Comedy but here is an Indian Comedy romance "Diljani or Mastana" now running at the Wellington Talkies—it is quite different from our usual pictures.

When you see this Bharat Laxmi Pictures (Calcutta)'s romantic comedy you will surely laugh to your heart's content—you will be reminded about Laurel and Hardy Comedies.

It is a funny story of a man who starts in search of an up-to-date sweet heart—The effort makes him pass through many a curious and strange incident which will make you roar into a laughter.

Here is a pair of Indian Laurel and Hardy Mr. Vilayatoo and Gama supported by Miss Deobala, Miss Leela, Miss Sheila.

If you want to laugh you must see this picture at the Wellington Talkies, Dhobie Talao.

CHANGE OF PROGRAMME AT THE PLAZA

The Plaza Talkies (Tilak Bridge, Dadar) are screening from to-day (Wednesday) the hilarious and excruciatingly funny Laurel and Hardy comedy "Babes in Toyland." The two pet comedians are now busily engaged in making toys. and the whole picture being in entire technicolour is very refreshing and entertaining. Laurel and Hardy create roars of laughter and kiddies will delight to see this picture again and again.

NEW PARAMOUNT PRODUCTION HEAD

Tricked Into Movie Business

A man who was tricked into entering the motion picture business, and who once refused a partnership interest in the major film company that now employs him, has just been made production head of Paramount Studios to add another unique chapter to one of the most interesting careers in show business. The man is William LeBaron.

LeBaron's affiliation with the theatre began while he was a student at New York University. There, in collaboration with Deems Taylor, now famous as a composer, he wrote four musical plays for the university drama group. The last of the four, "The Echo," was of such high quality a Broadway producer acquired it, and it ran for months, much to the pleasure and profit of the Messrs. Taylor and LeBaron. From that moment on LeBaron thought in terms of the theatre, although his livelihood following graduation came from his daytime work with a firm of publishers.

It was this employment that plunged him, unwillingly, into motion picture work. His employer, the publisher, likewise was interested in a film company. One day the publisher-producer summoned LeBaron, took him into a projection room, and made him look at a picture. "What do you think of it?" LeBaron was asked, after the running. "I think it's terrible," he replied. "So do I," said the boss. "You fix it up" LeBaron doctored the ailing picture with such skill that from then on he did nothing else.

In his spare moments LeBaron had continued with his play writing and even prepared vaudeville sketches for a musical group headed by Jesse L. Lasky. This affiliation had a later bearing, for when word of LeBaron's skill as a film editor got around Lasky, C. B. DeMille and Samuel Goldwyn invited him to join the company they then were forming. That company to-day is Paramount, and LeBaron has the all-important job he once declined.

"AMAR-JYOTI"

At Krishna

Still prime favourite of Bombay film fans who daily crowd at the Krishna—from the popularity it has gained it looks that Prabhat's 'Amar-Jyoti' is staying there for keeps. To a splendid story beautiful music and some of the most delightful singing we have ever heard on or off the screen, this picture adds acting of a high order, clever dialogue, and good direction. Lately the picture represented the Indian film industry at the International exhibition very successfully and secured the expected credit for Indians in their Screen play venture.

Picture is entering its.....week and it is expected the same will continue its run for a further considerable time at the earnest request of the City Film fans.

"NOOR-E-VAHADAT"

For The Globe

(CONTRIBUTED.)

A beautiful romance of a swash bukling hero who in order to win his nation's freedom fights his way to victory is East India Film Co., (Calcutta)'s "Noor-e-Vahadat" shortly coming to Globe Talkies.

"Noor-e-Vahadat" is an anecdote from the history of the brave Moguls. All the glory and pagentry of mogul era is marvellously portrayed in this picture.

There are your favourite stars like Gulhamid, Lalita, P. Cooper, Mazaharkhan and Indoobala.

"Diljani" at the Wellington.

NEWS FROM HOLLYWOOD

Hollywood short short story ..... 1921—A young stunt man named Eddie Sutherland is on the set, gazing enraptured at the star of the picture, Helen Holmes, as she goes through a scene. Timidly, 1936—Eddie Sutherland is on the set directing W. C. Fields in his new picture, "Poppy." The scene is over and an attractive woman, her rich hair dappled with grey, steps from the ranks of the extra players. She approaches the director, hands him a picture, and asks for his autograph. Sutherland looks at her, his eyes gleam fondly in recognition, and he autographs the photo: "To Helen Holmes—Thanks for giving me my start in the business." Sounds just like Hollywood, doesn't it?

And everywhere that John Bennett went, Alan Baxter was sure to follow ..... That variation of the famous Mother Goose rhyme seems to be a fact in so far as these two favourites are concerned ..... In "13 Hours by Air," Joan is a likeable young blonde, on a flight across country ..... And in the same 'plane is a mean old villain, Alan Baxter, right on her trail. ... But the hero fixes him all right ..... In "Big Brown Eyes," now in production is again a likeable young blonde, and the bold bad man who's after her is none other than Alan Baxter ..... The picture is not yet complete, but we are fairly certain that once again Miss Bennett will be rescued at the last moment from the claws of Baxter, who, in private life, is the mild-mannered and soft-spoken son of a New York banker ... That's the movies for you!

* * * *

The best extemporaneous wisecrack of recent months: At the gala annual dinner of the Motion Picture Academy of Arts and Sciences, the master of ceremonies gave a glowing introduction to the noted scientist, Robert Millikan, said to be the only man able to understand the Einstein theory. While the flustered Millikan was taking a bow, Oakie leaned over to a guest and remarked, "But he can't act" .....

* * * *

Elizabeth Patterson, who has appeared in four recent Paramount productions, has had her contract extended for another term. At the same time her option was picked up Paramount annouriced a part in "Three Cheers for Love" for Miss Patterson. Eleanore Whitney and William Frawley are the only other players cast so far. Miss Patterson who was a well-known New York stage actress and also played with the Stuart Walker Company in Cincinnati and Indianapolis before coming to Hollywood, appeared in "Men Without Names," "So Red the Rose," "Her Master's Voice" and "Timothy's Quest" during the past year.

Mr. S. K. Nawab features in the "Maya" at the Minerva.

"RAJ-DULARI"

For The Globe

(CONTRIBUTED.)

If you want to hear marvellous song hits from noted songsters and actress Begum Jahanara Kajjan, you must not miss Tollywood studio (Calcutta)'s "Raj Dulari" now drawing crowded houses at the Globe Talkies.

"Raj Dulari" is a story of a young Rajput valiant who in order to avenge his father's death becomes a lawless bandit and fights his foe in a remarkable manner.

There are good songs, touching dialogues and attractive dances. You must see stars like Kajjan, Khalil Ahmed, Mohamed Husein and Shella etc. B.

'CALL OF THE SOUL' OR 'HRIDAYA MANTHAN'

At The Cinema Majestic This Saturday

The release of the "Call of the Soul" or Hridaya Manthan," the Sangeet Movietone's Super sensational social smash hit of the year at the Majestic will undoubtedly be a memorable presentation in the annals of the Indian Screen World.

It is the story of a forsaken and forlorn Hindu wife with a soul stirring dramatic theme. Rai Saheb Keshav Chandra, a millionaire of Bengal starts on a pilgrimage to Benares with his charming wife Nirmala. From here the story starts with gorgeous scenes, of the pious ghats and temples of the Holy City. It is here that Nirmala Devi meets with a terrible misfortune and as ill luck would have it, she is forsaken by the society, confronting unspeakable misery and torture and ultimately she has to stay in the red light districts of the City of Calcutta, leading the pitiable and horrible life of a daughter of joy.

Nirmala Devi, having been shadowed by certain ruffians sees her honour at stake and in order to save the same, jumps into the holy river but is rescued by a certain Bhola Pagal, a victim of social injustices, who nurses her to health and when he brings her to her husband's house, she finds that no welcome awaits her. On the contrary Rai Saheb Keshav Chandra Bannerjee, her husband a staunch believer in social customs and a blind follower of the misinterpreted Shastras, hands over a revolver to her, saying "Take this, Nirmala! and make an end of your life to save both your family's honour and your own." After this, the brilliantly accurate picture becomes most exciting, most dynamic and most thrilling, presenting each climax with due balance of force to grip the audience in a manner to compel it to believe that "Call of the Soul" is a picture of rare merits and is undoubtedly one of country's proud presentations.

The Grand Premiere of this picture will be at the Cinema Majestic Giragum, from Saturday, the 17th, October 1936.

SPECIAL CHANGE OF PROGRAMME

At Pathe

Claudette Colbert in "Cleopatra" will be shown at Pathe from today and until Friday next. This is one of the biggest achievements by Cecil B. De Mille and included in the cast are Warren William, and Henry Wilcoxon, with thousands of extras.

"Raj Dulari" at the Globe.

OUR READERS' VIEWS

Maharajah Tukoji Rao Holkar

To The Editor of "The Chronicle".

Sir,—I shall be much obliged if you will kindly grant me some space for this letter.

I was taken by surprise when I read, in last Sunday's edition of your valued journal, a report of the meeting held in Poona, under the presidency of Rao Bahadur S. K. Bole, M.L.C., to protest against a 'campaign of vilification" of H.H. Maharaja Tukoji Holkar of Indore, and to pass resolutions suggesting to the Powers-that-be that they should move in the matter of making improvements in the Holkar State Administration.

I have long been an eager student of Indian States' affairs. Almost two decades ago, Holkar State came under my special observance, and I went into residence at Indore for very many years. With all due humility, I can say that what I do not know about H.H. Maharaja Tukoji Rao—the man and his doings both in the past and at present and the State Administration—again both in the past and at present is not worth knowing. Therefore, I consider the Poona meeting to have been most ill-conceived and thoroughly out of place. Had I but known that this meeting was being contemplated I would have tried my level best to dissuade the organisers from any such action. If I had failed. I should at least have attended that meeting to have my fearless say, consequent wrath nothwithstanding.

May I ask what service the Rao Bahadur and his Maharashtrian friends have done to H.H. Maharaja Tukoji Rao and the subjects of the Holkar State?

I am thoroughly aware that Indore's ex-Ruler has earned for himself an abiding place in the hearts of Maharashtrians. I have been eye-witness to unsurpassed demonstrations of affection when the gentleman last visited Poona. His personal worth and the respect he commands wherever he goes, together with his appreciation and material support of the cultural, social and educational institutions of Maharashtra, have contributed to this popularity. I must also say that the gentleman has not allowed his mind and heart to be narrowed down to communal preferences. Communities and causes other than Maharashtrian have received equal support. Nor are his catholic sympathies just abdication old so as to be misconstrued as attempts to regain and maintain popularity. They are as old as himself. Knowing him as well as I do, I firmly believe that he was born with them, that they are in his blood. Many marvel at the tenacity with which he has maintained his standard of public service and relief of the poor after abdication. A lesser man would have gone about the world with a big sore in his heart —a sore throwing out spite against society as a volcano throws out lava. But that heart still abounds with mercy, charity and the desire to do good. Although I have lost touch with him (I do not intend to revive his memory by attaching my name to this letter) I can still say with confidence: Let any deserving man reach him with a plea and if appropriate assistance is denied I will eat the only fez cap I have in my possession. Such a man as H.H. Maharaja Tukoji Rao is much too valuable to this poor country. Such a man is beyond the evil effects of vilification.

Vilification, Sir, is a boomerang. It comes back post-haste to the thrower. And mud thrown is ground lost: I am aware as any Maharashtrian that mud is being thrown at the ex-Maharaja by a handful of persons who fail to realise that in so doing they are excavating the ground beneath their feet. If they are not already neck-deep in the pit they have been digging for themselves, they soon will be. The Rao Bahadur and his friends have succeeded only in giving some importance to rag journals and evil minds. Dogs should be allowed to bark.

To-day, the ex-Maharaja is in Indore. That is where he ought to be. Every ounce of his flesh and every bone of his body is made of that variety of Indian soil to be found in the Holkar State. He has only his son, the present Maharaja, and the Government of India to deal with. And both are in no way jealous of the hold he has over the hearts and minds of Holkar State subjects. The Government of India know their ex-ally and their permanent friend of few words only too well. Their confidence that he will never place himself or them in a difficult situation is unbounded, though they have not chosen to tell the world so in any other way than leaving him a free man in every sense of the word.

I have said that the Poona meeting was misplaced. That is because it touched on the subject of the Administration of the Holkar State. What have Maharashtrians to do with this Administration, and why speak of it in the same breath as of the vilification of H.H Maharaja Tukoji Rao? Do they desire to blame him and the Government of India for placing in high positions men they jointly believed to be capable and dependable? I assure Maharashtrians that when this happened (at the time of the abdication) the very best of motives possessed both H.H. Maharaja Tukoji Rao Holkar and the Government of India. Let me also assure them that there is a fully-fledged Agency right on the spot in Indore. If the State Administration is in a sorry plight, as almost generally believed, this Agency knows as much about it as they do and more. Let not people be misled, by lack of official communications and slow movements, that the Agency is asleep. It is the policy of the Political Department—a policy tried long enough to be found useful to tolerate and advise as long as possible. This Department does not advertise its disapprovals or measures of redress. In fact, this is the one Department of the Government of India that excels in nursing and, as far as possible, saving the feelings of individuals. When changes become imperative, they are made in such a diplomatic way that the out-going men are exposed to the least possible ridicule. In most cases they are sent away into oblivion with a pat on the back, a hand shake and even a few decorations. Let Maharashtrians, who are interested, as well as the subjects of the Holkar State be patient. To wait and see is a sound policy in such deep matters. Only common sense is required to understand that the point at which these administrators will get off is as near as their work is unsuccessful.

Sir, pardon me for this big call on your valuable space. My motive in saying so much is to convey, once, and for all, that H.H. Maharaja Tukoji Rao Holkar has set himself in a position above the evil effects of vilification from dirty minds, and that the Holkar State administration, whatever its condition be to-day, had best be left to those who have authority and without reminders. For those in authority have eyes to see and hands to twist into shape. Thanking you, I will sign this letter as from

AN OLD INDOREAN.

Bombay,
October, 12.

POINTS FROM LETTERS

Pardi Complaint

J. H. PARDIVALLA (Pardi) refers to the great inconvenience caused to the people of the taluka by its amalgamation with Bulsar. He requests Government to restore the Mamlatdar's Kutcherry to Pardi town and thus save the hardships of the people concerned.

Legal Education

D. V. JAVLE (Dadar) alludes to the controversy regarding the privileges given by the Bombay Bar Council to matriculates and suggests that instead of curtailing the privileges altogether, it would be more desirable to frame stringent rules for the proper legal education of non-graduates aspiring for the legal profession.

Pathare Kshatriyas

A. S. PARELKAR controverts the report of a meeting of the above community appearing in our issue of the 8th instant and says that his intention was only "to warn those interested in the proposal that the restriction by way of preference to the original residents of Worli may not prove a disappointment to them."

Compliments

P. P. PINTO refers to the encouraging educational progress of the Adi Dravidas in the Puttur Taluka (S. Kanara) and says that the entire credit for this goes to Mr. B. Venkat Raman, the Deputy Inspector of Schools and to Mr. V. Kanappa, the District Educational Officer.

Temple-Mosque Dispute

"Shabnam" writes:—

It is a pity that the Secretariat Conference has failed to achieve any tangible result. We are where we were two days ago. The situation is as fraught with danger as it was before. Both sides are sticking to their guns and do not want to budge an inch. This is the reason why this controversy has not been settled amicably.

The controversy has been in existence for the last seven or eight years. Is it not a source of shame for us all that although there is no dearth of reasonable men on both sides, yet the solution is not in sight? If our big people are unable to solve a question of this type, how will they be able to solve much bigger problems of life?

There is no doubt that this controversy has of late caused much bitterness and the fear is lest it may assume a communal shape of the worst type. I was an eye-witness to both the communal disturbances that took place some years ago. I shudder to think of any repetition of the same. There are worst men on both sides who undoubtedly believe in a trial of strength and they will not be slow to create that situation which may end in a riot. The whole situation is in the hands of the illiterate masses now and it will be sad indeed, if they get an upper hand.

A timely warning of the nature may save us from witnessing another communal riot. It is, therefore, the duty of every right-thinking person to do his utmost to ward off the coming danger.

If nothing can be done, the "status quo" may be maintained as long as the whole matter is not finally settled. There is no reason why undue haste should be shown in proceeding with the construction of what is now called the "Sabha-Mandap". The Hindus were without it up till now and they can wait for some time more, in the interests of public tranquillity.

Toddy Shop Nuisance

To The Editor of "The Chronicle",

Sir,—From 4th September 1936 a new toddy shop No. 106 under a tin shed has been opened by the permission of the Collector in the open ground of Thakurdwar, Dhobi Wadi.

The residents of this Wadi are Brahmins, educated men, manufacturers and merchants, who had requested the Collector, by forwarding many applications of protests and made many oppositions too. But to no effect. Heretofore, two or three attempts were made by different persons for getting these premises for the use of Toddy shop but the permission was not granted by the Collector due to the opposition of the people of this Wadi.

Under an intoxicating effect the toddy drunkards from this shop create much nuisance to the locality in general and this Wadi in particular making abusive speeches, mutual fightings, vehement brawlings and bellowings in the streets of the Wadi. The children and women of this Wadi are threatened and the merchants and the other public of this Wadi are much harassed and annoyed by the crowds of the toddy drunkards. Such stinking scenes and abusive speeches by these toddy drunkards have made the streets dangerous to go through for the women, children and other pedestrians.

Under such circumstances will the Commissioner pay his kind attention to make away this nuisance by cancelling the permission which is unjustly and improperly imparted to the above said Toddy shop by the Collector?—Yours etc.,

M. R. CHAWAN.

Irony Of Fate

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—It is the irony of fate that India is a subject nation. Had it not been so, India, for various reasons, would have been an ideal place for other nations to seek solace from.

When the other principal countries in the world are devaluating their currencies, we in India are being told that the devaluation of our Rupee will be detrimental to the interests of India. When other nations believe in storing gold and take drastic steps to see that their stock of gold does not flow out of their countries, we are told that the export of gold from India is essentially in the interests of our country.

I submit, Sir that even a layman with elementary knowledge of economics will at once say that both the above things will pauperise India and ruin her trade. It is so clear that it needs no elucidation from me.

We have only to realise the hard fact that we are a subject nation and that the executive is not directly responsible to the people of India, as is the case with self-governing countries. Under the circumstances, we can understand that no proper weight can be given to the Indian public opinion, howsoever strong it may be.

But what is most painful is the insult to the intelligence of India. We are being taught economics in some other light, other than what we have understood it so far.

We are helpless.—Yours, etc.,

DHIRAJLAL S. TRIVEDI.

Matriculation Persian

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—Being deeply interested in the students taking Persian as their second language, I inquired of the Persian students who had appeared in the last Matric examination about their fate and was informed that nine out of the ten Persian—students whom I inquired of, had failed in Persian! This had never happened within my memory; and naturally so, Persian being one of the easiest, if not the easiest, languages. Though perturbed to the point of impatience, I was looking forward to the publication of the report on the work of examinees, to solve what looked like a puzzle to my mind! When the long-awaited report came to hand, I looked at the percentage of the failures in Persian. I could not believe my eyes! To my utter disillusionment, I read the shocking figure of 61.5 (mind the percentage of failures in Persian, not of pass!) I hastened to read the report of the examiners in Persian, with a view to find out an explanation for this unusually swollen figure of failures in Persian. The learned Moderator, writing "for self and colleagues" offers the explanation that, "The students' incapacity to cope with the most straightforward and simple sentences makes one wonder whether the teaching is entrusted to competent hands and whether anything more than merely trifling with it is done." How illuminating! If the teachers instead of teaching their subject, merely "trifle" with it, the taught must inevitably suffer! They must have been suffering mutely for the last so many years. But looking to the previous years' statements, we are astonished to find that the percentages of failures in Persian are as follows:—

Years.	Percentage of failures.
1934	16.3
1935	17.9

The puzdle instead of being solved becomes more mystifying! How to account for the overwhelming number of failures in Persian, having no precedent in any of the second languages in any of the years? The swelling of the figure may be conveniently attributed to the overwhelmingly large number of students sent to appear for the examination this year. If it is a fact, it should have "similarly" affected all the students with the second languages, other than Persian; but when you go through the results of the second languages, you read a contrasting story. Percentage of failures in other second languages, universally admitted to be more difficult to study than Persian, is as follows:—

Sanskrit	6.2
Pali	10.6
French	28.9
Latin	18.9
Arabic	7.3

So the other second languages have gone unscathed under the same circumstances. Why, of all the second languages Persian, the easiest of the whole lot, should have been so fatally victimised passes one's understanding! The more one seeks for enlightenment, the more deepening becomes the gloom! One has to leave the hopeless job with a persistently haunting suspicion, that there must be something wrong in the state of Persian! That is all.—Yours, etc.,

"RASTGOO."

Re-elect Pandit Jawaharlal As President

To The Editor of "The Chronicle",

Sir,—The undersigned requests the Andhras to re-elect Jawaharlal as the President of the next Congress Session to enable him to carry on his programme. This election will teach a lesson to the Liberals in view of Sir Sethna's recent speech in the Council of State and makes the position of Panditji stronger.—Yours etc.,

M. RAMAMURTHI.
Member Andhra Association.
Kalyan.
October, 7.

SCHOOLS COMMITTEE BUDGET ESTIMATES

Rs. 40,000 Reduction Recommended

The budget estimates of the Bombay Municipal Schools Committee for the year 1937-38, as submitted by the Secretary, were reduced by Rs. 40,000, at the meeting of the Committee on Tuesday evening. Mr. M. N. Talpade presided.

The budget will now be sent to the Municipal Commissioner and the Standing Committee.

Following application to the Deputy Commissioner, Nagpur, stating that some scenes in the film "Bhakta Kabir" were injurious to the feelings of Muslims the film was prohibited from being exhibited at the Regent Talkies, Nagpur.

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Mr. Dhanpat Rai, popularly kno wn as Munshi Prem Chand, the celebrated novelist and writer of short stories, who passed away at Benares on October 8, photog raphed with his wife, a few days before his demise.

Arms And More Arms

(Continued from page 6).

needs of collective security, for he said later that there was nothing in Britain's arm programme that is not necessary to carry out her responsibilities under collective security. Nevertheless many people want to know a good deal more of what is meant by 'arming according to our absolute neds', for, at the first blush the declaration of the First Lord at the Dreamland Cinema seems rather more consistent with arming for isolation, than arming for collective security.

Non-Intervention Policy

What a different tune we shall hear at Edinburgh from that of Margate where the Conservatives uttered the old catch-words: Protection, a stronger House of Lords, no tampering with the Empire, and then finished off with a scream for arms and more arms? At Edinburgh, the Labour Party leaders will have to prepare for a change of front on the question of non-intervention in Spain. The British representatives at the international trade union and Labour meetings in Paris on Monday last come back with the knowledge that the international movement demands the reconsideration of non-intervention by the Powers that proposed it—that is, by France and Britain. If the Labour party responds at Edinburgh next week it will mean the eating of some of the words used from the platform at the Trades Union Congress, when Sir Walter Citrine declared that non-intervention was the best policy 'in the circumstances' for the Spanish Government. Now there is decided assertion from the Spanish Government that it does not think so and proof that the assistance of the Fascist Powers to the rebels has not ceased. As far as the formal resolution goes there will be the little difficulty in harmonising the latest Paris resolution with that passed at Plymouth. The Congress resolution gave warning that Labour could not support non-intervention's being made a means of injuring the Spanish Government. But the speeches of Sir Walter Citrine and Mr. Bevin were less cautious, although, to do the latter justice, he left a door open and declared his willingness to change if the situation changed.

Back To Pre-War Days

But the issue which will excite attention at Edinburgh is the attitude of Labour on the Government's foreign policy. The proposal to co-operate with the Government in war preparation is widely assumed, as the warm welcome to Labour's 'change of heart" in the Conservative press shows, to be a sign that Trade Union leaders are no longer in real opposition to the Government's foreign policy, and that Labour will accept the regimentation necessary for war, take the inevitability of war for granted and obediently toe the line whenever the old self-defence cry is raised again. "It is this danger", states the 'New Statesman and Nation', 'that lies behind the argument of Sir Walter Citrine and Mr. Ernest Bevin. Yet the Labour Party is pledged to resist all war unless it is forced on us as a result of applying the Covenant. Its past resolutions are meaningless if it co-operates with a Government which has never believed in the league idea. If Labour does abandon the war resistance side of its policy we are simply back again at the pre-war situation in which united national States stand threatening each other until the guns go off.

India Ignored

The Conservative Party Conference at Margate did not endorse the pledge given by Lord Linlithgow to the Central Legislature to be guided by the will of the electorate in conducting the future administration of India. The rank and file of the Conservative Party did not take the opportunity at Margate to show their confidence in the judgment of the Viceroy, since the average Conservative India is now a closed issue. But at Edinburgh, before the Labour Party Conference breaks up there will be general discussion on India. I understand on behalf of the South West St. Pancras Labour Party, Mr. Krishna Menon, of the India League, is to move a comprehensive resolution congratulating Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru for his fight against British Imperialism, welcoming the formation of the Socialist Party in India and giving the Labour Party's wholehearted support to the recently formed Civil Liberties Union. I also notice from the agenda of the Labour Party Conference that Indian question will be discussed from different points of view by other delegates, who have submitted a series of amendments to the official resolution reinstating Labour's support to the principle of self-determination.

Martial Law

An Order in Council for the proclamation of martial law in Palestine was published during the week. This means that the High Commissioner in Palestine is given power to delegate the widest possible powers to the military officer in charge of the forces. Since these powers are unlimited it is not incorrect to suggest that the Government has gone one better than merely proclaiming martial law. As a correspondent points out in the 'Manchester Guardian', martial law is a vague entity, and lawyers generally dispute about its scope and content with the fury mediaeval schoolmen spent on the distinction between matter and form, substance and accident. The one thing, however, that has been universally understood about martial law is that it does not abrogate the right of appeal to the civil courts or relieve the authorities of the obligation to justify any action in a civil court by what is termed the necessities of the case. Under the Palestine Order in Council the man on the spot, General Dill, can decide at will that any action be or his subordinate may take, either by regulation or through military courts, shall be beyond challenge in the civil courts. There will be no more cases of courts deciding against the Administration for imposing collective fines on the Arabs. General Dill's power must be as near absolute as have ever been conferred on a military commander replacing the civil power. True, it is stated here that the civil power will continue side by side with the military power in Palestine, but that is only a phrase.

CAUSE OF OIL MILL TRAGEDY

Factory Inspector Opines Temperature Of Tank Went Above Limit

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

"The excessive temperature caused frothing of the oil and the oil appeared to have over-flown", said Mr. A. R. Kagal, Factory Inspector, to-day, in giving evidence before the City Coroner at the inquest on Rustum Jal Davar and Gustadji Cowasji Mistry, proprietor and manager respectively, of the New Mahalaxmi Mills, Lamington Road.

Two Scalded To Death

It will be recalled that both the persons were scalded to death and three other employees received burns on September 30 last.

The Factory Inspector visited the hospital with the Police Officer to see the injured persons. Davar was so badly scalded that he was not in a state to be questioned. So also were the others whose condition was critical.

From the investigations made by the Factory Inspector it appeared that the mill had two tanks, one inside the building, and the other outside, in the compound.

The one inside the mill was heated by steam which passed through a coil. In the tank inside the mill a chemical compound, known as cobalt resinate, was used for the purpose of quickening the process of drying.

In this particular case the process followed was one of manufacturing blown linseed oil as distinguished from the ordinary process of manufacturing boiled oil. The oil was evidently being poured upon the chemical instead of adding it to the oil subsequently.

Further the temperature of the tank had gone up to 250 degrees C. It should never have gone above 150 degrees C., when the compressed hot air was blown into it.

"This excessive temperature", concluded the expert, 'caused frothing of the oil and the oil appears to have overflown."

Further inquest was postponed to October 23, as the boiler attendant who sustained scalds on that day, was still in the hospital.

A Muslim girl who was converted to Hinduism was recently married to a Hindu at Khandwa under the Civil Marriage Act. The conversion had created quite a sensation and she was kidnapped from the Court of the District Magistrate, Khandwa. The accused were fined by the High Court, Nagpur on Government appeal.

It has been stated in some quarters that General Dill would only assume these extraordinary powers in respect of the more troubled districts, but it is stated categorically that there will be no partial action in that unhappy land. The powers will be assumed at once for the whole country.

Ominous Month

The month of October with its political conferences and utterances reminds a gossipist that October is an ominous month in the history of British politics. According to him the Irish leader Charles Stewart Parnell used to say, "I'm suffering from October" when he got into difficulties. On September 30, 1931, broken-hearted and weak, he left Ireland, cried, "I'll be back in a week". He was back on October in his coffin. There are lots more. Lord Rosebery in 1896 declined to support Gladstone's demand for Armenian intervention at the risk of a European war; so he resigned the Liberal leadership on October 8. Joseph Chamberlain started his campaign for Imperial preference duties on October 6th, 1903. Fourteen years ago this month, threat of war against Turkey brought Mr. Lloyd George's Coalition Government crashing. Two years later Ramsay MacDonald's Government crashed at the polls on October 29. Seven years later he crashed it himself on October 27, 1931. To round this subject off historically the gossipist adds that it was in October 1834 that both the Houses of Parliament themselves got into trouble. They burned down.

Has Margate in October decided the fates of Mr. Stanley Baldwin, Mr. Neville Chamberlain and Sir Samuel Hoare! Will Edinburgh in October split the Labour Movement in Britain over the armament policy of the National Government?

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1930	35,850	15,000	2,64,415	29,050	3,85,252	12%
1933	38,325	32,000	3,10,092	29,050	4,50,572	12%
1935	81,235	38,000	6,08,926	39,450	7,99,581	9%
30-9-1936	1,00,715	38,000	7,45,978	41,512	9,50,648	9%

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AROUND THE COURTS

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Posing himself as the representative of Messrs. P. R. & Sons, Gerald Edward Smith, a European was charged with cheating of three persons and was sentenced by the Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon, to-day.

It is alleged the accused had received money from three persons on three different occasions on the plea of obtaining for them Perim casts of photographs which he never gave them.

The accused pleaded guilty and also confessed one previous conviction.

He was given one month's imprisonment on each charge, the sentences to run consecutively and was recommended to be placed in class "B" temporarily.

Fazal Hussein Wahid Mohammed and Abdul Hussein Yusuf Ali, arrested by a Police Constable of the Nagpada Police when the officers of the station were patrolling the Kamatipura Bazar on the night of June 9, 1936, were found guilty by Mr. I. S. Haji, Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon, to-day on a charge of receiving sutta bets in a lane.

The accused were sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 500 each or in default to undergo one month's rigorous imprisonment.

Inspector Bird said that it was a surprise raid and was made by the Police Constable P. C. 2182/D.

Allegations that the proprietress of a massage institute at the Old Customs House Road, Bombay, poured water on, and she and her husband assaulted two ladies, who conducted a dancing school immediately below their flat, were made at the Esplanade Police Court to-day.

Mrs. Pinto, the proprietress of the massage institute, and her husband stood charged with trespass into the house of and assaulted Miss Asparon and her sister Miss Raymonde, on September 28 last.

After recording the evidence of Sub-Inspector Satam and Gloris Lobo, a cook, the Magistrate (Sir Hormuzdiar Dastur) framed charges against the accused and adjourned the case.

Full details of the assault on a husband and wife in a B. I. T. Chawl, Foras Road, on Saturday last, resulting in the death of the husband, were revealed to-day, at the inquest held on his body, by the City Coroner.

Bhima Buchar and his wife were, it was stated, seated in a cot inside the room on Saturday night, when another resident of the locality named Raghu Karsan came and asked the couple who sent a petition to the Police against him.

The suspects were present in the Court.

Pending further evidence, inquest was postponed to October 20.

12 MORE ORDERS UNDER 177

Kalyan Resident Magistrate Still Busy On The Job

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The latest developments in connection with the Ambernath Match Factory strike are that the Resident Magistrate of Kalyan caused yesterday orders to be served on twelve persons of the District under Section 117 Cr. Pr. Code, to show cause why they should not be bound over to give security for Rs. 200/- each 'for keeping peace' in the 'strike area'.

All the twelve persons had been previously served with similar notices, but this new one seems to be a fresh attack on their liberty. Four of these are already in the Thana Jail, having failed to "show cause", and the rest eight have now either to give the special security of Rs. 200/- or will be sent to Thana.

Mr. S. V. Parulekar, against whom cases are pending before the Resident Magistrate of Kalyan for taking part in the strike, has gone to Kalyan this morning to attend the Court, as his cases are coming up to-day.

POST-WAR LONDON JOURNALISM

A feature of post-war London journalism has been the renaissance of the "Daily Telegraph," which rose into prominence under the proprietorship of the first Lord Burnaham in the last part of the nineteenth century. Under the new proprietors and the chairmanship of Lord Camrose the paper's circulation has risen in six years from under 100,000 to over 500,000. This is a remarkable achievement for a serious penny paper which has not resorted to competitions, free gifts and other circulation-raising devices.

During the first nine months of 1936 the "Daily Telegraph" published nearly 19,000 columns of advertisements.

He is
SKY-RIDING
IN

The Motion-Picture Miracle of 1936.
THE GREEN PASTURES
WITH
A CAST OF 600
DAILY 3-30, 6-30 & 10 P.M.
OPERA HOUSE
FREE LIST SUSPENDED.

MAHALUXMI ANNUAL FAIR

Elaborate New Arrangements By New Trustees

From 16th October the Warden Road Hindu Temple of Mahaluxmi will be a paradise for the rich and poor, big and little alike.

For these ten days, as well as the whole month in general, all financial, mental and physical worries will be forgotten by all the Hindus of the city in religious worship, pujas, enjoyments, and merry making.

This is a season for decorating white-washing homes and offices, buying new clothes, attending dinner parties enjoying rich dishes every day, flower decoration, opening of new firms, forgetting past with the idea of forget and forgive and finally starting the new year in right earnest with complete sense of duty, and full of optimism.

The Mahaluxmi Temple of Bombay is the oldest Hindu temple in the city. The origin of this temple unknown but on going through old and historical records, it is found that it was established somewhere between the years 1761 and 1771 A.D. There are three holy Shrines in the Temple (three goddesses) i.e. Shri Mahaluxhmi (Goddess of Wealth); Shri Maha Saraswati (Goddess of Learning); and Goddess Mahakali. It is the only popular and democratic temple worshipped by all sections of Hindus such as: Marwaris Jains Banias Bhatias Deccanies, Bhaias, Gujratis and Cutchhis. It is the most popular temple for all classes.

The new trustees, who took charge in February 1935 as a final result of the last suit in the High Court are trying to make the temple modern in every respect so as to meet with the modern taste of worshippers. The present management provided the following facilities:—More open space, concrete modern bath rooms, etc, modern flood-lighting, invisible electric lights for the holy Shrine and modern lighting for decorations, improvement in the waiting rooms, terrace, concrete hanging verandah, modern concrete water fountain, modern concrete religious light house (Dipmal) and up-to-date sanitary arrangements.

During the coming festivities special arrangements for conveyance by buses, with the co-operation of Bombay Electric Supply and Tramway Co., have been made. Elaborate measures have also been taken to regulate the traffic with the help of the Commissioner of Police as well as the Swastic League of Bombay. An ambulance with a doctor, will remain in waiting during festival days for meeting with all emergencies. In addition to what is stated above loud speakers have been installed for instructions to crowd, and orders to volunteers for regulating the traffic, as well as for entertaining the worshippers with light classical but religious and devotional specially selected music.

During the festival every year more than a lakh of people attend.

ALL-INDIA KISAN CONGRESS

Workers Meet At Poona And Elect Reception Committee

POONA, 12.

A meeting of the Kisan workers from different districts who had come to attend the Maharashtra Youth Conference was convened to-day by the provincial Kisan Organisers, in order to form a provincial Reception Committee for the ensuing Session of the All-India Kisan Congress to be held at Faizpur.

About forty workers were present among whom were some of the labour workers from Bombay and Sholapur. Opportunity was taken to review the work carried on in different parts of the province among the peasants.

A Provisional Reception Committee consisting of thirty workers representing all the districts was set up with Messrs. R. K. Khadilkar, S. A. Dange and G. P. Khare as Secretaries.

After discussion it was resolved that the subscription for the R.C. Membership should be annas 8.

This Committee is expected to enrol reception committee members, and to carry on propaganda. It was decided to convene the first meeting of the R. C. at Faizpur by the end of November.

The following is the England football team against Wales in the match to be played at Cardiff on October 17:—

Holdcroft (Preston); Sproston (Leeds); Satlin (Sheffield Wednesday); Smalley (Wolverhampton); Barker; Keen; Crooks (Derby); Scott (Brentford); Steele (Stokes); Westwood (Bolton); Bastin (Arsenal).

SUBHAS BOSE'S HEALTH

Govt. Refuse To Accept Short Notice Questions In Assembly

SIMLA, October 12.

The short-notice of the following questions of Mr. A. N Chattopadhyaya, M.L.A., relating Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose, has not been accepted by Government:—

(a) Is it a fact that Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose had been examined recently by Dr. Nilratan Sarkar and Dr. Drumond at Gidda Pahar in Kurseong?

(b) Has the attention of Government been drawn to the news published in the 'Amrita Bazaar Patrika' of the 17th September, 1936 (page 7) regarding the condition of health of Mr. Bose, as examined by the aforesaid doctors?

(c) Will Government be pleased to lay the report submitted by the aforesaid doctors on the table, or make a statement on the report on the floor of the House?

(d) Have Government accepted the reports of the two doctors and if so, do Government propose to send Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose to Calcutta for diagnosis of his disease? If so, when?

(e) Do Government propose to take into consideration the fact that Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose has been keeping bad health during the whole period of his detention and, in spite of his treatment by eminent doctors in Europe, he is still suffering?

(f) Do Government propose to take into consideration the fact that on the previous occasion Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose had to be released on the grounds of his serious illness and that he has been showing symptoms of illness at the present time again, which two eminent doctors could not diagnose?

(g) Do Government propose to allow Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose to get treatment according to his choice and by physicians of his own choice and in a place where such treatment would be easily available?

(h) Do Government propose to consider, if they think it desirable, the question of setting Mr. Bose at liberty on the grounds of ill-health, as he was set free on a previous occasion?

(i) If not, will Government be pleased to state on what grounds he should be compelled to suffer from serious illness without proper treatment?—United Press.

S. A. DELEGATION SEES AJANTA CAVES

Leaving Jalgaon For Bombay To-night

JALGAON, Oct. 13.

A special train conveying the South African Delegation arrived at Jalgaon station this morning.

The party immediately proceeded to see the Ajanta Caves where they were the guests of His Highness the Nizam. The Delegation returns to Jalgaon in the evening and proceeds to Bombay to-night.

An Associated Press telegram from Agra dated October 13, states:—

The South African delegation left yesterday "en route" to Bombay. They will probably sail on October 15.

K. K. Dixit, a Morris College student of Nagpur has been arrested by the police on a warrant from Cawnpore in connection with an alleged theft, at Cawnpore.

Commencing Saturday Next!
The simple, calm, peaceful life of the devotee
Bhakta Cheta or
Cheta Chakar
Screened in all its pristine glory with
RATNAPRABHA
The Prabhat Star in the leading role
WELLINGTON
Cinema—Dhobi Talao.

ART GRAND GALA OPENING MUSIC
of
Call OF THE Soul
OR
(Hradaya Manthan)
Sangeet Movietone's Most Marvellous and Sensational Social Smash Hit.
Featuring:
Story by Bengal's most renowned dramatist, Babu Jallodhar Chatterjee
A UNIQUE THING.
BAI JADDAN BAI
A. HUSSAIN, BABY RANI, URMILADEVI, SIDDIQUE & Others.
Directed by India's only woman director Bai Jaddan Bai
A Challenge Picture.
On & from SATURDAY the 17th October
Undoubtedly bigger than any other social musicals so far Presented.
At The **Majestic** Girgaum.
For Booking apply to: EVER GREEN PICTURES Ballard Estate, Fort, BOMBAY.

SHIPPING NEWS

Imports And Exports

ARRIVALS.

Bombay, Oct. 13.

Lionel Edward's S.S. Rauenfels of 5207 Reg. tons Capt. Wiebke, arrived from Marseilles via Malta and Port Said in ballast.

Scindia Steam Nvg. Co.'s S.S. Jalaputra of 3113 Reg. tons Capt. G. S. McWilliam, arrived from Calcutta with cargo of coal.

N. Y. Kaisha's S.S. Muroran Maru of 3251 Reg. tons Capt. S. Fukai arrived from Karachi with cotton and general cargo.

DEPARTURES.

Bombay, Oct. 13.

Lionel Edward's S.S. Formosa of 3338 Reg. tons Capt. D. Abenius sailed for Dunkerk and Hull with local and same bottom cargo.

O. S. Kaisha's S.S. Taijin Maru of 3642 Reg. tons Capt. G. Sorimochi sailed for Karachi via Port Okha in ballast.

LOADING.

Bombay, Oct. 13.

The following steamers entered for loading on 13-10-36:

S.S. Forungen (F. F. & Co.) for Bangkok.

S.S. Pres. Garfield (F. F. & Co.) for New York via Suez.

S.S. Conte Verde (L. T.) for Shanghai via Colombo.

ALEXANDRA DOCK

Bombay, Oct. 13.

1 City of Barcelona, 3524, Karachi 13-10 J. Finlay and Co.

3 Nirpura 3647, London, 16-10, M M and Co.

4 Ranenfels 5207, Karachi, 20-10, L Edwards Ltd.

6 Burdwan 2879, Yokohama 14-10, M M and Co.

8 Sirsa 3387, Karachi 14-10, M M and Co.

9 Britannia, 5281, Liverpool, 15-10 Grahams T. Co.

11 Formosa; 3337; Hull; 12-10; L Edwards Ltd.

13 Jeypore 3209, Japan 15-10, M M and Co.

14 Tairea, 3756, Durban 14-10, M. M. and Co.

15 Borneo Maru 4262, Japan; 13-10, O S Kaisha.

16 Viceroy of India 10027, London 17-10 M M & Co.

VICTORIA DOCK

3 Barala 1899, P'Gulf, 14-10, M M and Co.

4 Vasna 2026 P Gulf, 15-10 M M and Co.

15 Cambay Star 320, M'bar Coast, 14-10, S Hassum and Co.

PRINCE'S DOCK

F Alavi 2161, Jeddah, 15-10, T Morrison and Co.

N O Alipore 3241, Karachi, 13-10, M M. and Co. (P. & O.)

STEAMERS EXPECTED

FROM LONDON

Carthaye 15-10 P. & O. S. N. Coy.

Strathnaver 22-10 P & O S N Co.

Kaisar-I-Hind 29-10 P & O S N Co.

Strathaird 5-11 P & O S N Co.

Warfield 27-10 M M and Co.

FROM LIVERPOOL

City of Glasgow; 18-10; Killick Nixon and Co.

City of Simla; 19-10; Killick Nixon and Co.

Tuscania 21-10 Graham's Trading Co.

FROM GENOA

Conte Verde 14-10, Lloyd Triestino.

FROM NEW YORK

Pres. Garfield 15-10 F F Campbell and Co.

City of Glasgow, 18-10 F. F. Campbell and Co.

FROM CHINA JAPAN

Holland Maru 21-10 O S Kaisha.

Hamburg Maru 24-0 O. S. Kaisha.

Toyama Maru 16-10, N. Y. Kaisha

Conte Rosso; 17-10; Lloyd Triestino.

Tango Maru 30-10 N Y Kaisha.

Calcutta Maru 26-10 N Y Kaisha

Bhutan, 25-10, M M and Co.

FROM BASRA.

Varela 24-10 M M and Co.

Bankura; 15-10; M. M. and Co.

Bandra, 29-10 M M and Co.

Barpeta 22-10 M M and Co.

FROM CALCUTTA

Garbeta 15-10 M M and Co.

FROM JAVA

Silverash 29-10 Volkart Bros.

Pres. Polk 29-10 F F Campbell and Co.

FROM KARACHI

Frauenfels 29-10 Lionel Edward.

Kidderpore 28-10 P & O S N Co.

FROM SYDNEY

Mongolia 24-10 P & O S N Co.

FROM HULL

Kioto 17-10 James Finlay & Co.

SAILING DATES

FOR LONDON

Viceroy of India 17-10 P. & O. S. N. Co.

Mongolia 24-10 P. & O. S. N. Co.

Kaiser-I-Hind, 31-10; P and O S N Coy.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

City of Hongkong 19-10 Killick Nixon and Co.

Britannia 15-10 Grahams T. Coy.

Tuscania 29-10 Graham's Trading Co.

City of Simla 9-11 Killick Nixon and Co.

FOR NEW YORK

Pres. Polk 30-10 F. F. Campbell and Co.

City of Glasgow 21-10, F. F. Campbell & Co.

Pres. Garfield 16-10, F. F. Campbell & Co.

FOR CHINA & JAPAN

Muraran Maru 16-10 N. Y. Kaisha.

Jeypore 15-10 P & O S N Co.

Anyo Maru 10-10 N. Y. Kaisha.

Conte Verde 14-10, Lloyd Triestino.

Taijin Maru; 24-10; N Y Kaisha.

Carthage; 16-10; P and O S N Coy.

FOR GENOA

Carnero 26-10 Lloyd Triestino.

Conte Rosso 13-10 Lloyd Triestino.

FOR JEDDAH.

Alavi 15-10 Turner Morrison & Co.

Bankura 21-10 M M and Co.

FOR BASRA.

Vasna 15-10 M M & Co.

Barala; 14-10; M M and Co.

FOR DURBAN.

Tairea 14-10, M M and Co.

Kenya 30-9 M M & Co.

FOR SYDNEY.

Strathnaver 23-10 P & O S N Co.

FOR KARACHI.

Lindenfels, 27-10; Lionel Edwards, Ltd.

City of Hongkong, 19-10; Killick Nixon and Coy.

GENERAL LANDING DATES

S.S. Hopecrest	10-10-36
„ Narkunda (boats)	12-10-36
„ Cambay Star	12-10-36
„ Parvati	12-10-36
„ Sonavati	12-10-36

EXPORTS.

Bombay, Oct. 13.

S.S. Nirpura for Hull:—667 bags groundnut seed The Oil Seed Tr. Co Ltd.

For London:—20 bags iron oxide V Smith & Sons.

S.S. Britannia for Glasgow:—700 bags groundnut oil cake H Rawji and Co.

For Liverpool:—1848 bags ground nut oil cake K Dewchand & Co.

S.S. Viceroy of India for London:—8 cases leather The W. India Tannery Co; 11 bundles sandal wood V Shivji; 52 drums castor oil M|s. General Cotton & Co; 652 bags groundnut oil cakes M B Kaisha Ltd; 40 bales cow hides J J Rahimatoola and Co.

S.S. Ranenfels for Hamburg:—60 bales cotton cuttings Patel and Co; 502 bags casein Polson Mfg. Co; 150 bags groundnut in shell R Ratilal and Co; 50 bags F. seed A Virji and Co; 197 bags groundnut oil cake F H Kassim; 4400 bags oil cake Mantri and Co; 406 bags gum D Mawji and Co; 266 bags gum S Khetsey and Co; 151 bags gum T Laxmidas and Co; 25 bales cotton T. waste M Chandulal and Co; 445 bales cotton fly L O Vora; 139 bales cotton V A Sane and Co; 57 bales cotton waste G M Vyas and Co; 25 bales cotton waste clean G M Vyas & Co; 62 bales cotton waste clean M Chandulal and Co; 46 bales cotton waste clean Indian Produce Export Co 15 bales cotton waste clean C Jairam and Co; 185 bags mustard seed S M Rajgor & Co; 62 bags turmeric S M Rajgor and Co

For Ghent:—55 bales cotton B Mavji and Co; 55 bales cotton B Cursandas and Co.

For Trinidad:—300 bags ground nut shell R Ratilal and Co.

For Famagasta:—63 bales cotton yarn S David and Co.

For Suez:—48 bales cotton yarn S I David and Co.

S.S. Kannenfels for Lisbon:—100 bales cotton V Ladha and Co.

For Antwerp:—100 bales cotton K M Nathoo; 55 bales cotton yarn A Virjee and Co; 20 cases celluloid scrap S R Pasalkar and Co; 2732 bags groundnut oil cake H Rawji and Co; 1300 bags groundnut oil cake M Hoosein and Sons; 175 bales cotton B Cursandas and Co; 60 bags gum J Mansey and Co; 1140 bags seeds G Gokalchand and Co; 266 bales wool raw Ralli Bros; 500 bales hemp T Dawoodbhoy; 80 bales cotton waste clean P D Vora and Co; 88 bales cotton waste P D Vora and Co; 75 bales cotton waste clean M Chandulal and Co; 25 bales cotton waste M Chandulal and Co; 186 bales cotton Vakharia and Co.

For Stockholm:—74 bales cotton fly V A Sane and Co; 43 bales cotton L O Vora.

For Gothenburg:—67 bales cotton T. waste V A Sane and Co; 30 bales cotton waste clean G M Vyas and Co.

For Rotterdam:—112 cases cashew kernels A P Gupta; 700 bags linseed oil cake H Rawji and Co; 25 bales cotton T. waste C Jairam and Co; 50 bales cotton waste clean P D Vora; 80 bales cotton Suleman and Co.

For Talleun:—57 bales hemp raw T. Dawoodbhoy.

For Antwerp|Hamburg:—10 bales cotton M Chandulal and Co.

For Malmo:—55 bales cotton fly V A Sane and Co; 28 bales cotton L O Vora.

For Bremen:—55 bales cotton fly L O Vora; 155 bales cotton waste clean M Chandulal and Co; 3000 bales cotton Volkart Bros.

S.S. Borneo Maru for Moji:—100 tons steel scrap G Gabriel.

S.S. Burdwan for for Shanghai:—75 bundles sandal wood R Purshottamdas and Co.

For Hongkong:—20 bundles sandal wood R Purshottamdas.

S.S. Moraran Maru for Moji:—200 tons iron scrap C Manilal and Co; 100 tons iron scrap Ali Bros.

For Osaka:—50 tons scrap iron Ali Bros; 100 tons scrap iron A Popatlal and Co; 100 tons scrap iron C Manilal and Co.

For Kobe:—150 tons iron scrap A Popatlal and Co.

IMPORTS.

Bombay, Oct. 13.

S.S. City of Hongkong, Agents K. Nixon & Co., from Liverpool:—706 cases cottons; 189 cases cotton yarn; 246 cases cotton piecegoods; 132 cases grease; 19 bales cotton fents; 167 bundles black circles; 162 cases cotton and woollen tissues; 60 cases ring frame; 1041 coils steel hoops; 525 bales old news; 42 bundles beth bricks; 66 bundles steel tubing; 17 bundles steel bars; 20 kegs barium carbonate; 1100 bags soda ash; 18 bundles steel spring; 550 coils steel strips; 30 drums paint; 24 bundles steel wire; 36 cases biscuits; 76 bundles empty bottles; 390 casks China clay; 63 cases earthen tiles; 47 cases lanterns; 35 cases whisky; 15 cases tin wares; 25 drums|bags corn starch; 45 trusses P. paper; 100 bags broken tiles; 43 loose steel bars; 137 looses steel keys; 16 cases cement sheets; 73 noos W. I. pulley! 40 drums soap; 33 cases lead plates; 18 cases cheese; 17 cases tiles; 15 cases lysol; 14 coils cotton ropes; 22 bundles iron works; 20 barrels lubricating grease; 56 kegs cutlery! 130 drums paint; 220 cases Quaker oats; 20 cases cheese; 75 cases provision stores; 15 cases Crushen salt; 66 cases hammbers; 15 cases closets; 49 pieces iron screws; 41 cases fruit squash; 34 cases pick heads; 1000 kegs grand white lead; 10 drums sillate of soda; 100 bags fruit juice; 24 cases wool tops; 79 cases pans; 197 coils steel; 115 cases hammer handles; 470 bags steel rivets; 50 drums lubricating oil; 48 drums chloride of zinc; 32 loose C. I pipe and bends; 50 cases candensed milk; 122 pieces San E'ware; 28 packages fire clay ware; 218 loose C. I. cisterns; 122 pieces E'ware; 500 bundles G.C. sheets; 40 kegs lead powder; 36 cases toilet goods; 36 cases fish oil; 177 barrels lubricating oil; 37 bundles iron boot protectors; 20 cases type setting machines; 20 cases seed oil; 10 cases castor oil.

From Marseilles:—200 bags almonds; 18 cases cheese.

LONDON SHARE QUOTATIONS

Bombay, Oct 13

Messrs. Lewis and Jonce, Bombay, have received the following quotations by cable from their London Agents:

Names.	Latest prices £
Rosterman Gold Mining Ordinary	0 6 6
Guest, Keen and Nettlefold Ltd.	1 17 3
Turner and Newall	5 3 6
Associated Electric Industries	2 13 6
Attock Oil	0 17 9
Associated Portland Cement	5 9 6
International Automatic Telephone	2 7 9
American Rolling Mills Co	dol. 32.75
Beira Railways	1 9 0
United Br Oilfields of Trinidad	0 13 7½
Marconi International Marine	1 18 0
Western Union Telegraph	dol. 90.75
General Electric Ordinary	4 13 0
Fairey Aviation Co Ltd	1 6 9
Perak Hydro Electric Ordinary	1 15 0
International Rlys of C America	dol. 8.75
Malayalam Plantations	1 15 0
British Burma Petorleum	0 8 3
Soudan Plantation Syndicate Ordinary	2 6 0
British South Africa (Chartered)	1 10 3
Pahang Consolidated Ord	0 18 6
Indian Copper Corporation Ordinary	0 4 6
Brazilian Traction Light and Power	dol. 16.50
American Radiator	dol. 24.00
Timken Roller Bearing Co.	dol. 69.00
American Can Company	dol. 129.00
General Foods Corporation	dol. 41.00
Capital Securities Trust Units	0 10 6
British Treasury Bills (3 months)	0 10 9.47 p.c. p.a.

THUNDERSTORMS IN UPPER BURMA

POONA, Oct. 13.

Thunderstorms have caused nearly general rain in Upper Burma; local rain in the Madras Deccan and the North Madras coast and a few falls in lower Burma, Assam, Mysore and south-east Madras.

The chief amounts of rainfall are:—Monywa 3 inches; Minbu 2; Sibsagar 1½; Maymyo 1; and Mandalay 3/4 of an inch.

FORECAST:—Thunderstorms are likely to be fairly widespread in Burma, and will occur locally in the peninsula.—A. P.

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY.

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of 13-10-1936.

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours plus 014 inches.

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 79.7 degrees.

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 76.3 degrees.

Maximum temperature during 24 hours 87.4 degrees 1.9 (below normal).

Minimum temperature during 24 hours 75.0 degrees 0.9 (below normal).

Relative Humidity at 8 a.m. 84 p.c.

Direction of wind at 8 a.m. ENE

Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 1 mile per hour.

Total movement of wind in 24 hours 133 miles.

Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 16 miles per hour.

Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy eq. 10). 5.

Rainfall in 24 hours 000 inches.

Total rainfall during the month 0.01 inches.

Total rainfall during the year 56.12 inches.

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 13-10-36.

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 82.5 deg. F., a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 30.17 inches, and a compensated aneroid 29.96 inches

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

I once allowed my body to get run down like you. But a doctor advised me to take a regular course of **Phosferine.** It soon restored me to full vitality. This vitality I have maintained ever since.

If you wish to be strong; if you wish to maintain your strength, take a regular course of **Phosferine.**

PHOSFERINE

THE GREATEST OF ALL TONICS

Sexual Weakness | Brain Fag | Sleeplessness | Headache | Neuralgia
Influenza | Gastric Pains | Exhaustion | Sciatica | Anæmia
Lassitude | Debility | Nerve Shock | Maternity | Mental
Indigestion | Rheumatism | Weakness | Exhaustion

Sold by all good chemists and stores, in Liquid and Tablet form, each in three sizes. The larger sizes are more economical.

Proprietors: PHOSFERINE (ASHTON & PARSONS) Ltd., London, England.

Safely Rely on

AMRUTANJAN BALM

For the Cure of Colds, Cough, Headaches, Rheumatism, Swellings and all other kinds of Aches and Pains.

AMRUTANJAN DEPOTS

BOMBAY AND MADRAS.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy breaks up the congestion that causes coughs and colds. Swollen membranes soon become normal, the air passages are cleared, you breath freely, easily, once again. Chamberlain's contains no harmful drugs. It is entirely safe for infants and children as well as for adults. Pleasant tasting, too! K-11

CHAMBERLAIN'S COUGH REMEDY

CUFF LINKS MADE TO LAST *a Life Time*

You cannot buy better cuff links than Krementz. Expertly made, of 14 kt. rolled gold plate—neat and dignified in design, they offer a lifetime of use. Appreciated by men everywhere—they make an excellent gift, too.

Always insist upon Krementz quality.

The Krementz jewellery line includes Collar Pins, Studs, Adjustable Wrist Watch Bands and other quality items.

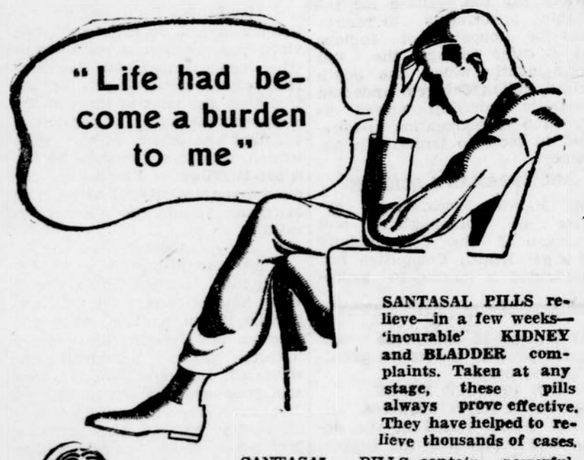
N-95

KREMENTZ

QUALITY JEWELLERY

GUARANTEED FOREVER

Look for the name Krementz stamped on the bottom of every link.



SANTASAL PILLS relieve—in a few weeks—'incurable' KIDNEY and BLADDER complaints. Taken at any stage, these pills always prove effective. They have helped to relieve thousands of cases.

SANTASAL PILLS contain powerful healing, disinfecting ingredients.

The finest formula known to modern medical science has been employed—the preparation is scrupulous—the ingredients are of the right strength and concentration.

Kidney and Bladder troubles can become Chronic. Banish them with SANTASAL, To-day!

Price Rs. 2-4 & V.P.P. Postage Extra.

W. RIHR

SANTASAL PILLS

LAXMIDAS DAHYABHAI & Co.,

CHEMISTS & DRUGGISTS, - - - - 6, Princess St., BOMBAY.

Bombay Stockists:—Beliram Bros., Princess Street; Akberally Ebrahim, Fort; Popular Pharmacy, Lamington Road.; Perry & Co., Grant Rd.

FATHERS— IT'S UPTO YOU.

Greater than the self-made man is the father who by self-denial gives his children better start in life than he had. An education is the most valuable gift any father-rich or poor--can give to his son& daughter

BHARAT

educational policies afford a sure and convenient way of providing funds for that education.

A Bharat Agent will tell you what a Bharat Policy has done and how Bharat can serve you

BHARAT

Insurance Co., Ltd., Lahore.

Latest Commer cial News

NEW YORK COTTON 15 POINTS UP

Bullion Steady But Wheat Very Strong

BOMBAY, Oct. 13.

On Tuesday crossrates ruled steady

NEW YORK COTTON FIRM.

New York cotton was firm on good trade and foreign buying.

BULLION UNCHANGED.

London gold and silver remained unchanged.

WHEAT VERY STRONG.

Wheat was very strong on better outside cables. Other commodities were steady.

SECURITIES STEADY.

The London Stock Exchange showed a slightly better tendency. Giltedged securities kept very steady on improved enquiry.

COTTON

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

MARCH 1937.

New York, Oct. 13.

Previous closing	11.80
To-day's opening	11.92
Difference	+.12
To-day's closing	11.95
Difference	+.15

LIVERPOOL COTTON

MARCH 1937.

Liverpool, Oct. 13.

Previous closing	6.60
To-day's opening	6.62
Difference	+.02
To-day's closing	6.65
Difference	+.05

BROACH EXPECTATION

April May ..... Rs. 220

N. Y. COTTON MARKET

New York, Oct. 13.

Cotton developed considerable steadiness on the strength of foreign advices and higher Liverpool which induced a good deal of trade and foreign buying while the report of gold arrangement also lent further support to the market in view of the favourable effect on the international trade.

Trading in March commenced at 11.92 i.e. 12 points higher than previous closing. Prices advanced on trade and foreign buying influenced by better outside cables but subsequently the demand slowed down although the undertone kept steady.

New York cotton finally closed at 11.95 with a rise of 15 points for March delivery.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Oct. 13.

The following were the opening ranges:—

October (11.83/11.83) 11.86/11.85
December (11.78/11.78) 11.81/11.81
January (11.86/11.85) 11.93/11.92

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, Oct. 13.

The following were the rates at 12-15 p.m.:—

American October (6.59) 6.64
American December (6.60) 6.64
Egyptian October (10.48) 10.61
Egyptian November (10.48) 10.61

BROACH COTTON

Bombay, Oct. 13.

Broach cotton for April-May delivery moved between Rs. 219-12 and Rs. 219-4 at night. The rate at 10-0 p.m. was Rs. 219-8 with New York futures about 10 points up at that time.

LONDON MARKETS

London, Oct. 12.

The rates at 3-30 p.m. were as follows.

METALS

Tin (£201 buyers £201 1/4 sellers. Easier) £197 1/2 buyers £198 sellers. Easy.

Lead (£18 3/16 buyers £18 5/16 sellers. Steady) £18 1/8 buyers £18 3/16 sellers. Barely steady.

Electrolytic Copper (£44 3/4 to £45 1/4) £45 to £45 1/2.

Glasgow Iron (£78) £78

LINSEED

Castorseed Bombay October November (£13 1/8 sellers) £13 1/8. sellers)

Linseed Calcutta October. November (£13 3/16 sellers) £13 5/16 sellers.

Linseed La Plata October (£11 3/8 sellers) £11 7/16 sellers.

Groundnuts Coromandal November (£14 sellers) £14 3/16 sellers.

TEA

Indian Pekoe (0-11 1/2) 0-11 1/2
Indian Pekoe higher (2-9 1/2) 1-11
Ceylon Pekoe (0-11 1/2) 0-11 1/2
Ceylon Pekoe higher (2-4) 2-4

JUTE

New Crop October November (£17 1/4) £17 1/4 sellers.

Dunlop October (£19 3/4) £19 3/4 sellers

Lightning October (£18 1/4) £18 1/4 sellers

RUBBER

Spot (7 7/8 paid and buyers) 7 15/16 paid and value.

Forward January March (7 15/16 buyers) 8 paid and value.

WHEAT AND LINSEED

Closing Quotations

Bombay, Oct. 13.

	Rs. a p
Wheat January 1937	5 11 0
Wheat May 1937	5 4 0
Linseed 1937	7 4 9

Wheat and linseed steady.

EXCHANGES

LONDON-NEW YORK CROSS RATE

Latest Quotations

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON

New York, Oct. 13.

Previous closing	4.90 11/16
To-day's opening	4.90 3/16
To-day's rate (at the time of New York cotton closing)	4.90

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK

London, Oct. 13.

Previous closing	4.90 13/16
To-day's opening	4.90 5/8
To-day's closing	4.90 1/16
Difference	+.00 3/4

FRANC RATE

London, Oct. 13.

Previous closing	105.10
To-day's opening	105.12
To-day's closing	105.01
Difference	—.09

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, Oct. 13.

London exchanges opened with the sterling dollar at 4.90 5/8 and then improved to 4.90 11/16 on better enquiry.

The sterling dollar crossrate closed at 4.90 1/16.

Franc opened at 105.12 and then appreciated to 105.10 on scattered support.

The sterling franc crossrate closed at 105.01

SILVER CABLES

London, Oct. 13.

The following cable information was received from London to-night:—

(1) India bought. China sold. Moderate business. Market steady."

(2) "India and American Treasury bought. China sold. Small buyers at the fixed cable. Market closed quiet.

LONDON SILVER

London, Oct. 13.

	Last Price.	To-day Price.
Spot	20d.	20d.
Forward	20d.	20d.

The market was steady.

LONDON GOLD

London, Oct. 13.

Gold per fine ounce (£7-1-11) £7-1-11

DISCOUNTS

London, Oct. 13.

3 months (5/8 to 11/16 per cent) 5/8 to 11/16 per cent.

4 months (5/8 to 11/16 per cent) 5/8 to 11/16 per cent.

6 months (5/8 to 3/4 per cent) 5/8 to 3/4 per cent

CROSS RATES

London, Oct. 13.

London on Bombay	(1-6 1/8) 1-6 1/8
Paris on Bombay	(7.933) 7.932
New York on Bombay	(37.08) 37.08
Berlin on Bombay	(0.92) 0.92 1/8
London on Milan	(93.12) 93.12
London on Shanghai	(1-2 7/16) 1-2 7/16
London on Kobe	(1-2) 1-2

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, Oct. 13.

Chicago wheat opened steady with December at 1.16 1/2. Prices kept steady on scattered buying but the general demand was rather slow.

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, Oct. 13.

Liverpool wheat opened firm with October at 103 and December 101 3/4. The market was very active on better outside cables.

BROWN BOLD LINSEED

May 1937 delivery.

(Through Bombay Grains and Seeds' Association).

Bombay, Oct. 13.

Rates at 11-0 a.m.	7 4 3
Rates at 12-0 noon	7 4 9
Rates at 3-0 p.m.	7 5 0
Rates at 6-0 p.m.	7 4 9
Rates at 8-0 p.m.	7 4 9
Rates at 10-0 p.m.	7 4 9

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, 13.

The following were the opening rates:—

General Motor (dol 72) dol 72 7/8

Anaconda Copper Mining (dol 41 3/4) dol 42 1/4

U S Steel Common (dol 76 7/8) dol 77 1/2

U. S. Steel Preference (dol 140 3/4) dol 141

INDIAN STERLING LOAN

London, Oct. 13.

The 3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed to-day at £99 1/8 as against the previous closing at the same rate.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, Oct. 13. 3-30 p.m.

After early hesitation markets developed a better tendency. Giltedgeds and foreign bonds were steady to firm. Oil shares and Kaffirs were firm on renewed buying. Industrials generally were dull and rather irregular.

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£85 3/8) £85 3/8

3 1/2 per cent Government Loan (£108) £108

4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£109 7/8) £109 7/8

5 per cent Indian Loan (£117 1/8) £117 1/8

3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£107 7/8) £107 7/8

4 per cent Victory Bonds (£115 5/8) £115 5/8

INDUSTRIALS

British Celanese 2nd Preference (20-0) 20-0

Marks and Spencer Ordinary (£4 3/8) £4 3/8

Hydro Electric (dol 9 3/8) dol 10

Musical Industries (23-0) 23-0

Princhin Johnson (49-0) 49-7 1/2

Imperial Chemical (43-0) 42-1 1/2

Imperial Chemical Ordinary (10-6) 10-6

Woolsworth New Ford (148-6) 147-0

Realisation 1930 (£91 3/4) £90 1/2

Dunlop Rubber (38-6) 37-6

Unilever Ordinary (40-4 1/2) 40-4 1/2

Ford Motors (35-7 1/2) 35-0

Cables and Wireless (£6 3/8) £6 1/2

British American Tobacco (132-6) 133-9

Carreas A (£10) £9 7/8

Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (£170) £168 3/4

P and O S N Company Defd (27-0) 27-0

Distillers (109-9) 109-9

Bredford Dyers (10-4 1/2) 10-4 1/2

British Celanese (11-0) 10-7 1/2

J and P Coates Ordinary (57-6) 57-6

Courtaulds Ordinary (58-6) 58-0

Fine Cotton Spinners (9-7 1/2) 9-7 1/2

Vickers Limited Ordinary (38-4 1/2) 38-0

Inter Nickels (£63 3/8) £63 5/8

Bengal Iron and Steel (8-6) 8-6

Tata Iron and Steel (£104 1/2) £104 1/2

INDIAN LOANS

London, Oct. 13. 3-30 p.m.

3 per cent New Indian Loan (£101 1/2) £101 1/2

3 1/2 per cent Indian (£99) £99

4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock 1950-55 (£116 1/2) £116 1/2

4 1/2 per cent 1958-63 (£119 1/2) £119 1/2

4 per cent Indian 1948-53 (£111 1/4) £111 1/4

5 per cent Indian 1942-4" (£115 1/2, £115 1/2

3 1/2 per cent New Indian 1954-59 (£107 1/2) £107 1/2

AUSTRALIAN LOANS.

5 per cent Australian Loan 1945-75 (£112 5/8) £112 5/8

TEA SHARES.

Assam Company (18-6) 18-6

Donaro Tea (42-6) 42-6

Empire of India Ceylon (27-6) 28-0

RUBBER SHARES.

Anglo Dutch Rubber (32-0) 32-0

Gula Kelampong (28-9) 28-1 1/2

Rubber Plant Inv Trust 32-9

JUTE SHARES.

Barnagore (£10 1/2) £10 1/2

MINING SHARES

Nandy (61-3) 61-3

Burma Corporation (10-7 1/2) 11-3

Rio Tintos (£16 1/4) £17

East Rand Proprietors (71-9) 71-9

Rand Imam (£8 5/8) £8 5/8

MINE SHARES

Crown Mines (£14 7/8) £14 7/8

Gedule New (£9 7/8) £9 3/4

New Modders (41-3) 41-3

Sub Nigel (£12) £12

Spring Mines Split Shares (40-0) 39-4 1/2

Union Corporation (£9 1/8) £9 1/4

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian (47-6) 48-1 1/2

Anglo Iranian (93-1 1/2) 93-9

Burma Oil (101-3) 101-10 1/2

Mexican Eagle (32-10 1/2) 33-6

Shell Transport (£113 3/4) £115 5/8

Royal Dutch (£41) £41 7/8

HOME RAIL SHARES

Royal Westerns (£59 1/4) £60

L and S Ordinary (£29 3/4) £29 3/4

L N E R Defd (£6 1/4) £6 1/4

Southern Dutch (£25 3/8) £25 3/8

South Deferred (£136 1/2) £135 1/2

London Transport 'C' Stock (£103) £103

BOMBAY BULLION

Bombay, Oct. 13.

Silver ready	49	11	6
Silver 1st settlement	49	12	0
Silver 2nd settlement	49	13	0
Gold ready	35	1	0
Gold 1st settlement	35	1	0
Gold 2nd settlement	35	0	9
Sovereigns	22	1	0

SEVERAL BRIGHT FEATURES ON STOCK EXCHANGE

Firm Tone In Commodities

(SPECIAL CABLE)

LONDON, Oct. 13.

On the Stock Exchange several bright features such as liveliness in Twineagles and Royal dutch offset general quiteness due to the slackening speculative interest and profit-taking in recent industrial favourites.

Coppers were firm in sympathy with the metal but rubbers were unaffected by the new high level of spot commodity since 1930.

In commodities cocoa was strong and active in sympathy with actuals closing below best on disappointing New York cables.

Shellac was firm on trade and speculative buying. Pepper was firm on good demand at new fixed prices. Tin was flat in the absence of buying interest. Wheat was easier on reported rains in Argentine but then steadied on the lack of confirmation.

Wall Street was firm and profit-taking was readily absorbed.

CALCUTTA SHARES STEADY

Bears Called Upon To Deliver Shares

Messrs. Bhagwanlal Nanavati and Co., have issued the following report dated Oct. 9:—

JUTE.

The position in the Jute section remains unchanged. Only the speculative counter Howrah exhibited some liveliness on account of the tussle between two sets of brokers and the question of delivery of Howrah shares is uppermost on the minds of speculators and we understand bears are called upon to give delivery within near future so the market has received an impetus whereby the price of Howrah has been pushed up to 52 from Rs. 50/10. Kamarhatty receded to Rs. 485. Anglo India were ruling 404, Bally and Barnagore were respectively quoting 191 and 135. Gourepore were done at 574. Budge Budge and Belvedere were quoted at 256.3/8 respectively. In Bird group Dalhousie hovered round 300. Naihati 325, Union 374, Standard 268. Deals in Alliance were recorded round 233. Albion were done at 194, Delta 332, Fort William 257, Kanknarrah changed hands at 401. In shares of small denominations Agarpara were good at 21, Clive 24, National 22, Birla 16, Waverley 1/10, Reliance 70.

COTTON.

In this section Dunbar cotton were a rising market business being done up to 117. Bengal Nagpur were good at 12/8. Kesoram 3/4, a fair parcel of Benares cotton and silk changed hands at Rs. 1, Elgin Mills ord. were done at 110, New Ring ord. at 65 New Victoria Rs. 1.

COAL.

In this section there was a fair inquiry and the popular counters such as Burrakur. Equitable, Bengal coal were dealt in at hardening rates. Burrakur jumped up to 14/8 from Rs. 13/4, Equitable 34, from Rs. 32/12, Bengal coal to 305 from 294, Bokaro Ramgarh were quoted at 12/6, East Indian 6/8, Kalipahari 14, Katras Jheria Rs. 20/4, Mundulpore 5/14, New Beerbhoom 14/4; New Manbhoom 56, Rewa 18/4, Raneegunj 29/8, Standard 32/8, North Damuda 3/4, North West 8/14, Hurriladih 13/8, Nazira Rs. 7, Jainty Central 0/14, Seebpore 12/14 Prem.

MISCELLANEOUS

The Engineering group held the pride of place. The market was bullish especially Indian Iron and Steel and Indian Steel and Wire Products ord. and deferred. There was a very strong demand for ord. as well as deferred shares but there were no sellers. Ord. were done upto 162 and Defd upto 76 with buyers over. Indian Iron by intermittent fluctuations assumed an upward tendency and business was done upto Rs. 14 improving from 13/8 but the close was in the neighbourhood of 13/14. Bengal Iron moved up in sympathy and business was done upto Rs. 6 the closing price being in the region of 5/14. On the report of subcontract for Howrah Bridge being conceded to Indian Combine, Burn and Co. ord. spurted sharply to 286 from 260. Britania Building and Iron were a rising market business being done upto 7/10, Marshalls moved upto 1/12, Kumardhubi Engineering ord. were done at 3/8, Pref. 80 Indian Galvanizing were taken upto Rs. 15. In mining issues, India Copper were active round 2/14, Burma Corporation crept up to 7/6. Midnapore Zemindary moved up to Rs. 79 from 75 but were marked back to Rs. 76/8. Indian Wood Products were quoted at 25/12, Kalimpong Ropeway at Rs. 12. Indian Cables at 8/12. In Sugar section Balrampore were steady at Rs. 15, Cawnpore were weak at 31/6. Murray Brewery found buyers at 14/6. In Paper mills India Paper Pulp. were done at 158, Titaghur defd 9/12, Orient Paper 4, discount. Calcutta safe deposit were a firm market at Rs. 2/1, Star Paper were 0/2, premium. Hindusthan Insurance changed hands at 74, India General Navigation were marked up to Rs. 104, Reserve Bank hovered round 138/4.

JUTE SHARES EASIER

Coals Easy And Teas Dull

CALCUTTA, Oct. 13.

Jutes were easier. Coals were slightly easier due to profit-taking. Teas were dull. In miscellaneous Indian coppers and Indian steel and wire products advanced further while iron and steels kept fully steady. Government securities were steady and unchanged. Following were the closing quotations:—

Government securities:—Three and a half per cent Government Paper 99/12, three and a half per cent loan 1947/50 108/1 odd lot, five per cent loan 1945/55 121/6, five per cent loan 1939/44 108/14 small lot, five per cent U.P. bonds 1944 116/10 small lot.

Banks:—Reserve Bank 138.

Cottons:—Kesoram 3/13, New Victoria ord 1/3.

Coals:—Bengal 305, Burrakur 14/12, Mundulpore 6/10, West Jamuria 9/2.

Jutes:—Auckland 171 small lots, Anglo India 379, Bally 187 small lot, Birla 16/3, Howrah 50/13, Kamarhatty 478, Kanknarrah 398 small lot.

Miscellaneous:—Burma corporation 7/13, Indian copper corporation 3/4, Bengal Chemical ord. 339, Bareilly electric 15, Jubbulpore electric 14/1, Bengal iron 6/4, Burn and Co. ord. 283/8, Indian Steel and wire products ord. 186, Indian steel and wire products defd. 91, Indian iron and steel 14/3, Kumardhubi pref. 71, Indian wood products 25/14, Bengal Paper 105, Midnapore Zemindary 79/8, India General Navigation ord. 108, India General Navigation pref 15.—A.P.

Bombay Sugar

Bombay, Oct 13

	Rs. a. p.
Java ready	13 8 6
September shipment	3 10 0
Oct Dec shipment	3 11 0
Jan Mar shipment	3 10 0
Kesar ready	13 0 0
Saraya ready	12 15 0
Spot Java	F. 4.30

ASSEMBLY "BATTLE" OVER TRADE DISPUTES BILL

(Continued from page 1)

Prof. Ranga attempted to protect "agriculturist" as defined in section 2 of the Deccan Agriculturist Relief Act, 1869, from arrest in execution of a money decree.

HOME MEMBER'S PROMISE

The Home Member promised to consult local government on the matter and find out how far they could move in this direction but could not give a definite pledge to bring in an amending bill.

The amendment was negatived.

Without further discussion Sir Henry Craik's bill to amend the Civil Procedure Code was passed.

Thereafter Sir Frank Noyce moved for circulation of the bill to amend the Trade Disputes Act, 1929 for eliciting public opinion thereon.

NO COMPULSORY ARBITRATION

Sir Frank Noyce mentioned the objects of the Bill and referred to Mr. Giri's criticism of the Bill in a Delhi newspaper. That criticism showed that Mr. Giri had, so far as this measure went, little contact with realities. Mr. Giri was wrong in assuming that the object of the measure was to set up a Court of Appeal against employer. The object of the Bill was to secure settlement of disputes and appointment of tribunals not much on the intrinsic strength of either party's case as on the likelihood that the tribunal would be effective in securing termination of the dispute. The Labour Commission had written strongly against any idea of compulsory arbitration. He was sorry for the consideration of the Bill had been delayed and the other party's, especially Sir H. P. Mody's, assistance was not available in answering Mr. Joshi and other Labour spokesmen in the House. He commended the Bill sincerely in the belief that it would promote industrial peace. (Applause).

HOSTILE TO LABOUR.

Mr. Joshi sincerely regretted that Sir Frank Noyce should towards the end of his term of office be associated with a legislation so hostile to the interests of Labour. The only main provision of the Bill which had the approval of the speaker was that relating to conciliation officers. When Mr. Joshi reconciled himself to the original act, he thought that the advantages of the machinery for settlement would outweigh the disadvantages penalizing employees of Public Utility Services. The past seven years experience had entirely changed his attitude. The Act had been applied only three times and Provincial Governments instead used Section 144 and other repressive laws to break strikes. He opposed the inclusion of inland steamer services and power plants in the definition of Public Utility Services mainly for the reason that these were run by private enterprise. None of the safeguards in the English Act were found in the Indian Act and the Government had copied the Canadian Act only partly. He favoured the entire adoption of the Canadian proposals, which, in that dominion, had meant that two-thirds of the applications for investigation of disputes were admitted and prevented strikes. Government's revised clause made it possible for them to declare every strike illegal, whereas the original clauses confined such declaration to a general strike the like of which occurred only once in a generation and was not likely to occur in the speaker's life time.

Mr. B. Das as a well-wisher of industrial peace disapproved the Indian workers aping the methods employed by workers in advanced Western countries.

Mr. Morgan offered a few criticisms of the various clauses.

Mr. Giri said, workers doubted the 'bona fides' of the Government as they had never seriously attempted to use 1929 Act for the benefit of workers. The weapon of strike was the inherent right of workers. He warned Government that if any attempt was made to penalise political strike in a subject country like India, workers would all the more resist it. The only remedy in such case was greater political concession granted to the people.

SIR FRANK'S REPLY.

Sir Frank Noyce answered the various points raised in the debate and repudiated the suggestion that local government had used administrative power for breaking up strikes. He assured Mr. Morgan that his points had considerable force and would be given due consideration. He promised to give sympathetic consideration to the views expressed by other members.

The House agreed to the motion for circulation.

Sir Frank Noyce announced the Government agreement to allow both the Ajmere Durgah Management Bill and Dr. Deshmukh's Bill relating to Hindu Wife's right to inheritance be taken up on Friday, the former as passed by the Council of State and the latter on a motion for reference to Select Committee.

To-morrow will be holiday and the Assembly re-assembles on Thursday.—A.P.

South African Letter

Pt. Jawahar Compared With Wells

Former Has Something Of Latter's Gift Of Impartial Analysis But Not His Cynical Detachment

(From Our Correspondent.)

JOHANNESBURG, (By Mail).

The election of the two provincial councils of Transvaal and Orange Free State shows that the Nationalist Party led by Dr. Malan—the ex-Minister of the Interior made very poor show in the golden province of Transvaal securing only two seats out of 57 and a rather brave show in the O. F. State winning 6 seats out of 25. The Nationalists polled far too heavy a vote in the latter province although they won only six seats. This has created a suppressed stir in government circles although they outwardly proclaim a sweeping victory for the United Party.

MR. HOFMEYR ATTACKED

The Nationalist Party is not disheartened and carries on its persistent propaganda to vilify the Government, and to create a split in the ranks of the Fusionists. The chief oblation in this party warfare is none but the leader of the Union Government Delegation in India Mr. J. H. Hofmeyr, the Minister of the Interior.

Mr. C. R. Swart the unrepentent nationalist M.P., attacks Mr. Hofmeyr right and left in his latest contribution to the 'Sunday Express'. He says that Mr. Hofmeyr has skipped away to India after making a reassuring statement that there is room for the liberal people under the United Farty where "for two months he will have the opportunity of eating as much curry and rice as he craves and of being garlanded by Gandhi, Sastri and Sarojini Naidu."

Mr. Hofmeyr's only sin is "his opposition to General Hertzog's Native Bill", "his declaration of liberalism", "his attitude to the vexed question of colour" and the refusal 'to entertain the idea of prohibiting mixed marriages by law." Mr. Swart says that there is no chance of Mr. Hofmeyr's resigning as he is not of the stuff that leaders and martyrs are made of. He adds that 'as a politician he has not been a success, and as a leader he will never blossom forth. He has not it in him.'

INDIAN PROBLEM IN TRANSVAAL

Mr. Leslie Blackwell, M.P., who was also a member of the Asiatic Select Committee has contributed two articles to the local 'Star' on the Indian question in the Transvaal. The 'Star' has also written a lengthy leader on the subject. Coincidentally, Mr. Sturrock, M.P., spoke at Turffontein also on the same subject. All these collectively give a definite impression that the Government was fed up with the ever increasing intricacies of the Indian problem in the Gold Areas, the loopholes discovered everytime in the anti-Asiatic laws of the country and the never-ending process of legislating year after year. The Government was waiting for the suitable opportunity to reserve areas for occupation of Indians and it came during the last twelve months when the South African Indian Congress under an autocratic leadership waived its opposition to segregation and decided to come to terms with Mr. Hofmeyr.

MR. FREEMAN'S SCHEME

Mr. Maurice Freeman, an ex-Mayor of Johannesburg and Chairman of the Johannesburg Municipal Health Committee has adumbrated a scheme to expropriate the Malay Location and Vrededorp west of Delarey street to form a white township, removing the native population to Orlando and the coloured population at the proposed coloured township at Langlagate. There is no mention of the Indian population of this area, but it is clear that if a white township is formed, the large number of Indians residing there for years shall have to clear out to either the exempted areas where there is no room even to-day or to the Indian locations which might be built later. In any case, the Indians will suffer disastrously and will be thrown on the streets without any avenue of livelihood. It will require a strong and self-respecting effort on the part of the Indian Congress and the Agent-General to impress upon the Government the injustice of the scheme.

"THE BOOK OF FIRST RANK"

The 'Rand Daily Mail' (Johannesburg), publishes a long and interesting review of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru's autobiography—which is in great demand by the Indian readers of this country—. The reviewer places the book in the first rank and says: 'Nehru possesses something of Wells's gift for impartial self-analysis, though he lacks Wells's cold-blooded and sometimes cynical detachment. And his personality, with its combination of emotional mysticism and hard-headed commonsense, reminds one not unjustifiably of that revealed in the work of T. E. Lawrence". The reviewer also pays tribute to Nehru's idealism as well as to his comprehension of the European literature "which would put many a studios European to shame."

India should be proud of the three Indian cyclists Rustom Gandhi, Kaikee Kharas and Ratan Shroff who are on the cycle tour of the world. They have already paddled over 33,000 miles and reached South Africa last month. Interviewed by our correspondent, they related vividly their experiences and impressions of the countries they visited from Afghanistan to Turkey, from Istanbul to London and from Cairo to the golden city of Johannesburg. They are full of praise for the hospitality of Afghans, organisation and cleanliness of Germany and the splendour and beauty of Istanbul and Naples.

Their autograph book contains the signatures of almost all the rulers or dictators or presidents or prime ministers or governors of Western Asia, Europe and Africa. Significant and congratulatory messages include those of Sit. Subhas Bose, Sir Samuel Hoare, Mr. Ramsay MacDonald, Lord Wakefield of Hythe, King of Afghanistan and many world figures.

FASCISM AND CULTURE

((continued from page 6).

Fascist literati, in fact; and provided you are born a non-Aryan (the neo-scientists of the new race-science certify this), and are free from the taint of ideas of the 'decadent' principles of democracy and sing the praises of the gentlemen who run the show of the super-Israelites of the heavy industry, you are allowed to exist as, of course, vermin is allowed to exist.

A Pity!

What kind of culture could exist in this horrible atmosphere? What kind of creatures must these be who pursue 'culture' when the freedom of thought, the liberty towards which humanity has struggled, the right to call your soul your own, are denied to you? The European intellectuals have effectively exposed the cultural pretensions of fascism which they sum up as the dark ages envisaged by men like the Count of Keyserling that seem to have descended over the white race. The majority of these men and women, including a large number of creative artists find their very existence impossible.

Tenders For Sterling

On Tuesday, the 13th October, 1936, tenders to the amount of £15,250,000 at 1s. 6-1/8d. were received and allotted approximately 7 per cent.

£1,000,000 will be offered for tender on Monday the 19th October, 1936, on the same conditions as previously announced.

Sterling purchased by the Reserve Bank of India during the week ended 9th October, 1936, was £1,000,000.

Cheerful Tone In Share Bazar

Impressive Rise In Tata Steels

Prominent Jobbers Bid Up Prices

BOMBAY, October 13.

It is exactly after 100 days, the local share bazar displayed cheerful tone with active and impressive buying in Tata Steel shares.

Prominent jobbers were bidding up prices and it was freely said that shorts were covering their unprotected sales.

END OF DEADLOCK

This upward move was anticipated. Now there is an end of the deadlock and we will have active and wide markets. General public will come in and the market will once more be the chief spot of speculative enterprises.

Tata Steel Deferreds opened to-day at Rs. 733 and improved to Rs. 738-12. At this level the market ruled steady and offerings were readily absorbed by eager jobbers who had large buying orders. As soon as offerings dried up, there was active bidding up of prices and a further rise of Rs. 10 was reached with Deferreds quoted at Rs. 748-12. Again at this level, there appeared heavy realising which was taken up without any important setback and later to complete full buyings, there was renewed bidding up of prices and Deferreds were quoted at Rs. 760. During all this rise, Ordinary shares were quickly moving up and a fresh top was reached to-day at Rs. 193-8.

To-day's rise had salutory effect on other sections and prices moved up in sympathy with improvement in steel shares.

STEEL PRICES HARDENING

European political situation is full of anxiety but steady rise in prices of various kinds of steel as given out by us some weeks ago, was a clear indication of coming events.

BEARS LOSING GAME

Extensive shorts interest which is open in the market is responsible for the strong technical situation and now prices are moving up. It can be said that longs were cautious and supported the market in case of need. The devaluation of franc was feared to result in a big drop but the market was saved by powerful bulls. It appears that Bears are losing the game.

COMBINED EFFORT

The rise was mostly general in all sections. Even Government securities were firm. It will be seen that European political news has nothing to do with to-day's rise. There is effective co-operation either among various industries or among different operators as all speculative counters followed the rise in steel shares.

TEXTILE MILLS

BOMBAY, Oct. 13.

	Rs	as.
100 Ahm. Advance (Rs. 8)	273	12
500 Bombay Cotton	10	0
250 B'bay Dyeing (Rs. 25)	677	8
250 Bradbury	62	9
100 Century (nil)	131	4
100 Central India (Rs 4)	227	8
100 Colaba (nil)	126	14
100 Coorla	90	0
250 David	60	0
250 Dawn	287	8
1. E D. Sassoon (nil)	0	2 6
100 Finaly (nil)	101	4
100 Gokak (Rs. 2-8)	201	4
1000 Hindustan (Rs. 75)	1,620	0
100 Indore (nil)	38	2
100 Khatau (Rs. 2)	57	8
100 Kohinoor (Rs. 8)	228	2
250 Laxmi (Rs. 12-8)	520	0
100 Madhavji	6	0
250 Madras United	25	0
1000 Morarji (nil)	590	0
250 Model	35	0
50 Mysore (Rs 2)	85	10
200 New Great (nil)	130	10
100 Oosmanshahi (nil)	54	0
100 Phoenix (Rs 10)	262	8
25 Sassoon Silk (Rs. 2)	35	0
1,000 Sholapur (Rs. 50)	1800	0
50 Simplex (Re. 1/2)	66	4
100 Swadeshi (Rs. 4)	180	0
100 Swan (nil)	80	0
25 Tata (nil)	9	0
500 Vishnu (Rs. 50)	1127	8
1000 Western	737	8
BANKS		
50-100 Baroda (Rs. 2-8)	112	0
25-50 Central (As. 12)	35	0
500 Imperial (Rs. 30)	1577	8
125-500 I. Conty (Rs. 7-8)	390	0

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE

Bombay, Oct 13

Century (126/4) 130 131 128 131
Bombay Dyeing (664) 670 672 669 675 672 680 677
Kohinoor (224/6) 227 225 229 228
Central India (218/2) 225 223 226 225 228 227
New Great (125) 128 130
Simplex (63/12) 66/4
Swadeshi (174/6) 176 180
Bundi (35/4) 35/8 35/10 35/12
I Cement (476/4) 477 482 481 480/10
Punjab (25/2) 25/4
Shahabad (479/6) 480 483/12
Andhra (1638/12) 1641 1648 1647 1650 1652/8
Tata Hydro (183/12) 185
Tata Power (1542/8) 1548 1557 1553 1560 1557 1558
Tram Ord (156/4) 156/4
T Steel Defd (726/4) 731 737 735 748 743 752 760 759
T Steel Ord (186/8) 187/4 188/12 188/8 190/4 189/12 192/8 193/12 193/4
Tata Steel 2nd pref (172/4) 172/4 172/8
Bellapur (195) 197 199 198 203
B Steam (279/6) 280 281
B Burma (511/4) 515 518 516 522 518 522 521 520

50-100 India (Rs. 2-8)	134	0
100 Reserve Bank (Rs. 2-10)	139	8
5 Union (As. 4)	5	9 6
CEMENTS		
10 Bundi (Rs. 1/6)	36	12
70 Gwalior (Rs. 5)	127	8
160 Indian (Rs. 10 plus 3)	480	10
40 Katni Def. (35/1)	2060	0
100 Katni Ord. (Rs. 10+3)	345	0
75 Okha (Rs. 7)	271	4
10 Punjab (Rs. 12)	25	4
100 Shahabad (Rs. 15)	483	12
70 United (Rs. 2-8)	140	4
INSURANCE		
15-100 Jupitor (Rs. 12)	13	4
15-75 New India (Rs. 1-4)	44	10

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, Oct 13

2 3/4 per cent 1948/52 Loan 101/3
3 per cent 1951/54 104/3
3 per cent 1941 Bonds 104/14
3 1/2 per cent G P N Cash 100
3 1/2 per cent 1947/50 Loan 107/11
4 per cent 1943 Bonds 111/13
4 per cent 1960/70 Loan 1115/11
4 1/2 per cent 1955/60 Loan 120
3 per cent U P Bonds 100/6
5 per cent 1939/44 109/2
5 per cent 1940/43 Loan 112
5 1/2 per cent 1938/40 Loan 107/15

TAX FREES

5 per cent 1945/55 121/5
4 per cent 1958/63 Loan 113/2
5 1/2 per cent 1938 Mysore 107/9
5 per cent 1955 Mysore 125/8

CORPORATION DEBENTURES

4 per cent B P T 1974 112/2
4 per cent M Deb 1974 111/6
5 per cent M Deb 1959 120
6 per cent M deb 1954 132
6 per cent K P T 1956 132
6 1/2 per cent B I T 1937 103/8

Note:—3 1/2 per cent Government Paper opened to-day at Rs. 99/14 for the current settlement was declined to Rs. 99/13 but again rallied to Rs. 99/14. Next settlement quotes annas three lower.

200 Oriental (125)	5150	0
10-50 Vulcan (As. 8)	7	4
ELECTRIC		
100 Ahmedabad Old (6)	186	14
100 Andhra Valley (45)	1652	8
10 Ajmer (As. 4)	13	12
50 B'bay Tram (2-8)	156	14
100 Bombay Suburban	215	0
10 Broach	12	12
100 Karachi (4)	260	0
100 Poona (Rs. 4)	247	0
100 Surat (Rs. 3)	200	0
100 Tata Hydro (Rs. 5)	185	10
1000 Tata Power (Rs. 40)	1557	8
RAILWAYS		
500 Ahmedabad Prantij	916	4
100 C Province	99	4
100 Dhond Baramati	106	8
100 Gujarat	95	0
100 Mandra Bhon	103	4
100 Pachora Jamner	99	0
100 Sara Sirajgunje	101	12
500 Tapty Valley (17-8)	772	8
MININGS		
10 Shivrajpur (As. 8)	39	0
30 Tata Steel def. (Rs. 7-8)	759	6
75 Tata Steel Ord. (Rs. 6)	193	4
MISCELLANEOUS		
100 Alcock (Rs. 5)	235	10
50 Belapur Sugar (Rs. 10 plus 2)	203	12
250 B'bay Steam (Rs. 15)	281	4
50 B'bay Burma Con. (4)	520	0
8sh. Br. B. Petrol (nil)	5-9-9	
50 B Telephone (2-8) XD	114	4
100 Bleaching (Rs. 4)	121-4	
100 L. Radio defd. (12)	550	0
100 L. Radio ord. (15)	532	8
1000 Port Canning (Rs. 25)	602	8
16 Scindia (Re. 1)	16-10 XD	
30 Premier Const. (Re. 1-1)	82	4
25 Tata Oil (nil)	14	8
PREFERENCE		
7 p.c. Andhra Valley	1547	8
6 p.c. Bombay Steam	316	4
7 p.c. Bombay Trams	87	8
5 p.c. Central India	536	4
7 p.c. Katni 1st	136	4
7 p.c. Katni 2nd	146	4
7-1/2 p.c. Punjab Cement	13	0
7 p.c. Tata Hydro	158	12
7 ½ p.c. Tata Power	1610	0
6 p.c. Tata Steel 1st	201	4
7-1/2 p.c. Tata Steel 2nd	172	8
5½ p.c. Tata Mill	9	8
7 p.c. Vishnu	677	8

(Last Dividend in Brackets)

LIVERPOOL COTTON QUIET

Bombay Buying And Liquidation

TRADE CALLING

Bombay, Oct. 13.

On Monday American markets remained closed. The Liverpool cotton futures market opened at a decline of 3 points with March 6.60. There was scattered speculative buying and Bombay buying of distant months which met with hedging. Later on there was some hedge selling and scattered liquidation which met with trade calling and speculative buying of distant months. Prices fluctuated within a narrow range of 2 points March highest 6.61 and lowest 6.59. Finally the market closed at a net decline of 2 to 4 points. Middling American spot cotton prices were reduced 3 points at 6.84d. per lb.

INDIAN COTTON

East Indian cotton futures market was quiet and closed at a decline of 3 points. At the close October was quoted 5.41, January 5.39 and March 5.39.

EGYPTIAN COTTON

Egyptian cotton futures market was fairly steady and Sakels closed at a rise of 16 to 5 points with spot cotton 8 points up at 10.68d.

U. S. Weather Forecast

Eastern: Partly cloudy to unsettled.
Central: Fair in places but mostly unsettled.
Western: Cloudy and cooler.

Uppers futures closed one point down with spot cotton 4 points lower at 7.44d.

ALEXANDRIA MARKET

Under extensive buying Sakels futures registered a rise of 21 to 35 points in Alexandria cotton market on Monday. Ashmouni futures were 2 to 6 points down.

PRIVATE CABLES—

Liverpool March highest ..... 6.61—02
Liverpool March lowest ..... 6.59—04

Messrs. Patel Brothers have received the following cable from the New York Cotton Exchange Service:

Estimate world consumption August American 968,000; all 2,260,000. America: Mill position extremely favourable; sales equal current high production. England: Improved turnover. Continent: Prospects more favourable following devaluations. Japan: Selling current large output.

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co Ltd. have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends:

Liverpool: Market quiet and steady. Hedging light and nears steady owing to accumulation by Spot Houses. Bullish.

Liverpool: Market steady owing to strength of the Egyptian market. Market would have been better but for a moderate tender is expected to-morrow.

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, Oct 12

October	6.58—02
November	6.60—02
December	6.59—03
January	6.59—03
February	6.59—03
March	6.60—03
April	6.56—03
May	6.57—03
June	6.54—04
July	6.52—04
August	6.38—04
September	6.32—04
Middling Spot	6.84—03

To-day's 10-12 a.m. quotations

January	6.59
March	6.59

EGYPTIAN COTTON

Liverpool, Oct 12

F G F SAKELLARIDIS—

October	10.56
November	10.56
January	10.29
March	10.11
May	9.93
July	9.80
August	9.80
Middling Spot	10.68

INDIAN COTTON

Liverpool, Oct 12

BROACH—

Fully Good (Good staple)	5.58
Fine (Good staple)	5.73
Superfine (Good staple)	5.88
OOMRA—	
Fine (No. 1 staple)	5.59
Superfine (No. 1 staple)	5.74
Choice (No. 1 staple)	5.89
BENGAL—	
Good	4.49
Fully Good	4.59
Fine	4.71
Sellers	7 15/16

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, Oct 12

Rupee Paper 3 1/2 per cent	£74
Indian Stock 3 per cent 1948 or later	£88
Indian Stock 3 1/2 per cent 1931 or later	£99 1/8
Indian Stock 4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	£116 1/2
Consols 2 1/2 per cent	£85 3/8
Conversion Loan 3 1/2 per cent 1961	£108
War Loan 3 1/2 per cent 1952	£107 7/8
Funding Loan 4 per cent 1960/69	£117 1/4
Victory Bonds 4 per cent	£115 5/8
Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China	£15 1/4
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank (London reg)	£102 1/2
National Bank of India	£46 3/4
P and O Banking Corporation	£10

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, Oct. 13.

Following a decline of 3 points in Liverpool cotton futures, the local market opened to-day at Rs. 218/4 for Broach A/M, delivery and advanced to Rs. 219/4 on improved buying and covering by shorts. Later on there was some realising which depressed prices to Rs. 218/12 but the tone of the market was good.

The Liverpool market was due to open unchanged but it opened steady at a rise of 2 points. In the local market there was some improved buying and Broach A/M. was quoted at Rs. 219/4. The market closed at 5-30 p.m. as under:—

Broach A/M.	219 0
Oomra D/J.	196/4
Bengal D/J.	155/8

Cotton Teji Mandi

Bombay, Oct. 13.

Broach A/M.—
Yearly Teji Mandi Rs. 17 1/2
Yearly Teji on Rs. 240 Rs. 3 1/2
Yearly Teji on Rs. 250 Rs. 2 1/4
Yearly Mandi on Rs. 200 Rs. 3
Monthly Teji Mandi Rs. 3 1/2
Monthly Rs. 5 difference Teji Rs. 3/4
Monthly Rs. 5 difference Mandi Rs. 3/4
Monthly Rs. 10 difference Teji Rs. 1/4
Monthly Rs. 10 difference Mandi Rs. 1/4

Ready Cotton Quotations

Bombay, Oct 13

C P 1 Fine	207/209
C P 2 Fine	202/204
Arvi Fine	202/204
Ellichpur Fine	201/203
Berar Fine	200/202
Khamgaon Fine	200/201
Mulkapur Fine	199/200
Khandesh Fine	195/197
Jalna/Sailu Fine	197/199
Burwah Sanavad Fine	199/201
Mathia Fine	178/183
Broach	218/220
Dhollera	208/213
Punjab/American	203/208
Sindh-American	203/208
Cambodia	258/263
Compta	203/208
Westerns	203/208
Miraj	208/213
Jagadia Ankleshwar	238/243
Surat	246/250
Navsari	255/258

DRY ICE ON STOCK EXCHANGE

The Board of Directors of the Native Share and Stock Brokers' Association have allowed cash dealings in the shares of the Dry Ice Corporation of India Ltd.

Indian Cotton Figures

Bombay, Oct. 13.

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY.

Since 1st Sept.

In full-pressed Bales.

	2 days	This year.
Khandesh	...	62
Central India	55	3,458
Barsi and Nagar	103	1,724
Hyderabad-Gaorani	...	277
Berar	142	3,659
Central Provinces	...	768
Total Oomras	300	9,948
Dholera	...	926
N.-W. Provinces	...	353
Rajputana	27	808
Sind-Punjab	683	5,208
Broach	5	452
Coompta and Dharwar	126	3,622
Westerns-Northerns	...	2,627
Tinnevelly and Cambodia	...	408
Persian	...	5
American	...	919
Egyptian and African	243	13,561
Comilla, Burma and other sorts	...	1
Total	1,384	38,838

EXPORTS FROM BOMBAY.

1st. Sept. to 8th Oct.

In full-pressed Bailes.

	Yesterday	This year.
Europe	295	16,803
Japan and China	1,200	32,856
Coast Ports	...	789
Up-country by Rail	...	16,798
Afloat in harbour for Europe China and Japan	...	9,698
Total	1,495	76,944

Bombay Metals

Bombay, Oct 13

London market—	
Standard copper cash (buyers)	£40 5 0
Standard copper 3 months	£40 7 6
Electrolytic copper	£45 5 0
New York—	
Blue Eagle	9.85 cents.
Non-Blue Eagle	9.95 cents
Bombay market	
Yellow metal sheets	Rs. 33 12 0
Copper sheets	Rs. 41 12 0

Tone: Firm.

SHRI MAHAJAN ASSOCIATION LTD.

The following rates prevailed in the Market on 17th day of October 1936.

BROACH FULLY GOOD QUALITY VAIDAS.

Apr-May 1936-37

(B.T.)	
10-30	Rs. 217/8
12-30	Rs. 219
2-30	Rs. 219/4
4-30	Rs. 219

Apr-May

Highest	219/8
Lowest	217/8

LONDON DISCOUNT RATES

London, Oct 12

Bank Bills 3 months market rate 9/16 per cent to 5/8 per cent
Bank Bills 3 months market rate 5/8 per cent to 3/4 per cent
Fine Trade Bills 3 months market rate 2 per cent to 2 1/2 per cent
Fine Trade Bills 6 months market rate 2 1/2 per cent to 3 per cent
Interest day to day loan 1/2 per cent to 1/2 per cent
Interest 7 days' market loan 1/2 per cent

GOLD AND SILVER

Bombay, Oct. 13.

Yesterday London Gold prices improved ½d. to £7-1-11 and London —Paris Exchange rate was one point up at 105.10. Dollar-Sterling cross rate was quoted 4.90 13/16. London Silver market was idle with a small business and prices closed unchanged at 20d. Shanghai T. T. on London was quoted 1-2 13/32.

In the local market business was moderate and prices fluctuated within a narrow range. Silver was slightly better but Gold was quiet as under.—

	Gold	Silver
Ready	35 0 9	49 12 0
Aso	35 0 r	49 12 6
Kartaka	35 0 6	49 14 0

LONDON SILVER

London, Oct 12

Spot	20
Forward	20

LONDON GOLD

London, Oct 12

Gold Bars Fine per oz £7-1-11

INDIAN STERLING LOANS

London, Oct 12

3 per cent	88
3 1/2 per cent	99 1/8
3 1/2 per cent 1954/59	107 1/4
4 per cent 1948/53	111 1/4
4 1/2 per cent 1960/55	116 1/2
4 1/2 per cent 1958/68	119 1/2
5 per cent 1942/47	115 1/2
3 per cent 1949/52	101 3/4
2 1/2 per cent British Consols	85 3/8
3 1/2 per cent Conversion	108
3 1/2 per cent War Loan	107 7/8

Cotton Arrivals

	Bales.
Receipts into Bombay on 10th October	1,414
Receipts into Bombay to date since 1-9-1936	37,454
Receipts into Bombay same time last season	57,158
Decrease	19,704

Cotton Straddles

Broach Liverpool Parity.

Broach A/M	Rs. 217/8
Liverpool May	6.57
Difference	Rs. 68 1/4
Lp. Points	157

Forecast In U. S. A.

Further unwanted rains have fallen at the week-end in the Eastern Cotton Belt, which now appear to be clearing but conditions are becoming cool. Light frost is reported in Tennessee.—Reuter

Alexandria Cotton

Alexandria, Oct 12

SAKELS—	
November	17.34+35
January	17.17+23
April	16.74+21
ASHMOUNI—	
October	12.83—02
December	12.93—03
February	12.98—04
April	13.04—06

Egyptian Cotton Ginnings

Messrs. M and B Stern state:—

The Egyptian Ministry of Agriculture have issued the following ginning figures to end of September:—

Sakellaridis 26,800 Kantars, same period last year 18,500 Kantars.

Other descriptions—1,792,000 Kantars, same period last year 978,100 Kantars.

Should the difference between Uppers and Americans in Liverpool narrow further, we recommend purchases of Mar. Uppers against sales of March Liverpool.

C. P. CROP FORECASTS

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

NAGPUR, Oct. 11.

The first forecast of the rice crop of the Central Provinces and Berar for the season 1936-37 shows that sowings were made under favourable conditions and germination was successful everywhere though some re-sowing was necessary over small areas. The crop is everywhere in good condition and prospects are bright.

The total area sown in the Central Provinces and Berar together is estimated to be 5,640,742 acres and is greater than the corresponding and actual areas of last year by 29,747 and 51,522 acres, respectively.

JUAR CROP

The first forecast of the juar crop shows that sowings were made under favourable conditions and germination has been successful everywhere though a little resowing was required. The condition of the crop is so far satisfactory.

The total area sown in the C. P. and Berar together is estimated to be 4,077,985 acres, which is less than the actual area of last year by 3.5 per cent.

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, Oct 12

T T London on—	
New York closing rate	4.90 13/16
Paris	105.10
Berlin	12.19
Madrid	nominal 54.00
Amsterdam	9.22 1/32
Brussels	29.16
Milan	93.15
Berne	21.31
Prague	138.81

MONEY AND EXCHANGES

Bombay, Oct 13

A C RATES—	
T T D D	1/6 1/32
LONDON—	
Banks selling T T D D Oct December	1/6 3/32
Banks buying T T	1/6 5/32
Banks buying D D	1/6 5/32 3/16 Jan on
Banks buying 3 mos	1/6 3/16 7/32 Jan on
NEW YORK—	
B C Rate T T	273
Banks selling T T	271
Banks buying T T	268 3/4
PARIS—	
Banks selling T T	787
Banks buying T T	802
JAPAN—	
Banks selling T T	77 1/2
Banks buying T T	77 1/4
AMSTERDAM—	
Banks selling D D	69
JAVA—	
Banks selling D D	68 5/8
HONGKONG—	
Banks selling D D	83 3/8
SHANGHAI—	
Banks selling D D	80 1/2
SINGAPORE—	
Banks selling D D	156 1/4
BERLIN—	
Banks selling D D	91
CROSS RATE—	
New York London 12th instant	closed
Japan London 13th instant	1/2 1/32
Java London 13th instant	9.16 1/2
Hongkong London 13th instant	1/3
Shanghai London 13th instant	1/2 13/32
London Paris 12th instant	105.10
London Belgium 12th instant	19.16
London Switzerland 12th instant	21.31
London Berlin 12th instant	12.19
London Stockholm 12th instant	19.39 1/2
London New York 12th instant	4.90 13/16
London Amsterdam 12th instant	9.21

Tone of Sterling Exchange: Steady.

Gold 10th instant	£7-1-10 1/2
Gold 12th instant	£7-1-11
Silver London Ready 10th instant	20
12th instant	20
Silver London Forward 10th instant	20
12th instant	20
Silver New York Ready. 10th instant	45
12th instant	45
London Discounts 3 Mos 10th instant	5/8 p.c.
12th instant	5/8 p.c.
London Discount 6 Mos 10th instant	3/4 p.c.
12th instant	3/4 p.c.
Reserve Bank Rate	2 p.c.
Bank of England Rate	2 p.c.

Money:—

Call	1/2 p.c
3 Mos.	3/4 p.c.
6 Mos	1 p.c.

Tone:—Easy.

LINSEED OIL

London, Oct 12

Linseed Oil naked London per cwt Oct sellers	24/1 1/2
Linseed Oil naked London per cwt Nov Dec sellers	24/3

LONDON RUBBER

London, Oct 12

Smoked Sheet Standard ribbed per lb

LONDON PRODUCE

London, Oct 12

Wheat Rozario Santa Fe Jan Feb sellers	36/9
Wheat Barletta Russo Jan Feb sellers	36/9
Wheat South Australian Unquoted.	

NEW YORK COFFEE

New York, Oct 12

Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality)	closed

LONDON SEEDS

London, Oct 12

Linseed La Plata Hull c.i.f. October sellers	£11-7-6
Linseed Calcutta London c.i.f. Oct Nov sellers	£13-3-9
Linseed Bombay London c.i.f. Oct Nov sellers	£13-8-9
Rapeseed Toria, Hull/Cont c.i.f. Oct Nov sellers	£12-17-6
Castorseed Bombay Hull c.i.f. Oct Nov sellers	£13-2-6

NEW YORK COTTON WEEKLY STATISTICS (in 1,000's)

New York: October 9:—

	Season to-date	This week	Season 1935-36
Total in sight (excluding linters)	3,847	671	3,764
Forwarded to American Mills including Canada and other America (excluding linters)	1,222	208	954
Exports from U S Ports	989	183	900
Of which to Japan	238	33	218
Of which to China	1	—	6
Of which to Great Britain	228	32	183
Of which to Germany	138	19	137
Stocks at New York	—	—	—
Stocks at U S Ports	—	2,137	—
Stocks at U S interior towns	—	1,979	—
World's Visible supply	—	4,935	—
Of which American Cotton	—	5,169	—
Forwarded to World's Mills (excluding linters	1,930	315	1,815
Receipts at U S Ports	2,104	341	2,116

LIVERPOOL WEEKLY COTTON STATISTICS (in 1,000's)

Total forwarded	500	56	448
East Indian forwarded	73	3	56
Total Stock	—	741	—
East Indian Stock	—	74	—

BOMBAY COTTON STATISTICS.

Receipts from 1st September 1936 to 8th October 1936	33,642

MOST SATISFACTORY COTTON SEASON

Mr. John C. Botts, President of the New York cotton Exchange states:—

"The outlook for the cotton trade as I see it, fully warrants the feeling of optimism now prevalent throughout the industry, and I confidently look forward to the most satisfactory season experienced for a number of years. The excessive supply of raw cotton which has been largely responsible for the unfavourable conditions existing for several seasons, has now been substantially reduced and this year's production, according to present indications, will at best be of moderate size, and perhaps small, if later growing conditions do not show a decided change for the better. With prices allowed to seek their natural level, based on supply and demand there will be no reason to expect foreign buyer resistance as noted during the period of the Government loans. Our foreign trade should be aided by the reciprocal treaties already in force and others in the process of formulation. It is quite encouraging to note the trend toward the removal of international trade restrictions which should be particularly helpful in hastening the restoration of our more normal participation in the world cotton trade."—From "Commerce and Finance."

Wheat And Linseed

Bombay, Oct. 13.

Yesterday Liverpool opened firm in response to firmness of foreign cables and dearer shippers' offers. Australian weather continues dominating factor, on the weekend reports of frost damage and urgent need of rains contributed to the firmness Later cable from Buenos Ayres reads, general light rains have fallen in Pampo and Buenos Ayres except in the north averaging 1/3rd of an inch. Weather is unsettled and warm. More rains are expected in the cereal zone. The local market was fairly firm with an active buying. Wheat prices firmed on improved demand and covering.

Linseed May	7	4	9
Wheat Jan	5	11	3
Wheat May	5	4	3

Osaka Sampin

Osaka, Oct 13

October	213.30+10
December	207.10+10
January	206.10+20
February	205.00+30
April	204.50+10

Liverpool Wheat

Liverpool, Oct 13

October	102 7/8d.
December	101 1/2d.
March	95 3/4d.

Produce Receipts

Bombay, Oct 13

Wheat	7,232 cwts.
Linseed	116 cwts.
Rape, Rai and Mustard seeds	17 cwts.
Gingellyseed	29 cwts.
Groundnuts	420 cwts
Rice	1,590 cwts.
Myrabollams	2,051 cwts.
Cottonseed	2,056 cwts.
Gram	1,014 cwts.
Joowar	168 cwts.
Maize	7 cwts.
Barley	344 cwts.
Bajree	198 cwts.
Indian sugar	4,781 cwts.
Coal	752 tons.

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES

F.P. Bales.	1936-37	1935-36
Receipts to date 12-10-36	2162000	2139000
Receipts Yesterday 12-10-36	—	28000
Exports to date 12-10-36	1008000	934000
Stock at Ports 9-10-36	2137000	2185000
Stock at Interior Towns 9-10-36	1979000	991000
Stock at Liverpool 9-10-36	741000	421000
Visible Supply 9-10-36	5169000	5055000
Quantity in sight 9-10-36	3847000	3764000
Quantity out of sight 9-10-36	1930000	1815000

Same period last year		47,746
Exports from 1st September 1936 to 8th October 1936.	1936-37	1935-36
United Kingdom	1,726	1,584
Continent	15,047	27,383
China	2,000	1,500
Japan	30,856	64,526
Coast Ports	789	2,619
U. S. A.	30	75
	50,448	97,687
Total exports by Rail from 1st September 1936 to 8th October 1936		16,798
Estimated Mill Consumption in Bombay from 1st September 1936 to 8th October 1936		73,384
Same period last season		75,459
Estimated stock of raw cotton held by Exporters Dealers and Mills on 8th October 1936		669,439
Same time last season		432,718

KARACHI STATISTICS

Total receipts from Up-country from 1st September to 1st October 1936		114,219
Same time last year		104,188
Total cotton shipped from 1st to 24th September 1936		54,072
Same period last season		36,629

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REGD. NO. B. 1067

The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHIROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 14, 1936

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Crime To Listen To Jawahar's Speech!

Patwaris And Court Peons Suspended

CONGRESS PRESIDENT'S RECEPTION ECHO

Victimised Persons Accused Of Participation In Meeting

(From Our Correspondent)

ALLAHABAD, Oct. 13.

According to an unconfirmed report received here, eleven Patwaris and two Court peons, have been suspended as a result of their participation in a village meeting held in Aligarh District and which was addressed by Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Congress President, sometime ago.

(The "National Call" of Delhi has published, in yesterday's issue, the following report from its correspondent, under date, Aligarh, Oct. 11:

Eleven 'patwaris' and two court peons of Khair (Aligarh) have been suspended as a result of Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru's visit to Khair and their alleged participation in the meeting addressed by him.

The suspension has caused great flutter in the public specially amongst the Congress Circle and this action is construed by the Congressmen as one of the steps to suppress the Congress influence).

Delegates to the Second Session of the Maharashtra Youth Conference, which was held at Poona last week-end, arrive at the Pandal to attend one of the meetings.

CONGRESS PRESIDENT AT GOKULUM HARIJAN COLONY: (From left) Mr. S. Satyamurti, Mr. Shankarnarayana Iyer (Founder of the Colony), Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru and Srimati Subbulaksmi (Musical Directress and Mistress), with some of the Harijan boys and girls.

BRISK ENROLMENT OF CONGRESSMEN IN KARAD TALUKA

Praiseworthy Work Of Sjt. Appa Saheb Altekar And Associates

(From A Special Correspondent.)

KARAD, Oct. 13.

Karad is an important Tuluka in Satara District. It has got 102 villages. Mr. Sadashiv Khando alias Appa Saheb Altekar a veteran Congressman, who gave up practice in the Non-Co-operation days of 1921, conceived two months ago the idea of leaving no village in the Taluka without a Congressman. The President of the Taluka Congress Committee was ill and the Secretary was away in the Nagar District in the Congress volunteer's camp. Mr. Altekar, who as the President of the Dt. Congress Committee, had travelled through the Taluka, divided the Taluka in six different groups under the supervision of six enthusiastic Congressmen Mr. Altekar himself being in charge of one big group. He visited six big villages in the Taluka and delivered lectures there on the coming Congress session at Faizpur. In some big villages such as Masure and Indoli, he succeeded in enlisting more than 75 Congress members, while in other less big villages such as Charegaon and Umbraj, he could enlist 25 members. In Kole, Kale and Shirgam, etc., he could enlist only ten members.

As September was nearing its end there was no time for arranging public lectures and agriculturists also were busy in the fields. Mr. Altekar was pressed to stay a day more wherever he went, but he could not do so owing to want of time. He began rather late. Next year the beginning to enlist member should be made just after returning from the Fazepur Congress. Some small villages have got two on three members, while some distant small villages have got only one member. But there is not a single village in Karod Taluka without a Congress member. The credit of this is due to Mr. Altekar who at the age of 66, undertook the hard task, and some times even walked on foot under scorching sun and heavy down pour of rain, and accomplished the difficult task. The credit is equally due to his energetic co-workers who worked day and night in visiting some distant villages. There is no time for other talukas in the Satara District to make a similar attempt now, but it is hoped, the other ten talukas of the District would imitate the example of Karad Taluka next year. The number of all Congress members in the Taluka will be about 800 Karad town enlisting 300.

Gandhi Jayanti meeting held in the "C" Ward Congress Committee Office on Monday evening, when Mrs. Perinben Captain presided.

GANDHIJI TO LAY FOUNDATION OF HARIJAN COLONY

(From Our Correspondent).

ALLAHABAD: Oct. 13.

Mahatma Gandhi, who is coming here on 23rd on a brief visit, has been requested by Munshi Iswar Saran, President, Harijan Sewak Sangh, to find time to lay the foundation-stone of the Harijan Colony at Chandpur, Salori village, near Allahabad.

Among the recent donors to the funds for the Colony are: Sir Aubery Metcalfe, Foreign Secretary to the Government of India Rs. 71 and Mr. Hobart, Commissioner, Gorakhpur Division £1.

Educational Commissioner Of Govt. Of India

(From Our Correspondent).

ALLAHABAD: Oct. 13.

It is understood the question of the appointment of Educational Commissioner to Government of India is engaging the attention of the Government. Officers whose cases are reported to be under consideration in this connection are: the Punjab Director of Public Instruction and Mr. Harrop, the retiring Director of Public Instruction, U.P.

It is reported that both of these officers were interviewed recently by the Viceroy and it is surmised the interview was in this connection.

Craik Pats Andaman Administration

PRISONERS BRING 'FLU FROM BENGAL

But Govt. Is Convinced That Health Of Prisoners Is Better Than Elsewhere

(From Our Correspondent.)

SIMLA, Oct. 13.

In the Assembly Mr. L. K. Maitra referring to Home Member's previous reply regarding the condition of health of political prisoners on the 'Cellular Jail' in the Andamans inquired how the prisoners came to have fracture of multiple injuries, and contusion, sprain, wounds, abrasion and burns while in jail.

Sir H. Craik replied I have no information as to how the prisoners received the injuries. The accidents probably happened either at play (football etc) or at work in the sheds or kitchen.

Mr. Maitra: In view of the prevalence amongst the prisoners of pneumonia and other diseases, do Government propose to provide them with sufficient warm clothing and make the cells sufficiently damp—proof and more sanitary? THEY BROUGHT IT WITH THEM

Sir Henry: The statement does not warrant the view that pneumonia, bronchitis, bronchial asthma and rheumatism are prevalent among the prisoners. As regards influenza, experience has been that each batch of prisoners from Calcutta brought influenza with them. There has, however, been notable decrease in influenza cases and adequate clothing is provided for the prisoners. The cells have good ventilation and are free from damp, and sanitary arrangements in the Jail are satisfactory. A large majority of malaria cases are recurrences of old infection. The Hon. Member is quite incorrect in assuming that malaria is on the increase. On the contrary the percentage of convicts, suffering from malaria, has very much decreased. This improvement has been achieved by draining the swamps and by careful medical treatment of prisoners. There are no patients in the Jail who have been suffering from pulmonary tuberculosis from 1933. The very few prisoners who suffered from this disease were sent back to India. All had an unsatisfactory record of health before they were sent to the Andamans.

Sir H. Craik added: There is no increase in disease, if increase in the number of prisoners is taken into consideration. In the period under review the number of prisoners has risen from about 160 to nearly 300. Many of the ailments, that is, dyspepsia and coryza, which account for a large number of cases are trivial. Health figure in the Cellular jail compare very favourably with those jails in Bengal, whence most of the prisoners come. Government are satisfied that the health of prisoners in the Cellular Jail is a credit to the administration.

The next session of the All-India Homoeopathic Medical Conference will be held at Lahore, on 29th, 30th and 31st December, 1936, and a strong reception committee has been formed with Dr. K. C. Hiteshi as its President and Dr. R. D. Ghazi as General Secretary.

EDGAR WALLACE'S DETECTIVE STORY DAY BY DAY

Inspector Wade—

Mystery Of The "Red Aces"

WHY, TH' PLACE IS EMPTY---
MACHFIELD GONE!— WADE GONE!— WHERE CAN THEY--
-- OH!—
WADE!— WHAT HAPPENED?—
-- WHY IS YOUR FACE SO PALE?---
LYMAN ANDERSON
THERE IS NO ANSWER--- DONAVAN STARES AT HIS HAND, WET WITH WADE'S LIFE-BLOOD----
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